KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED and its Subsidiaries

Interim Financial statements

For the three-month and six-month periods ended

30 June 2025

and

Independent Auditor's Report

KPMG

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED

Audit Report

Opinion

I have audited the interim consolidated and the Bank-only financial statements of KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED and its subsidiaries ("the Bank and its subsidiaries"), and of KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED ("the Bank"), respectively, which comprise the consolidated and the Bank-only statements of financial position as at 30 June 2025, the consolidated and the Bank-only statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended and notes, comprising a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the accompanying interim consolidated and the Bank-only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Bank and its subsidiaries and of the Bank, respectively, as at 30 June 2025 and their financial performance and cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards (TFRSs) and the regulations of the Bank of Thailand.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing (TSAs). My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the interim Consolidated and the Bank-only Financial Statements* section of my report. I am independent of the Bank and its subsidiaries and of the Bank in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants including Independence Standards issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions (Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants) that are relevant to my audit of the interim consolidated and the Bank-only financial statements, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.



Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, were of most significance in my audit of the interim consolidated and the Bank-only financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of my audit of the interim consolidated and the Bank-only financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on these matters

Allowance for expected credit loss on loans to customers

For disclosures related to credit risk, loans to customers and allowance for expected credit loss, refer to notes to interim consolidated and the Bank-only financial statements 4.2.2), 5, 14 and 16

The Key Audit Matter

As at 30 June 2025, loans to customers represented 55.64% and 64.51% of interim consolidated and the Bank-only total assets respectively, against which an allowance for expected credit losses of Baht 138,691 million and Baht 128,982 million respectively was provided.

Thai Financial Reporting Standard 9 - Financial Instruments requires the Bank and its subsidiaries to estimate and recognize the impairment of loans to customers using an Expected Credit Loss ('ECL") approach. Management's estimation of ECL on loans to customers measured at amortized cost is based on complex credit models which are dependent on significant management judgements and estimates including the criteria for identifying significant increase in credit risk (SICR), the assessment of probabilities of default (PD), loss given default (LGD) and exposure at default (EAD), the use of macroeconomic factors and qualitative adjustments including the management overlay. In particular, the ongoing economic situation adds further complexity to management's estimation process. Accordingly, it is considered a Key Audit Matter.

How the matter was addressed in my audit

In planning my audit procedures I performed a risk assessment by considering internal and external factors which could affect the performance of individual customers, industry sectors or customer segments, or which could influence the judgments and estimates.

My audit procedures included testing the design and operating effectiveness of selected controls responding to key elements of risk in the credit and impairment process. In particular, I assessed the key controls over the assessment of PD, LGD and EAD assumptions and the development of SICR, macroeconomic factor and qualitative adjustment.

I performed credit review procedures for a sample of loans, including a detailed review of the individual credit profile and other relevant information, from which I formed my own independent assessment. My sample included individually large exposures, loans subject to restructuring and reschedule as well as a selection of loans identified in my risk assessment.

For staging and identification of credit exposures with SICR, I assessed and tested the reasonableness of the transfer criteria applied by the Bank and its subsidiaries for different types of credit exposures. I evaluated if the transfer criteria are consistent with the Bank and its subsidiaries' credit risk management practices.



For the measurement of ECL, I assessed and tested the reasonableness of the Bank and its subsidiaries' ECL models, including model input, model design and model performance for significant portfolios. I assessed the reasonableness of macroeconomic factors used and probability-weighted multiple scenarios.

I assessed methodology and data used by the management in the identification and estimation of qualitative adjustments.

I involved our financial risk management specialists in the performance of these procedures where their specific expertise was required including assessment of assumptions and method to derive model parameters.

I involved with IT specialist to test completeness and accuracy of underlying data.

I assessed whether the financial statement disclosures are adequate and appropriately reflect the Bank and its subsidiaries' exposures to credit risk in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards and the regulations of Bank of Thailand.

Valuation of financial instruments in the statements of financial position

For disclosures related to financial instruments and fair values, refer to notes to interim consolidated and the Bank-only financial statements 4.13, 5 and 29

The Key Audit Matter

As at 30 June 2025, financial instruments recorded at fair value in the interim consolidated financial statements amounted to Baht 1,129,485 million for assets and Baht 92,341 million for liabilities. In the Bank-only financial statements, these two accounts amounted to 449,844 million and Baht 93,256 million respectively.

Of these amounts, as at 30 June 2025, financial assets and liabilities designated at level 2 and 3 fair value in the interim consolidated financial statements amounted to Baht 1,033,781 million and Baht 92,338 million respectively, and in the Bank-only interim financial statements, they amounted to Baht 435,715 million and Baht 93,256 million respectively, for which the fair value is based upon inputs other than quoted prices in active markets or valuation techniques incorporating those inputs. Therefore, judgment is applied in the estimation of fair values. This can lead to a higher risk that the amounts of financial instruments shown in the statement of financial position may be mispriced. Accordingly, it is considered a Key Audit Matter.



How the matter was addressed in my audit

In planning my audit procedures, I performed a risk assessment by considering the factors which could affect the fair value of financial instruments, both in terms of the inputs used for valuation and the appropriateness of valuation techniques applied.

For financial instruments I checked for a selection that pricing inputs, for example interest rate, foreign exchange rate, and equity price, used were externally sourced and were correctly input into pricing models. I used my own valuation specialists to assess that the models were appropriate, and they valued a selection of the Bank and its subsidiaries' equity securities, debt securities, and derivative positions independently and compared their valuation to the Bank and its subsidiaries' valuation.

I assessed whether the financial statement disclosures are adequate in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards and the regulations of Bank of Thailand.

Insurance liabilities of remaining coverage and transition

For disclosures related to insurance liabilities of remaining coverage and transition, refer to notes to interim consolidated financial statements 4.12, 5 and 26.

The Key Audit Matter

As at 30 June 2025, 31 December 2024 and 1 January 2024, Insurance liabilities for remaining coverage recorded in the interim consolidated financial statements amounted to Baht 537,376 million, Baht 524,863 million and Baht 508,474 million respectively.

The liabilities for remaining coverage which are measured as the total of fulfilment cash flows ("FCF") and contractual service margin ("CSM"), involves significant management judgements and estimates about relevance assumptions, as well as application of appropriate complex actuarial valuation methodologies and related uncertain future outcomes to the measurement at reporting date either market variables and non-market variables. FCF and CSM are subjected to significant estimation uncertainty and associate with significant inherent risk.

The transition to TFRS 17 insurance contract, effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025, has resulted in significant changes to the financial statements with the fair value approach. The determination of fair value for the CSM on transition to TFRS 17 required significant judgment of management of the subsidiary in making estimates and assumptions.

The valuation of insurance contract liability of remaining coverage and transition are based on actuarial methodologies and assumptions that involve significant judgments which could materially affect the amount of the recorded liability and expense. Accordingly, it is considered a Key Audit Matter.



How the matter was addressed in my audit

In planning my audit procedures, I performed a risk assessment by considering factors which could affect the major valuation assumptions and controls framework by obtaining an understanding, evaluating the design, and implementation. My audit procedures include operating effectiveness of selection actuarial assumptions, testing of the significant data inputs and the valuation process.

Audit procedures include the involvement of actuarial specialists in respect of assessments of the methodology and assumptions used in calculating FCF. In determination of the appropriateness of the selected actuarial methodologies and assumptions used in valuing remaining coverage liabilities, the actuarial specialists conducted an independent recalculation of selected samples. The major assumptions include market variables such as investment returns and discount rates and non-market variables such as mortality, morbidity and persistency.

I considered the reasonableness of the discount rate adopted, projected cash flows, and of the assumptions adopted in the context of the subsidiary's experience, specific product features and industry practice. The discount rates adopted by subsidiary management are consistent with market practice.

Specifically for Transition to TFRS 17, I evaluated the subsidiary management's accounting policies and methodology papers in comparison with the requirement of TFRS 17, particularly in the key judgment areas, I assessed management's judgements in respect of the application of transition approaches, including the impracticability of applying full retrospective approach. my audit procedures include testing the operating effectiveness of the subsidiary company's controls over accounting policies, application of transitional approach and completeness, accuracy and relevance of data used. In audit procedures over the fair value approach, I compare the assumptions and calculations to the requirements of TFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement. I considered the adequacy of financial statements disclosures in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Interim Consolidated and the Bank-only Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the interim consolidated and the Bank-only financial statements in accordance with TFRSs and the regulations of Bank of Thailand, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of interim consolidated and the Bank-only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the interim consolidated and the Bank-only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank and its subsidiaries' and the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank and its subsidiaries and the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Bank and its subsidiaries' and the Bank's financial reporting process.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Interim Consolidated and the Bank-only Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the interim consolidated and the Bank-only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with TSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these interim consolidated and the Bank-only financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with TSAs, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the interim consolidated and the Bank-only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bank and its subsidiaries' and of the Bank's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank and its subsidiaries' and the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the interim consolidated and the Bank-only financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank and its subsidiaries and the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the interim consolidated and the Bank-only financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the interim consolidated and the Bank-only financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



Plan and perform audit of the Bank and its subsidiaries and of the Bank to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence
regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Bank and its subsidiaries as a basis for
forming an opinion on the interim consolidated financial statements. I am responsible for the direction, supervision and
review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit opinion.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, I determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the interim consolidated and the Bank-only financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. I describe these matters in my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Review Report

I have also reviewed the accompanying interim consolidated and the Bank-only statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the three-month period ended 30 June 2025 of KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED and its subsidiaries, and of KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED, respectively. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim consolidated and the Bank-only statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" and the regulations of the Bank of Thailand. My responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim consolidated and the Bank-only statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income based on my review.

Scope of Review

I conducted my review in accordance with the Thai Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable me to obtain assurance that I would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, I do not express an audit opinion.



Conclusion

Based on my review, nothing has come to my attention that causes me to believe that the accompanying interim consolidated and the Bank-only statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the three-month period ended 30 June 2025 are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" and the regulations of the Bank of Thailand.

Sperol.

(Sureerat Thongarunsang)
Certified Public Accountant
Registration No. 4409

KPMG Phoomchai Audit Ltd. Bangkok 28 August 2025

KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Thousand Baht

	•		Consolidated	The	Bank	
		30 June 2025	31 December 2024	1 January 2024	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
	Note		(Restated)	(Restated)		
ASSETS	•					
Cash		36,040,805	46,021,380	48,689,687	35,710,618	45,675,851
Interbank and money market items - net	9	525,516,463	522,728,943	569,008,240	531,291,276	526,134,390
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	10	54,257,514	61,088,146	47,849,645	24,537,705	33,786,430
Derivative assets	11	51,302,438	53,117,135	44,697,550	45,026,116	47,363,687
Investments - net	12	1,158,731,049	1,060,619,936	971,406,511	487,899,146	407,633,985
Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures - net	13	13,511,488	13,070,984	11,279,267	99,128,221	90,694,727
Loans to customers and accrued interest receivables - net	14	2,313,767,170	2,368,649,231	2,350,085,895	2,217,128,146	2,269,660,887
Properties foreclosed - net	17	57,356,562	54,719,954	54,752,757	55,695,981	53,918,612
Premises and equipment - net	18	60,419,703	59,431,352	59,945,507	45,932,098	44,555,012
Goodwill and other intangible assets - net	19	31,182,759	30,469,210	28,405,107	19,195,515	18,538,870
Deferred tax assets	20	7,492,924	8,915,653	9,240,632	5,252,113	6,698,387
Other assets - net		65,229,568	62,122,439	68,480,860	41,637,437	41,229,402
Total Assets		4,374,808,443	4,340,954,363	4,263,841,658	3,608,434,372	3,585,890,240

KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Thousand Baht

				Thousand Baht		
			Consolidated		The	Bank
		30 June 2025	31 December 2024	1 January 2024	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
	Note		(Restated)	(Restated)		
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
Deposits	21	2,719,854,904	2,718,675,016	2,699,562,045	2,685,918,671	2,679,405,654
Interbank and money market items	22	180,102,012	172,144,373	179,206,713	173,707,449	161,696,929
Liabilities payable on demand		31,898,664	30,458,532	31,119,145	31,953,757	30,458,532
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss	23	390,244	124,596	364,126	-	-
Derivative liabilities	11	38,658,785	41,340,623	42,061,983	39,789,091	42,038,266
Debts issued and borrowings	24	66,226,862	67,333,978	81,572,464	56,501,948	57,111,652
Provisions	25	40,474,072	37,518,237	33,798,704	37,039,507	34,208,256
Deferred tax liabilities	20	5,171,744	5,257,057	956,610	-	-
Insurance contract liabilities	26	537,376,220	524,863,340	508,473,585	-	-
Other liabilities		100,491,457	97,576,382	88,141,335	71,403,937	73,239,703
Total Liabilities		3,720,644,964	3,695,292,134	3,665,256,710	3,096,314,360	3,078,158,992
Equity						
Share capital						
Authorized share capital						
3,024,682,097 common shares, Baht 10 par value		30,246,821	30,246,821	30,246,821	30,246,821	30,246,821
Issued and paid-up share capital						
2,369,327,593 common shares, Baht 10 par value		23,693,276	23,693,276	23,693,276	23,693,276	23,693,276
Premium on common shares		18,103,110	18,103,110	18,103,110	18,103,110	18,103,110
Other equity instruments	31	15,549,174	15,549,174	15,549,174	15,549,174	15,549,174
Other reserves		30,810,789	26,048,311	19,905,466	27,626,479	21,847,906
Retained earnings						
Appropriated						
Legal reserve	32	3,050,000	3,050,000	3,050,000	3,050,000	3,050,000
Unappropriated		482,124,488	482,281,675	452,654,649	424,097,973	425,487,782
Total Equity attributable to equity holders of the Bank		573,330,837	568,725,546	532,955,675	512,120,012	507,731,248
Non-controlling interests		80,832,642	76,936,683	65,629,273	-	-
Total Equity		654,163,479	645,662,229	598,584,948	512,120,012	507,731,248
Total Liabilities and Equity		4,374,808,443	4,340,954,363	4,263,841,658	3,608,434,372	3,585,890,240

(Ms. Kattiya Indaravijaya)

Director and Chief Executive Officer

(UNAUDITED)

Thousand Baht

	_	Consolidated		The Bank			
	_	For the three-month per	riod ended 30 June	For the three-month period	od ended 30 June		
	_	2025	2024	2025	2024		
	Note		(Restated)				
Interest income	40	43,938,109	47,426,095	36,845,775	40,020,597		
Interest expenses	41	9,282,839	10,298,102	8,627,560	9,528,768		
Interest income - net	_	34,655,270	37,127,993	28,218,215	30,491,829		
Fees and service income		13,080,245	12,643,110	11,960,646	11,752,391		
Fees and service expenses		4,864,638	4,526,830	4,728,719	4,287,962		
Fees and service income - net	42	8,215,607	8,116,280	7,231,927	7,464,429		
Gain on financial instrument measured at fair value through profit or loss	43	3,573,427	3,190,614	2,970,135	2,810,630		
Gain (Loss) on investments	44	319,126	(12,400)	294,041	(15,281)		
Share of profit from investments using equity method		218,304	226,963	-	-		
Dividend income		1,055,870	1,162,912	2,380,615	2,290,031		
Insurance service result	45	3,967,427	3,794,237	-	-		
Other operating income		766,024	863,503	1,089,084	1,391,499		
Total operating income	_	52,771,055	54,470,102	42,184,017	44,433,137		
Net insurance finance expenses		4,171,400	3,981,733	-	-		
Total operating income - net	_	48,599,655	50,488,369	42,184,017	44,433,137		
Other operating expenses							
Employee expenses		10,328,932	10,060,266	7,185,163	6,857,601		
Directors' remuneration		144,003	117,700	108,343	83,620		
Premises and equipment expenses		2,750,848	2,828,253	3,067,017	3,261,729		
Taxes and duties		1,433,280	1,662,456	1,385,111	1,587,889		
Others		6,146,516	6,490,507	5,825,764	6,091,809		
Total other operating expenses	_	20,803,579	21,159,182	17,571,398	17,882,648		
Expected credit loss	46	10,049,657	11,672,465	9,630,642	11,133,158		
Operating profit before income tax expense	_	17,746,419	17,656,722	14,981,977	15,417,331		
Income tax expense	47	3,482,385	3,376,905	2,470,824	2,543,954		
Net profit	_	14,264,034	14,279,817	12,511,153	12,873,377		
	-						

(UNAUDITED)

Thousand Baht

		Consoli	dated	The Bank			
	-	For the three-month pe	eriod ended 30 June	For the three-month period	od ended 30 June		
		2025	2024	2025	2024		
	Note		(Restated)				
Other comprehensive income	-	-					
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss							
Gain (Loss) on investments in debt instruments measured at fair value through							
other comprehensive income		27,377,963	(11,191,703)	3,345,331	(628,922)		
Loss on cash flow hedges		(295,457)	(806,473)	(495,977)	(225,028)		
(Loss) Gain arising from translating the financial statements of a foreign operation	on	(693,805)	97,720	(693,333)	198,326		
Finance (expenses) income from insurance contracts		(18,881,831)	9,109,901	-	-		
Income taxes relating to components of other comprehensive income		(1,493,466)	542,820	(431,204)	131,125		
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss							
(Loss) Gain on investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through	jh						
other comprehensive income		(423,064)	(3,972,699)	120,141	(410,363)		
Actuarial loss (gain) on defined benefit plans	25	(1,248,988)	601,084	(1,248,988)	601,084		
Income taxes relating to components of other comprehensive income		164,755	465,665	225,769	(38,144)		
Total other comprehensive income - net	-	4,506,107	(5,153,685)	821,739	(371,922)		
Total comprehensive income	-	18,770,141	9,126,132	13,332,892	12,501,455		
Net profit attributable to :	-						
Equity holders of the Bank		12,488,192	12,896,003	12,511,153	12,873,377		
Non-controlling interests		1,775,842	1,383,814	-	-		
Total comprehensive income attributable to:	-						
Equity holders of the Bank		14,348,634	10,044,495	13,332,892	12,501,455		
Non-controlling interests		4,421,507	(918,363)	-	-		
Earnings per share of equity holders of the Bank	-						
Basic earnings per share (Baht)		5.27	5.44	5.28	5.43		
Weighted average number of common shares (Thousand shares)		2,369,328	2,369,328	2,369,328	2,369,328		
	-						

(Ms. Kattiya Indaravijaya)

Director and Chief Executive Officer

Thousand Baht

Interest expenses		_	Consolidated		The Bank			
Note		_	For the six-month period	od ended 30 June	For the six-month period	d ended 30 June		
Neterest income		_	2025	2024	2025	2024		
Interest expenses		Note		(Restated)				
Interest income - net	Interest income	40	88,900,824	95,725,086	74,522,658	80,409,353		
Fees and service income 26,578,957 25,598,439 24,476,939 23,621,641 Fees and service expenses 9,930,557 9,142,454 9,691,208 8,646,509 Fees and service income - net 42 16,648,400 16,455,995 14,785,731 14,975,132 Gain (Loss) on infrancial instrument measured at fair value through profit or loss 43 7,723,784 6,402,893 6,052,145 5,231,157 Gain (Loss) on investments 44 529,584 (70,230) 513,032 (79,613) Share of profit from investments using equity method 393,952 423,966 - - - Obideand income 2,028,456 2,139,293 3,621,490 3,702,89 Insurance service result 45 7,083,966 6,407,60 - - - Other operating income 105,829,116 108,654,247 84,090,515 87,755,911 Net insurance finance expenses 8,126,732 8,127,270 8,090,515 87,755,911 Other operating income - net 20,236,673 8,127,270 8,090,515 87,755,911	Interest expenses	41	18,820,141	20,411,170	17,424,614	18,865,545		
Fees and service expenses 9,930,557 9,142,454 9,691,208 8,646,509 Fees and service income - net 42 16,648,400 16,455,985 14,785,731 14,975,132 Gain on financial instrument measured at fair value through profit or loss 43 7,723,784 6,402,893 6,052,145 5,231,157 Gain (Loss) on investments 44 529,584 (70,230) 513,032 (79,613 Share of profit from investments using equity method 393,952 423,966 - - - Dividend income 2,028,456 2,139,293 3,621,490 3,700,289 Insurance service result 45 7,083,966 6,407,760 - - Other operating income 105,829,116 108,654,247 84,090,515 87,755,911 Net insurance finance expenses 8,126,732 8,127,270 - - Total operating income - net 97,702,384 100,526,977 84,090,515 87,755,911 Other operating expenses 20,869,830 20,235,670 14,313,167 13,719,549 Premises and equipme	Interest income - net	_	70,080,683	75,313,916	57,098,044	61,543,808		
Fees and service income - net 42 16,648,400 16,455,985 14,785,731 14,975,132 Gain on financial instrument measured at fair value through profit or loss 43 7,723,784 6,402,893 6,052,145 5,231,157 Gain (Loss) on investments 44 529,584 (70,230) 513,032 (79,613 Share of profit from investments using equity method 393,952 423,366 - - - Dividend income 2,028,456 2,139,293 3,621,490 3,700,289 Insurance service result 45 7,083,966 6,407,760 - - - Other operating income 13,40,291 1,580,664 2,020,073 2,385,138 Total operating income 105,829,116 108,664,247 84,090,515 87,755,911 Net insurance finance expenses 8,126,732 8,127,270 - - - Total operating income - net 97,702,384 100,526,977 84,090,515 87,755,911 Other operating expenses 20,869,830 20,235,670 14,313,157 13,719,549 <t< td=""><td>Fees and service income</td><td></td><td>26,578,957</td><td>25,598,439</td><td>24,476,939</td><td>23,621,641</td></t<>	Fees and service income		26,578,957	25,598,439	24,476,939	23,621,641		
Gain on financial instrument measured at fair value through profit or loss 43 7,723,784 6,402,893 6,052,145 5,231,157 Gain (Loss) on investments 44 529,584 (70,230) 513,032 (79,613 Share of profit from investments using equity method 393,952 423,966 - - - Dividend income 2,028,456 2,139,293 3,621,490 3,700,289 Insurance service result 45 7,083,966 6,407,760 - - Other operating income 1,340,291 1,580,664 2,020,073 2,385,138 Total operating income 8,126,732 8,127,270 - - Total operating income - net 97,702,384 100,526,977 84,090,515 87,755,911 Other operating expenses 20,869,830 20,235,670 14,313,157 13,719,549 Directors' remuneration 171,108 142,289 121,233 97,924 Premises and equipment expenses 5,532,804 5,590,527 6,274,177 6,386,375 Taxes and duties 2,910,988 3,303,	Fees and service expenses		9,930,557	9,142,454	9,691,208	8,646,509		
Gain (Loss) on investments 44 529,584 (70,230) 513,032 (79,613) Share of profit from investments using equity method 393,952 423,966 - - - Dividend income 2,028,456 2,139,293 3,621,490 3,700,289 Insurance service result 45 7,083,966 6,407,760 - - Other operating income 1,340,291 1,580,664 2,020,073 2,385,138 Total operating income 8,126,732 8,127,270 - - Net insurance finance expenses 8,126,732 8,127,270 - - Total operating income - net 97,702,384 100,526,977 84,090,515 87,755,911 Other operating expenses 20,869,830 20,235,670 14,313,157 13,719,549 Directors' remuneration 171,108 142,289 121,233 97,924 Premises and equipment expenses 5,532,804 5,590,527 6,274,177 6,386,375 Taxes and duties 2,910,98 3,303,090 2,801,302 3,163,579 <tr< td=""><td>Fees and service income - net</td><td>42</td><td>16,648,400</td><td>16,455,985</td><td>14,785,731</td><td>14,975,132</td></tr<>	Fees and service income - net	42	16,648,400	16,455,985	14,785,731	14,975,132		
Share of profit from investments using equity method 393,952 423,966 - - Dividend income 2,028,456 2,139,293 3,621,490 3,700,289 Insurance service result 45 7,083,966 6,407,760 - - Other operating income 1,340,291 1,580,664 2,020,073 2,385,138 Total operating income 105,829,116 108,654,247 84,090,515 87,755,911 Net insurance finance expenses 8,126,732 8,127,270 - - - Total operating income - net 97,702,384 100,526,977 84,090,515 87,755,911 Other operating expenses 20,869,830 20,235,670 14,313,157 13,719,549 Directors' remuneration 171,108 142,289 121,233 97,924 Premises and equipment expenses 5,532,804 5,590,527 6,274,177 6,386,375 Taxes and duties 2,910,988 3,303,090 2,801,302 3,163,579 Others 11,370,739 11,938,589 10,926,997 11,348,941	Gain on financial instrument measured at fair value through profit or loss	43	7,723,784	6,402,893	6,052,145	5,231,157		
Dividend income 2,028,456 2,139,293 3,621,490 3,700,289	Gain (Loss) on investments	44	529,584	(70,230)	513,032	(79,613)		
Neurance service result	Share of profit from investments using equity method		393,952	423,966	-	-		
Other operating income 1,340,291 1,580,664 2,020,073 2,385,180 Total operating income 105,829,116 108,654,247 84,090,515 87,755,911 Net insurance finance expenses 8,126,732 8,127,270 - - - Total operating income - net 97,702,384 100,526,977 84,090,515 87,755,911 Other operating expenses 20,869,830 20,235,670 14,313,157 13,719,549 Directors' remuneration 171,108 142,289 121,233 97,924 Premises and equipment expenses 5,532,804 5,590,527 6,274,177 6,386,375 Taxes and duties 2,910,988 3,303,090 2,801,302 3,163,579 Others 11,370,739 11,938,589 10,926,997 11,348,941 Total other operating expenses 40,855,469 41,210,165 34,436,866 34,716,368 Expected credit loss 46 19,867,843 23,356,762 18,876,900 22,290,468 Operating profit before income tax expense 47 7,458,918 6,913,958 5	Dividend income		2,028,456	2,139,293	3,621,490	3,700,289		
Total operating income 105,829,116 108,654,247 84,090,515 87,755,911 Net insurance finance expenses 8,126,732 8,127,270 - - - Total operating income - net 97,702,384 100,526,977 84,090,515 87,755,911 Other operating expenses 20,869,830 20,235,670 14,313,157 13,719,549 Directors' remuneration 171,108 142,289 121,233 97,924 Premises and equipment expenses 5,532,804 5,590,527 6,274,177 6,386,375 Taxes and duties 2,910,988 3,303,090 2,801,302 3,163,579 Others 11,370,739 11,938,589 10,926,997 11,348,941 Total other operating expenses 40,855,469 41,210,165 34,436,866 34,716,368 Expected credit loss 46 19,867,843 23,356,762 18,876,900 22,290,468 Operating profit before income tax expense 36,979,072 35,960,050 30,776,749 30,749,075 Income tax expense 47 7,458,918 6,913,958 5	Insurance service result	45	7,083,966	6,407,760	-	-		
Net insurance finance expenses 8,126,732 8,127,270 -<	Other operating income		1,340,291	1,580,664	2,020,073	2,385,138		
Total operating income - net 97,702,384 100,526,977 84,090,515 87,755,911 Other operating expenses 20,869,830 20,235,670 14,313,157 13,719,549 Directors' remuneration 171,108 142,289 121,233 97,924 Premises and equipment expenses 5,532,804 5,590,527 6,274,177 6,386,375 Taxes and duties 2,910,988 3,303,090 2,801,302 3,163,579 Others 11,370,739 11,938,589 10,926,997 11,348,941 Total other operating expenses 40,855,469 41,210,165 34,436,866 34,716,368 Expected credit loss 46 19,867,843 23,356,762 18,876,900 22,290,488 Operating profit before income tax expense 36,979,072 35,960,050 30,776,749 30,749,075 Income tax expense 47 7,458,918 6,913,958 5,420,885 5,322,523	Total operating income	_	105,829,116	108,654,247	84,090,515	87,755,911		
Other operating expenses Employee expenses 20,869,830 20,235,670 14,313,157 13,719,549 Directors' remuneration 171,108 142,289 121,233 97,924 Premises and equipment expenses 5,532,804 5,590,527 6,274,177 6,386,375 Taxes and duties 2,910,988 3,303,090 2,801,302 3,163,579 Others 11,370,739 11,938,589 10,926,997 11,348,941 Total other operating expenses 40,855,469 41,210,165 34,436,866 34,716,368 Expected credit loss 46 19,867,843 23,356,762 18,876,900 22,290,468 Operating profit before income tax expense 36,979,072 35,960,050 30,776,749 30,749,075 Income tax expense 47 7,458,918 6,913,958 5,420,885 5,322,523	Net insurance finance expenses		8,126,732	8,127,270	-	-		
Employee expenses 20,869,830 20,235,670 14,313,157 13,719,549 Directors' remuneration 171,108 142,289 121,233 97,924 Premises and equipment expenses 5,532,804 5,590,527 6,274,177 6,386,375 Taxes and duties 2,910,988 3,303,090 2,801,302 3,163,579 Others 11,370,739 11,938,589 10,926,997 11,348,941 Total other operating expenses 40,855,469 41,210,165 34,436,866 34,716,368 Expected credit loss 46 19,867,843 23,356,762 18,876,900 22,290,468 Operating profit before income tax expense 36,979,072 35,960,050 30,776,749 30,749,075 Income tax expense 47 7,458,918 6,913,958 5,420,885 5,322,523	Total operating income - net	_	97,702,384	100,526,977	84,090,515	87,755,911		
Directors' remuneration 171,108 142,289 121,233 97,924 Premises and equipment expenses 5,532,804 5,590,527 6,274,177 6,386,375 Taxes and duties 2,910,988 3,303,090 2,801,302 3,163,579 Others 11,370,739 11,938,589 10,926,997 11,348,941 Total other operating expenses 40,855,469 41,210,165 34,436,866 34,716,368 Expected credit loss 46 19,867,843 23,356,762 18,876,900 22,290,468 Operating profit before income tax expense 36,979,072 35,960,050 30,776,749 30,749,075 Income tax expense 47 7,458,918 6,913,958 5,420,885 5,322,523	Other operating expenses							
Premises and equipment expenses 5,532,804 5,590,527 6,274,177 6,386,375 Taxes and duties 2,910,988 3,303,090 2,801,302 3,163,579 Others 11,370,739 11,938,589 10,926,997 11,348,941 Total other operating expenses 40,855,469 41,210,165 34,436,866 34,716,368 Expected credit loss 46 19,867,843 23,356,762 18,876,900 22,290,468 Operating profit before income tax expense 36,979,072 35,960,050 30,776,749 30,749,075 Income tax expense 47 7,458,918 6,913,958 5,420,885 5,322,523	Employee expenses		20,869,830	20,235,670	14,313,157	13,719,549		
Taxes and duties 2,910,988 3,303,090 2,801,302 3,163,579 Others 11,370,739 11,938,589 10,926,997 11,348,941 Total other operating expenses 40,855,469 41,210,165 34,436,866 34,716,368 Expected credit loss 46 19,867,843 23,356,762 18,876,900 22,290,468 Operating profit before income tax expense 36,979,072 35,960,050 30,776,749 30,749,075 Income tax expense 47 7,458,918 6,913,958 5,420,885 5,322,523	Directors' remuneration		171,108	142,289	121,233	97,924		
Others 11,370,739 11,938,589 10,926,997 11,348,941 Total other operating expenses 40,855,469 41,210,165 34,436,866 34,716,368 Expected credit loss 46 19,867,843 23,356,762 18,876,900 22,290,468 Operating profit before income tax expense 36,979,072 35,960,050 30,776,749 30,749,075 Income tax expense 47 7,458,918 6,913,958 5,420,885 5,322,523	Premises and equipment expenses		5,532,804	5,590,527	6,274,177	6,386,375		
Total other operating expenses 40,855,469 41,210,165 34,436,866 34,716,368 Expected credit loss 46 19,867,843 23,356,762 18,876,900 22,290,468 Operating profit before income tax expense 36,979,072 35,960,050 30,776,749 30,749,075 Income tax expense 47 7,458,918 6,913,958 5,420,885 5,322,523	Taxes and duties		2,910,988	3,303,090	2,801,302	3,163,579		
Expected credit loss 46 19,867,843 23,356,762 18,876,900 22,290,468 Operating profit before income tax expense 36,979,072 35,960,050 30,776,749 30,749,075 Income tax expense 47 7,458,918 6,913,958 5,420,885 5,322,523	Others		11,370,739	11,938,589	10,926,997	11,348,941		
Operating profit before income tax expense 36,979,072 35,960,050 30,776,749 30,749,075 Income tax expense 47 7,458,918 6,913,958 5,420,885 5,322,523	Total other operating expenses	_	40,855,469	41,210,165	34,436,866	34,716,368		
Income tax expense 47 7,458,918 6,913,958 5,420,885 5,322,523	Expected credit loss	46	19,867,843	23,356,762	18,876,900	22,290,468		
	Operating profit before income tax expense	_	36,979,072	35,960,050	30,776,749	30,749,075		
	Income tax expense	47	7,458,918	6,913,958	5,420,885	5,322,523		
Net profit 29,520,154 29,046,092 25,355,864 25,426,552	Net profit	_	29,520,154	29,046,092	25,355,864	25,426,552		

Thousand Baht

	_	Consolid	ated	The Bank			
	_	For the six-month period	od ended 30 June	For the six-month period	l ended 30 June		
	_	2025	2024	2025	2024		
	Note		(Restated)				
Other comprehensive income	_						
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss							
Gain on investments in debt instruments measured at fair value through							
other comprehensive income		40,376,311	1,081,560	6,652,791	795,555		
(Loss) Gain on cash flow hedges		(709,445)	1,216,169	(1,341,323)	973,918		
(Loss) Gain arising from translating the financial statements of a foreign operation	ation	(875,406)	1,422,640	(733,308)	1,338,831		
Finance (expenses) income from insurance contracts		(27,983,231)	140,962	-	=		
Income taxes relating to components of other comprehensive income		(2,232,493)	(757,952)	(915,632)	(621,661)		
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss							
Changes in revaluation surplus		2,639,705	297	2,639,705	-		
(Loss) Gain on investments in equity instruments designated at fair value thro	ough						
other comprehensive income		(5,428,004)	(2,610,556)	164,415	(472,372)		
Actuarial loss on defined benefit plans	25	(1,895,298)	(320,541)	(1,887,867)	(324,409)		
Income taxes relating to components of other comprehensive income		633,234	231,704	(183,250)	159,356		
Total other comprehensive income - net	_	4,525,373	404,283	4,395,531	1,849,218		
Total comprehensive income	_	34,045,527	29,450,375	29,751,395	27,275,770		
Net profit attributable to :	_						
Equity holders of the Bank		26,279,644	26,540,043	25,355,864	25,426,552		
Non-controlling interests		3,240,510	2,506,049	-	-		
Total comprehensive income attributable to :	_						
Equity holders of the Bank		29,669,946	26,787,714	29,751,395	27,275,770		
Non-controlling interests		4,375,581	2,662,661	-	-		
Earnings per share of equity holders of the Bank	_						
Basic earnings per share (Baht)	_	10.94	11.04	10.55	10.57		
Weighted average number of common shares (Thousand shares)	_	2,369,328	2,369,328	2,369,328	2,369,328		
	=						

(Ms. Kattiya Indaravijaya)

Director and Chief Executive Officer

KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

		Thousand Baht														
	Note							C	onsolidated							
								Equity Holders of the Bank							Non-controlling	Total
		Issued and	Premium on	Other Equity				Other Reserves				Retained		Total Equity	Interests	
		Paid-up Share	Share Capital	Instruments		Revaluation Surplus (Deficit)	Revaluation Surplus (Deficit)	Cash Flow	Gain (Loss) from	Insurance	Total	Appropriated	Unappropriated	Attributable to Equity		
		Capital		(Note 31)	Surplus on	on Investments in	on Investments in	Hedge Reserve	Translating the	finance reserve	Other	Legal Reserve		Holders of the Bank		
					Asset Revaluation		Equity Instruments Designated		Financial Statements		Reserves					
						at Fair Value through	at Fair Value through		of Foreign Operation							
						Other Comprehensive Income	Other Comprehensive Income									
Six-month period ended 30 June 2024																
Balance at 1 January 2024		23,693,276	18,103,110	15,549,174	18,962,745	(2,347,753)	(2,647,497)	3,392,630	206,178	-	17,566,303	3,050,000	454,322,906	532,284,769	64,550,543	596,835,312
Accumulated effects of change in accounting policy	3		-	-		2,344,352	(4,947)	-		(242)	2,339,163		(1,668,257)	670,906	1,078,730	1,749,636
Balance at 1 January 2024 restated		23,693,276	18,103,110	15,549,174	18,962,745	(3,401)	(2,652,444)	3,392,630	206,178	(242)	19,905,466	3,050,000	452,654,649	532,955,675	65,629,273	598,584,948
Dividend paid	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(14,215,966)	(14,215,966)	(609,650)	(14,825,616)
Distribution of other equity instruments	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(385,193)	(385,193)	-	(385,193)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	199,999	199,999
Net profit		-	-	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	26,540,043	26,540,043	2,506,049	29,046,092
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	(6,260)	744,417	(2,166,280)	851,100	1,039,990	43,134	506,101	-	(258,430)	247,671	156,612	404,283
Total comprehensive income		-	-	-	(6,260)	744,417	(2,166,280)	851,100	1,039,990	43,134	506,101	-	26,281,613	26,787,714	2,662,661	29,450,375
Transferred to retained earnings		-	-	-	(102,000)	-	-	-	-	-	(102,000)	-	102,000	-	-	-
Others			-	-	-		-		-	-	-		526,563	526,563	827,085	1,353,648
Balance at 30 June 2024 restated		23,693,276	18,103,110	15,549,174	18,854,485	741,016	(4,818,724)	4,243,730	1,246,168	42,892	20,309,567	3,050,000	464,963,666	545,668,793	68,709,368	614,378,161
Six-month period ended 30 June 2025																
Balance at 1 January 2025		23,693,276	18,103,110	15,549,174	18,756,274	1,105,978	(3,350,545)	3,283,007	212,866	-	20,007,580	3,050,000	482,948,709	563,351,849	68,263,495	631,615,344
Accumulated effects of change in accounting policy	3	-	-	-	-	12,637,575	(2,071)		-	(6,594,773)	6,040,731	-	(667,034)	5,373,697	8,673,188	14,046,885
Balance at 1 January 2025 restated		23,693,276	18,103,110	15,549,174	18,756,274	13,743,553	(3,352,616)	3,283,007	212,866	(6,594,773)	26,048,311	3,050,000	482,281,675	568,725,546	76,936,683	645,662,229
Accumulated effects of change in accounting policy	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	266,043	266,043	429,494	695,537
Dividend paid	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(24,877,940)	(24,877,940)	(910,969)	(25,788,909)
Distribution of other equity instruments	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(357,925)	(357,925)	-	(357,925)
Acquisition of non-controlling interests		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(88)	(88)
					· 											
Net profit		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,279,644	26,279,644	3,240,510	29,520,154
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	2,111,764	15,629,770	(2,547,719)	(1,105,322)	(618,987)	(8,562,869)	4,906,637	-	(1,516,335)	3,390,302	1,135,071	4,525,373
Total comprehensive income			-	-	2,111,764	15,629,770	(2,547,719)	(1,105,322)	(618,987)	(8,562,869)	4,906,637	-	24,763,309	29,669,946	4,375,581	34,045,527
					·											
Transferred to retained earnings		-		-	(144,159)		-		-	-	(144,159)	-	144,159		-	-
Others		-		-	-				-	-	-	-	(94,833)	(94,833)	1,941	(92,892)
Balance at 30 June 2025		23,693,276	18,103,110	15,549,174	20,723,879	29,373,323	(5,900,335)	2,177,685	(406,121)	(15,157,642)	30,810,789	3,050,000	482,124,488	573,330,837	80,832,642	654,163,479
		_0,000,2.0	10,100,110	10,010,114	20,120,010	20,010,020	(0,000,000)	2,7,009	(100,121)	(10,101,042)	55,515,765	5,555,000	102,121,100	0.0,000,001	00,002,042	501,100,110

KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

							Thousand Bah	nt					
	Note						The Bank						
		Issued and	Premium on	Other Equity						Retained Earnings		Total	
		Paid-up Share Capital	Share Capital	Instruments (Note 31)	Appraisal (Deficit) Surplus on Asset Revaluation	at Fair Value through	on Investments in	Cash Flow Hedge Reserve	Gain (Loss) from Translating the Financial Statements of Foreign Operation	Total Other Reserves	Appropriated Legal Reserve	Unappropriated	
Six-month period ended 30 June 2024													
Balance at 1 January 2024		23,693,276	18,103,110	15,549,174	17,423,820	(2,403,152)	57,745	2,661,947	1,312,534	19,052,894	3,050,000	396,451,143	475,899,597
Dividend paid	33	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	(14,215,966)	(14,215,966)
Distribution of other equity instruments	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(385,193)	(385,193)
						-							
Net profit		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,426,552	25,426,552
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	636,444	(377,898)	779,134	1,071,065	2,108,745	-	(259,527)	1,849,218
Total comprehensive income					-	636,444	(377,898)	779,134	1,071,065	2,108,745		25,167,025	27,275,770
Transferred to retained earnings		-	-	-	(86,438)	-	-	-	-	(86,438)	-	86,438	-
Others					-	·	·					3,937	3,937
Balance at 30 June 2024		23,693,276	18,103,110	15,549,174	17,337,382	(1,766,708)	(320,153)	3,441,081	2,383,599	21,075,201	3,050,000	407,107,384	488,578,145
Six-month period ended 30 June 2025													
Balance at 1 January 2025		23,693,276	18,103,110	15,549,174	17,242,437	1,035,863	84,482	2,313,067	1,172,057	21,847,906	3,050,000	425,487,782	507,731,248
Dividend paid	33	-	-				-	-	-	-	-	(24,877,940)	(24,877,940)
Distribution of other equity instruments	31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(357,925)	(357,925)
Net profit		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,355,864	25,355,864
Other comprehensive income					2,111,764	5,322,233	131,532	(1,073,059)	(586,646)	5,905,824		(1,510,293)	4,395,531
Total comprehensive income		-			2,111,764	5,322,233	131,532	(1,073,059)	(586,646)	5,905,824		23,845,571	29,751,395
Transferred to retained earnings			-		(127,251)	-	-	-		(127,251)		127,251	-
Others					-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(126,766)	(126,766)
Balance at 30 June 2025		23,693,276	18,103,110	15,549,174	19,226,950	6,358,096	216,014	1,240,008	585,411	27,626,479	3,050,000	424,097,973	512,120,012
					·								

(Ms. Kattiya Indaravijaya)

Director and Chief Executive Officer

$\label{thm:company_limited} \mbox{ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES} \\ \mbox{STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS}$

	and	

•	Consolidated		The Bank			
	For the six-month period	od ended 30 June	For the six-month period	d ended 30 June		
•	2025	2024	2025	2024		
Note		(Restated)				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating profit before income tax expense	36,979,072	35,960,050	30,776,749	30,749,075		
Adjustments to reconcile profit from operating before income tax expense						
to cash receipts (payments) from operating activities						
Depreciation and amortisation	4,670,905	4,461,383	3,919,134	3,737,165		
Expected credit loss	21,472,150	24,997,334	20,376,614	23,908,472		
(Gain) Loss on foreign exchange translation of long-term borrowings	(449,424)	748,160	(28,080)	(44,267)		
(Gain) Loss on revaluation of financial assets measured at fair value through						
profit or loss	(1,885,977)	487,317	(1,071,830)	660,907		
Loss on impairment of properties foreclosed	152,507	145,713	235,518	144,582		
Reversal of Loss on impairment of premises and equipment	(27,864)	(4,481)	(27,579)	(3,629)		
Loss (Reversal of loss) on impairment of intangible assets	113,938	(29,615)	114,871	(52,406)		
Loss on revaluation of premises	227	34,708	227	-		
(Reversal of) Provision for other assets	(413,074)	45,475	(415,971)	27,014		
Provisions	894,188	876,318	667,000	748,754		
(Gain) Loss on disposal of investments	(529,584)	69,924	(500,107)	79,613		
(Gain) Loss on investments in subsidiaries and associates	-	307	(12,925)	-		
(Gain) Loss on disposal of premises and equipment	(9,924)	(13,790)	(9,327)	144		
Loss on write - off of intangible assets	566	31,967	-	-		
Share of gain from investments using equity method	(393,952)	(423,966)	-	-		
	60,573,754	67,386,804	54,024,294	59,955,424		
Interest income - net	(70,080,683)	(75,313,916)	(57,098,044)	(61,543,808)		
Dividend income	(2,028,456)	(2,139,293)	(3,621,490)	(3,700,289)		
Proceeds from interest	87,540,519	94,034,441	71,268,474	79,219,140		
Interest paid	(20,717,929)	(20,647,199)	(19,098,181)	(19,584,106)		
Proceeds from dividends	2,338,053	2,638,175	3,622,691	3,699,856		
Income tax paid	(5,273,559)	(6,063,546)	(4,219,666)	(5,376,614)		
Operating profit before changes in operating assets and liabilities	52,351,699	59,895,466	44,878,078	52,669,603		
(Increase) Decrease in operating assets						
Interbank and money market items (assets)	(6,532,085)	70,842,787	(8,584,441)	65,211,095		
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	8,822,118	(4,813,245)	10,342,481	(6,321,169)		
Derivative assets	1,814,697	(5,303,892)	3,407,507	(8,243,147)		
Loans to customers	28,574,455	(30,846,096)	28,868,839	(17,766,483)		
Properties foreclosed	3,904,835	3,826,489	3,063,501	2,566,604		
Other assets	(6,846,575)	(3,674,418)	1,923,589	(7,138,183)		

$\label{thm:company_limited} \mbox{ AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES} \\ \mbox{STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS}$

Thousand Baht

	_	Consolida	ated	The Bank			
	_	For the six-month perio	d ended 30 June	For the six-month period	ended 30 June		
	_	2025	2024	2025	2024		
	Note		(Restated)				
Increase (Decrease) in operating liabilities	_						
Deposits		1,662,950	(35,085,789)	6,888,201	(42,893,022)		
Interbank and money market items (liabilities)		6,670,604	3,212,196	12,878,995	(1,066,739)		
Liabilities payable on demand		1,441,278	(5,507,001)	1,495,047	(5,507,001)		
Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss		265,648	280,464	-	-		
Derivative liabilities		(907,361)	8,444,354	(1,628,230)	9,330,281		
Short-term debts issued and borrowings		(96,673)	(14,814,920)	-	(15,126,433)		
Other liabilities		(6,617,418)	(16,083,815)	(1,718,355)	282,871		
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	84,508,172	30,372,580	101,815,212	25,998,277		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	_						
Proceeds from disposal of investments measured at fair value through							
other comprehensive income		136,205,132	84,883,245	63,840,818	32,202,865		
Proceeds from redemption of investments measured at amortised cost		43,504,863	70,891,177	6,432,070	48,869,553		
Proceeds from capital decrease and disposal of investments							
in subsidiaries and associates		-	-	62,925	-		
Purchase of investments measured at fair value through							
other comprehensive income		(193,040,594)	(143,740,359)	(126,984,787)	(89,404,480)		
Purchase of investments measured at amortised cost		(49,651,806)	(40,712,717)	(16,000,000)	(15,487,775)		
Purchase of investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures		(356,010)	(257,658)	(9,553,430)	(2,126,700)		
Proceeds from disposal of premises and equipment		23,406	25,415	12,417	11,615		
Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets		10,976	30,946	10,976	30,539		
Purchase of premises and equipment		(673,379)	(1,474,590)	(594,225)	(1,221,470)		
Purchase of intangible assets		(3,072,165)	(2,759,609)	(2,591,673)	(2,079,246)		
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(67,049,577)	(33,114,150)	(85,364,909)	(29,205,099)		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Repayment of long-term debts issued and borrowings		(555,566)	(68,380)	(554,566)	(68,380)		
(Cash payment for) Proceeds from acquisition of non-controlling interests		(88)	199,999	-	-		
Dividend paid to shareholders	33	(24,877,940)	(14,215,966)	(24,877,940)	(14,215,966)		
Dividend paid to non-controlling interests		(910,969)	(609,650)	-	-		
Cash payment for distribution of other equity instruments	31	(447,406)	(481,491)	(447,406)	(481,491)		
Cash payment for lease liabilities		(619,721)	(575,145)	(526,826)	(500,905)		
Net cash used in financing activities	_	(27,411,690)	(15,750,633)	(26,406,738)	(15,266,742)		
Effect of exchange rate changes on balances held in foreign currencies	_				_		
at the end of the period		(27,480)	67,094	(8,798)	6,472		
Net decrease in cash	_	(9,980,575)	(18,425,109)	(9,965,233)	(18,467,092)		
Cash at the beginning of the period		46,021,380	48,689,687	45,675,851	48,465,208		
Cash at the end of the period	_	36,040,805	30,264,578	35,710,618	29,998,116		

(ıvıs. ĸattıya ındaravıjaya)

Director and Chief Executive Officer

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (UNAUDITED)

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (UNAUDITED)

These notes to the financial statements form an integral part of the financial statements.

The financial statements issued for Thai statutory and regulatory reporting purposes are prepared in the Thai language. These English language financial statements have been prepared from the Thai language statutory financial statements, and were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 August 2025.

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED, ("the Bank"), is a registered public company located in the Kingdom of Thailand and listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand on 9 February 1976. The registered office of the Bank is at 400/22 Phahon Yothin Road, Sam Sen Nai Sub-District, Phaya Thai District, Bangkok.

The principal activity of the Bank is commercial banking and the Bank conducts its businesses through a network of branches covering all parts of Thailand, branches in Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China, Cayman Islands, Kingdom of Cambodia and the Socialist Republic of Vietnam and subsidiaries companies in Thailand, People's Republic of China, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Republic of Singapore, the Socialist Republic of Vietnam and Indonesia.

Details of the Company's subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures as 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024 are given in note 13.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

a) Statement of compliance

The interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS"), guidelines promulgated by the Thailand Federation of Accounting Professions ("TFAC"), applicable rules and regulations of the Thai Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and Stock Exchange of Thailand ("SET") and with the Bank of Thailand ("BOT") notification number SOR NOR SOR 21/2561, directive dated 31 October 2018, regarding the "Preparation and announcement of the financial statements of commercial banks and holding companies which are a parent company of a group of companies offering financial services", any other supplementary BOT notifications.

b) Basis of measurement

The interim financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except the following material items in the statements of financial position:

- derivatives* are measured at fair value;
- financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value;
- financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value;
- premises are measured at revalued amounts;
- employee retirement benefit have been measured at their present value.
- * except for derivatives used for dynamic hedge

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (UNAUDITED)

c) Functional and presentation currencies

The interim financial statements are prepared and presented in Thai Baht, which is the Bank's functional currency.

d) Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of interim financial statements in conformity with TFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively.

The Bank and its subsidiaries' expected credit loss calculations are based on models with a series of underlying assumptions. The significant management judgements and estimates in determining expected credit loss include criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and development of expected credit loss models, including the choice of inputs relating to macroeconomic variables.

The Bank's subsidiary calculates insurance contract liabilities considering economic and non-economic assumptions together with applying complex actuarial methodologies to measure significant future events.

Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements are described in note 4 "material accounting policies" and in the following notes:

Note	10	Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss
	11	Derivatives
	12	Investments - net
	16	Allowance for expected credit loss
	23	Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss
	26	Insurance contract liabilities
	29	Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (UNAUDITED)

3 CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

From 1 January 2025, the Bank's subsidiary has initially adopted TFRS 17 Insurance Contracts which require

retrospective approach. The impacts of changes in accounting policies on transition date on 1 January 2024 are as

follows:

The subsidiary classified and measured its investments related to insurance contracts measured at fair value through

profit or loss and measured at amortized cost of Baht 475,129 million to be Investments measured at fair value to other

comprehensive income (FVOCI) caused the carrying amount of the investment was revalued to Baht 482,785 million,

resulting in an increase in the Bank's equity by Baht 2,345 million. The reclassification and remeasurement are based

on a business model reassessment to align with the subsidiary's core business.

The characteristics and impact from the adoption of TFRS 17 on equity as of 1 January 2025 are disclosed in the

statements of changes in equity.

Transition

TFRS 17 requires the Bank's subsidiary to recognise changes in accounting policies resulting from the adoption of this

financial reporting standard retrospectively. Impacts from changes in accounting policies and reclassification is

included in equity. The Bank's subsidiary considers that the retrospective approach is pragmatically impracticable

due to insufficient information as its previous accounting policies did not require such information.

The Bank's subsidiary chose to apply fair value approach for all of insurance contracts, other than short-term insurance

contracts, as measured under the premium allocation approach.

4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

Except for the adoption of TFRS 17 Insurance Contracts to be applied from January 1, 2025 are described in note 3.

4.1 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements relate to the Bank and its subsidiaries and the Bank and its subsidiaries'

interests in associates and joint ventures.

Business combinations

Applying the acquisition method for all business combinations upon obtaining of the transfer of control, other than

those with entities under common control.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (UNAUDITED)

The cost of an acquisition is measured at the fair value of the assets transferred, equity securities issued and

identifiable liabilities assumed at the date of exchange.

Goodwill in a business combination

Goodwill in a business combination measures the excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the identifiable

net assets acquired, all measured as of the acquisition date. Any gain on bargain purchase is recognized in profit or

loss immediately.

Acquisitions from entities under common control

Business combination under common control are accounted for using a method similar to the pooling of interest

method, by recognizing assets and liabilities of the acquired businesses at their carrying amounts in the consolidated

financial statements at the moment of the transaction. The difference between the carrying amount of the acquired net

assets and the consideration transferred is recognized as surplus or discount from business combinations under

common control in equity. The surplus or discount will be transferred to retained earnings upon divestment of the

businesses acquired.

The results from operations of the acquired businesses will be included in the consolidated financial statements from

the beginning of the comparative period or the moment the businesses came under common control, whichever date

is later, until control ceases.

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Bank and its subsidiaries. Control exists when the Bank and its subsidiaries is

exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from their involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those

returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated

financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date that control ceases. The accounting

policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to align them with the policies adopted by the Bank.

Non-controlling interest (NCI)

At the acquisition date, the Bank and its subsidiaries measures any non-controlling interest at its proportionate interest

in the identifiable net asset of the acquiree.

Changes in its subsidiaries' interest that do not result in a loss of control are accounted as equity transactions.

The Bank holds less than half of the voting rights in Muang Thai Life Assurance PCL, a consolidated subsidiary. The

company is consolidated on the basis of formal agreements in place which provide the Bank with the power to govern

the financial and operating policies of the company that expose it to variable returns.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (UNAUDITED)

Associated companies and joint venture

Associated companies are those entities in which the Bank and its subsidiaries have significant influence, but not control or joint control, over the financial and operating policies or joint control in such policies. A joint venture is an arrangement in which the Bank and its subsidiairy has joint control, whereby the Group has rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

Interest in associated companies and joint venture are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method and are recognized initially at cost, which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the consolidated financial statements include dividend income, share of profit or loss, and other comprehensive income of investment that is using equity method of the Bank and its subsidiaries, until the date that significant influence or joint control ceases.

Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealized income or expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealized gains arising from transactions with associates and joint ventures are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Bank and its subsidiaries' interest in the investee. Unrealized losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealized gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

4.2 Financial instruments

1) Financial assets and financial liabilities

Recognition and initial measurement

The Bank and its subsidiaries initially recognize non-derivative financial assets and liabilities on the settlement date, except for securities subsidiaries which initially recognize on trade date, under the regular way of purchases and sales with the delivery within time period established by regulation or market convention which account for changes in the fair value and interest calculation of financial asset or liability on the settlement date while derivative is recognized on trade date.

Financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

A debt instrument will be classified as financial asset measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions:

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (UNAUDITED)

- Held the financial asset within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect

contractual cash flows; and

The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely

payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

In case the Bank and its subsidiaries do not designate a debt instrument as at fair value through profit or loss, it is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income only if it meets both of the following conditions;

- Held the financial asset within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting

contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and

The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely

payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Bank and its subsidiaries may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income and gain or loss from selling cannot be recognized in profit or loss. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

All other financial assets are classified as measured at fair value through profit or loss. In addition, on initial recognition, the Bank and its subsidiaries may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income as at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Business model assessment

The Bank and its subsidiaries makes an assessment of the objective of a business model in which an asset is held at a portfolio level because these best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- The stated policies objectives and strategy for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in

practice;

- Evaluation the performance of the portfolio and reported to the management;

- The risks that affect the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that

business model and how those risks are managed; and

The frequency, volume and timing of sales in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and its

expectations about future sales activity.

Business model of financial assets that are held for trading or managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (UNAUDITED)

Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest

Principal is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. Interest is defined as consideration for the time value of money, credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs. In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Bank and its subsidiaries considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet

this condition.

Reclassification

Financial assets do not classify after initial recognition except financial assets which is debt instruments. The Bank and its subsidiaries will reclassify a debt instrument when they change business model for managing financial assets resulted from a change in operating structure.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are debts issued that have contractual obligation to pay principal or interest before liquidation.

The Bank and its subsidiaries classify its financial liabilities, other than financial guarantees and loan commitments, as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL.

2) Impairment of financial assets

Measurement

Expected credit losses are computed as unbiased, probability-weighted amounts which are determined by evaluating a range of reasonably possible outcomes, the time value of money, and considering all reasonable and supportable information. This includes macroeconomic forward-looking information.

The estimate of expected cash shortfalls is determined by multiplying the probability of default (PD) with the loss given default (LGD) with the expected exposure at the time of default (EAD).

Forward-looking macroeconomic factors are incorporated into the PD, LGD and EAD where relevant and where they have been identified to influence credit risk, such as GDP growth rates, interest rates and house price indices among others. These factors are determined using all reasonable and supportable information.

Cash shortfalls are discounted using the effective interest rate on the acquisition date of financial assets.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (UNAUDITED)

Staging

Stage 1 Performing

Performing assets are financial assets that are initially recognized or have no significant increase in credit risk (SICR) since recognized or have no credit impaired or financial instruments which considered to have low credit risk at reporting date. Nevertheless, these do not include financial assets that are credit-impaired on initial recognition (POCI). Expected credit losses represent the lifetime cash shortfalls arising from possible default events up to 12 months into the future from the reporting date.

Stage 2 Under-performing

SICR is assessed by comparing the risk of default of an exposure at the reporting date to the risk of default at recognition date, the significance of which being determined by using a number of quantitative and qualitative factors.

Financial assets that exceed 30 days past due and not credit-impaired will always be considered to have experienced a significant increase in credit risk.

Quantitative factors include the number of days past due and a comparison of credit risk indicators with predetermined thresholds. Qualitative factors assessed include those linked to current credit risk management processes, such as lending placed on internal watch-lists and subject to closer monitoring. Indicators could include weak operating results or observed liquidity issues among a number of other qualitative factors.

Stage 3 Non-performing

Financial assets that are credit impaired or in default represent those that exceed 90 days past due in respect of principal or interest or the customers are unlikely to pay.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or borrower;
- Breach of contract such as default or a past due event;
- It is becoming highly probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization;
- The disappearance of an active market for the applicable financial asset due to financial difficulties of the borrower; or
- Purchase or origination of a financial asset at a deep discount that reflects incurred credit losses.

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Stage 2 and stage 3 financial assets can be reclassified to performing assets when there is no indicator to be classified as stage 2 and stage 3 financial assets. Expected credit losses of stage 2 and stage 3 represent the

lifetime cash shortfalls arising from possible default events from the reporting date.

Expert credit judgement

Estimation of expected credit loss requires assumptions and forecasting macroeconomic factors. This may result

in an ambiguity or may be a recent event that is not captured in the models. In case the Bank and its subsidiaries

consider that the recent event affects customers' ability to pay debt, their managements will estimate increase

in expected credit loss based on their judgement and experiences.

Modified financial instruments

Where the original contractual terms of a financial asset have been modified for credit reasons and the instrument

has not been derecognized, the resulting modification gain or loss is recognized within credit impairment in the

statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income with a corresponding increase or decrease in the

gross carrying value of the asset.

The Bank and its subsidiaries classify financial assets and estimate expected credit loss based on customers'

ability to pay debt under new contractual terms.

For troubled debt restructuring under stage 3, it is able to change to stage 2 when a debtor repays loan for 3

consecutive times and to stage 1 after 9-month monitoring with no debt overdue in its account.

For pre-emptive debt restructuring under stage 2 and previously never be under stage 3, it is able to change to

stage 1 when a debtor repays loan for 3 consecutive times or when there is a confidence that a debtor can

comply with the new contractual terms. When change to stage 1, credit rating at origination will be reset to new

credit rating on the stage changing date.

Write-offs of credit impaired instruments and reversal of impairment

A financial asset is considered irrecoverable when it is decided that there is no realistic probability of recovery,

the applicable portion of the gross carrying value is written off against the related loan allowance for expected

credit loss in the statement of profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the credit impairment loss decreases, the previously recognized credit

impairment loss is reversed. For example, there is an improvement in the debtor's credit rating, the amount of

the reversal is recognized in expected credit loss in the statement of profit or loss.

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3) Derivatives held for risk management and hedge accounting

Derivatives held for risk management purposes include all derivative assets and liabilities that are not classified as trading assets or liabilities. They have to be continuously assessed whether they have economic relationship with hedged assets or liabilities that the Bank and its subsidiaries specified the risk.

Fair value hedges

The Bank and its subsidiaries' fair value hedge mainly is a hedge of interest rate risk and foreign exchange rate risk with derivatives which mainly are FX Swap and Interest Rate Swap and foreign currency assets/liabilities.

When a derivative or financial assets/liabilities is designated as the hedging instrument in a hedge of the change in fair value of a recognized asset or liability, changes in the fair value of the derivative together with changes in the fair value of the hedged item that are attributable to the hedged risk are recognized immediately in profit or loss including fair value change of ineffective portion.

When a hedge relationship is discontinued, fair value of hedged assets or liabilities will be new carrying amount as presented at amortized cost for which income and expenses are recognized by using the effective interest method or other similar methods.

Cash flow hedges

The Bank and its subsidiaries' cash flow risk management is in the same way as fair value risk management that is to prevent volatility of cash in/out flow in the future resulted from interest rate and foreign currency risk by using derivatives which mainly are FX Swap and Interest Rate Swap changing cash in/out flow to fixed cash amount.

When a derivative or financial assets/liabilities is designated as the hedging instrument in a hedge of the variability in cash flows attributable to a particular risk associated with a recognized asset or liability that could affect profit or loss, the effective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI) and presented in the hedging reserve within equity. Any ineffective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The amount recognized in OCI is reclassified to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment in the same period as the hedged cash flows affect profit or loss, and in the same line item in the statement of profit or loss and OCI.

Net investment hedges

The Bank and its subsidiaries' net investment hedge is to hedge a foreign currency risk in foreign bank branches or subsidiaries whose functional currency are not Thai Baht which is the Bank's functional currency. FX Swap and foreign assets/liabilities are main instruments used in net investment hedge.

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When a derivative instrument or a non-derivative financial liability is designated as the hedging instrument in a hedge of a net investment in a foreign operation, the effective portion of changes in the fair value of the hedging instrument is recognized in OCI and presented in the translation reserve within equity. Any ineffective portion of the changes in the fair value of the derivative is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The amount recognized in OCI is reclassified to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment on disposal of the foreign operation.

The effective portion of the gain or loss derived from spot revaluation of the hedging instrument is recognized directly in equity and netted with the translation of financial statements of the Bank's foreign branches and subsidiaries in the foreign currency translation reserve in other comprehensive income. When the investment is disposed the relevant amount in the foreign currency translation reserve is transferred to profit or loss. Previously, all such transactions were recognized in profit or loss. Income or expense relating to forward point of a hedging instrument is recognized on an accrual basis in profit or loss.

For derivatives used to dynamic hedge of assets or liabilities, the Bank and its subsidiaries continue using an accrual basis for derivatives.

However, the Bank and its subsidiaries are able to apply hedge accounting when it is qualified an assessment that hedging instruments and hedged assets/liabilities have economic relationship indicating profit or loss attributable to hedged risk can be offset. Assessment methods include quantitative methods such as ratio analysis and qualitative methods such as a comparison between terms (Critical term match), e.g. notional amount and maturity of hedging instruments and hedged assets/liabilities. Results of assessment methods are used to define the notional of hedging instruments and hedged assets/liabilities (Hedge Ratio). The Bank and its subsidiaries monitor hedge effectiveness on a regular basis. Hedge ineffectiveness is expected to arise from hedge relationships due to different terms of hedging instrument and hedged assets/liabilities such as difference of each counterparty's credit risk.

4.3 Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures in the separate financial statements of the Bank are accounted by cost method less allowance for impairment. Investments in associates and joint ventures in the consolidated financial statements are accounted for using equity method.

4.4 Properties foreclosed

Properties foreclosed are presented at the lower of cost or net realisable value. The net realisable value is estimated by using the appraisal value after deduction of estimated disposal expenses and holding cost. Impairment losses are recognized as expenses in profit or loss.

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Properties foreclosed transferred under the Bank of Thailand's supportive measure to acquire collateral assets for debt repayment, the customers have the right to buy back the assets at transferring price added with maintenance expenses within the agreed period but not exceed 5 years since transferring date and the customers have the right to

rent the assets for doing their business.

4.5 Premises and equipment

Recognition and measurement

Owned assets

Land and buildings are stated at their revalued amounts. Revalued amount is fair value determined on the basis of the property's existing use at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and impairment

losses. Equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset, any other costs directly attributable

to bringing the assets to a working condition for their intended use, the costs of dismantling and removing the items

and restoring the site on which they are located. Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related

equipment is capitalized as part of that equipment.

Gains and losses on disposal of an item of premises and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from

disposal with the carrying amount of premises and equipment, and are recognized net in other income or other

expense in profit or loss. When revalued assets are sold, the amounts included in the revaluation reserve are

transferred to retained earnings and are not taken into account in calculating the gain or loss on disposal.

Revalued assets

Revaluation of land and buildings is performed by independent professional valuers according to the Bank of

Thailand's criteria with sufficient regularity.

Any increase in value, on revaluation, is recognized in other comprehensive income as "appraisal surplus on asset

revaluation" unless it offsets a previous decrease in value recognized loss in profit or loss in respect of the same asset.

A decrease in value is recognized in profit or loss to the extent that it exceeds an increase previously recognized in

other comprehensive income in respect of the same asset.

The appraisal surplus cost on asset revaluation is utilized by reference to the difference between depreciation based

on the revalued carrying amount of the asset and depreciation based on the asset's original cost and transferred

directly to retained earnings.

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Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure relating to an item of premises and equipment is added to the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that the Bank and its subsidiaries will receive future economic benefits embodied within the asset and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Other subsequent expenditures are recognized in expenses as

incurred.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each item of premises and equipment. Depreciation on buildings acquired before July 1996 is computed using the declining balance

method. Depreciation on buildings acquired after July 1996 and on equipment is computed using the straight-line

method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 10-50 years

Buildings on rented land over rental contract

Equipment, furniture, fixtures, office equipment and vehicle 3-20 years

Right-of-use assets over rental contract

4.6 Goodwill and intangible assets

Goodwill

Goodwill is measured at cost less impairment losses. Impairment assessment of goodwill is described in note 4.8.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets that have finite useful lives are presented at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated

impairment losses.

Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized as intangible assets only when it will generate the future economic benefits and cost of the item can be measured reliably. Otherwise, it will be recognized as expense when incurred.

Amortisation

Amortisation is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis, based on the estimated useful lives are as follows:

Software licenses

5-15 years

Advisory fee licenses

10 years

Intangible assets with an indefinite useful life are systematically tested for impairment at each reporting date.

Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed each year and adjusted if appropriate.

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4.7 Digital assets

The Bank's subsidiaries recognizes only digital assets under its ownership in the statement of financial position at the

lower of cost or net realisable value or at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Digital assets the subsidiary held on behalf of customers are not recorded on the statement of financial position. The

fair value of the transactions is disclosed in the notes to financial statements.

4.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Bank and its subsidiaries' assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication

of impairment. If any such indication exists, the assets' recoverable amounts are estimated. For goodwill and intangible

assets that have indefinite useful lives or are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated each year

at the same time.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable

amount. The impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss unless it reverses a previous revaluation credited to equity,

in which case it is charged to equity.

Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of a non-financial asset is the greater of the asset's value in use and fair value less costs to

sell. In assessing value in use, calculated by the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value

using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific

to the asset. For an asset that does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the

recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Reversals of impairment

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. Impairment losses recognized in prior periods is reversed

if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount, only to the extent that the

asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation

or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

4.9 Investment property

Investment property which consists of buildings and areas for rent of subsidiaries is measured at cost on initial recognition

and subsequently at fair value and is presented as part of other assets. Changes in fair value are recognized in profit or loss.

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4.10 Provisions

Provision is recognized when the Bank and its subsidiaries have a present legal or a constructive obligation as a result

of a past event that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required

to settle the obligation.

Provisions for commitments, credit limit and letter of indemnity which not recognized in the statements of financial

position consider from the credit risk of the transactions.

The Bank and its subsidiaries review provisions on a regular basis, and recognize changes in the provisions as

increase or decrease in other operating expenses.

4.11 Post-employment benefits

Defined contribution plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Bank and its subsidiaries pay fixed

contributions into the provident fund, which are managed by external fund managers. Contributions paid by the Bank

and its subsidiaries are recognized as expense in profit or loss in the periods during which services are rendered by

employees.

Defined benefit plans

Under the labor laws and the Bank and its subsidiaries' employment policy, all employees are entitled to severance

pay upon retirement.

The Bank and its subsidiaries determine the net obligation in respect of defined retirement by using historical data in

estimating the amount of future benefits that employees have earned in return for their services in the current and prior

periods discounting to present value. The retirement benefit is calculated by actuary using Projected Unit Credit

Method and presented as part of provision, and the Bank and its subsidiaries recognized expenses for the defined

benefit plan as personnel expenses in profit or loss.

All actuarial gains and losses are based on updated assumptions in other comprehensive income in the period in

which they arise.

When the benefits of plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that related to the

past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The Bank and its subsidiaries

recognize gain and loss on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

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4.12 Insurance contract liabilities

(a) Recognition

An insurance contract issued is recognised from the earliest of (1) the beginning of its coverage period, (2) the first payment date from the policyholders as becomes due, or (3) when facts and circumstances indicate that the contract is onerous.

(b) Measurement

At the date of initial recognition, the Bank's subsidiary measures a group of insurance contracts as the total of the fulfilment cash flows, which comprise estimates of future cash flows, adjusted to reflect the time value of money and the associated financial risks, and a risk adjustment for non-financial risk, and the contractual service margin (CSM).

If the total is a net outflow, then the contract will be incorporated as a group of onerous contracts. The Bank's subsidiary recognises net cash outflows as loss in profit or loss at recognition date immediately.

The carrying amount of a group of insurance contracts at each reporting date is the sum of the liability for remaining coverage and the liability for incurred claims.

The liability for remaining coverage comprises the fulfilment cash flows that relate to services that will be provided under the contracts in the future and any remaining CSM at that date. The Bank's subsidiary recognises the impact from the change in fulfilment cash flows for remaining coverage by adjusting against the contractual service margin or recognises in the insurance service result if the group are onerous contract.

The liability for incurred claims comprises the fulfilment cash flows for incurred claims that have not yet been paid, including claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. The Bank's subsidiary recognises the impact from the change in fulfilment cash flows for incurred claims in insurance service result.

The fulfilment cash flows of groups of insurance contracts at the reporting date are measured using current estimates of future cash flows, current discount rates and current estimates of the risk adjustment for non-financial risk.

4.13 Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants in the principal market at the measurement date. In the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market would be considered if the Bank and its subsidiaries are able to access that market at the measurement date.

The Bank and its subsidiaries measure fair value of non-financial assets based on highest and best use assumption.

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A transfer between the hierarchy occurs when the source or level of observability of input data in fair value measurement has changed.

The Bank and its subsidiaries measure fair values using the following fair value hierarchy, which reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements.

Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly. This category includes instruments valued using quoted prices in active markets for similar instruments, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are less than active, or other valuation techniques which are directly or indirectly observable from market data.

Level 3 Inputs that are unobservable. This category includes assets or liabilities for which the valuation technique includes inputs not based on observable data and the unobservable inputs have a significant impact on the valuation.

4.14 Hybrid Instruments for financial liabilities

Hybrid Instruments for financial liabilities: include a non-derivative host contract and an embedded derivative. The host contract shall be accounted for under the classification of the host contract. The embedded derivative shall be separated from the host contract and accounted for as a derivative which is carried at fair value, if and only if:

- 1. The economic characteristics and risks of the host contract and the embedded derivative are not closely related;
- A separate instruments with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a stand-alone derivative; and
- 3. The hybrid instrument is not recognized at fair value through profit or loss.

If an embedded derivative is not separated, the hybrid instrument shall be accounted for under the classification of the host contract.

Changes in the fair value of separated embedded derivative are recognized in profit or loss.

Structured Notes: are hybrid instruments, which consist of borrowing (Host Contract) transaction and an embedded derivative. The Bank and its subsidiary has a management approach with regard to the accounting and assessment of fair value of borrowing transactions with embedded derivative (Structured Note) that is consistent with Thai Financial Reporting Standard No. 9 (TFRS 9). The Bank and its subsidiary has an option to classify the structured note as financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss when one of the following conditions is met:

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1. It eliminates or significantly reduces an inconsistency of measurement or recognition that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on a different basis.

2. It is a management tool for risk management and investment, in accordance with

- Documented risk management or investment strategy; and

- Group of financial assets or financial liabilities managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis.

3. It relates to financial instruments containing one or more embedded derivatives that significantly modify the cash flows resulting from those financial instruments and meets the above criteria for separation of the embedded derivative from the host contract.

Changes in the fair value of financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss are recognized in profit or loss as gain or loss on financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss with the corresponding entry to liabilities in the statements of financial position. The fair value designation, once made, is irrevocable.

The Bank and its subsidiary will comply with the requirements of hybrid instrument if the Bank and its subsidiary does not choose the option of fair value through profit or loss or the criteria for fair value through profit or loss upon designation are not met.

Day One Profit or Loss: Gains or losses from trading derivatives are recognized at inception in profit or loss when the fair value of those derivatives are determined based upon observable market data or supported by comparison to other observable market transactions, or based upon a valuation technique incorporating observable market data. The Bank and its subsidiary amortizes initial gains or losses on trading transactions on a straight-line basis or on an effective interest rate basis over the life of the contract when the fair value of those trading derivatives are based upon unobservable market data or when they gains or losses on hybrid instruments. The unamortized gains or losses are recognized in profit or loss when the market data becomes observable.

4.15 Other equity instruments

Subordinated perpetual debenture is recognized as equity when the Bank and its subsidiaries has the sole right and discretion to early redemption as stipulated in terms and conditions of debentures, and the interest is unconditionally deferred without limitation of time and the number of deferments and payable at the Bank and its subsidiaries's discretion. Accordingly, any interest payments are recognized similar as dividends and directly in equity when payment obligation arises. Interest payments are presented in the statement of cash flows at the same way as dividends paid to ordinary shareholders.

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4.16 Interest income and expense

Interest income and expense are recognized in profit or loss using the effective interest method. The effective interest

rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments for principal and interest excluding expected

credit loss through the expected life of the financial instrument to derive the gross carrying amount of a financial asset

or to the amortized cost of a financial liability.

The calculation of the effective interest rate, the Bank and its subsidiaries include transaction costs and fees paid or

received that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of a financial asset or financial liability.

The amortized cost of a financial instrument is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured on

initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest

method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount of financial assets, adjusted for any

expected credit loss allowance.

The 'gross carrying amount of a financial asset' is the amortized cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any expected

credit loss allowance.

Calculation of interest income and expense

In calculating interest income and expense, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of

financial asset when the asset is not credit-impaired or to the amortized cost of the financial liability. However, for

financial assets that have become credit-impaired subsequent to initial recognition, interest income is calculated by

applying the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset. If the asset is no longer credit-impaired,

then the calculation of interest income reverts to the gross carrying amount basis.

4.17 Fees and service income and expenses

Fees and service income and expenses that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of a financial asset or

financial liability are recognized in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

Other fee and service income are recognized when a customer obtains services in an amount that reflects the

consideration to which the Bank and its subsidiaries expect to be entitled to. In addition, judgment is required in

determining the timing of revenue recognition.

4.18 Revenue and expenses related to insurance contract

(a) Insurance revenue

The Bank's subsidiary recognises insurance revenue as it satisfies the obligations at the total of the changes in the

liability for remaining coverage that relate to services, which includes a release of the CSM in proportion of services

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provided, changes in the risk adjustment for non-financial risk relating to current services, and claims and other insurance service expenses as expected at the beginning of the reporting period.

(b) Insurance service expenses

Insurance service expenses are recognised when incurred. The amount comprises actual claims and other expenses, excluding investment components, which are incurred in the reporting period, subsequent changes related to these items, and losses on onerous contracts and reversals of such losses.

(c) Insurance finance expenses

Insurance finance expenses comprise changes in the carrying amounts of groups of insurance arising from the effects of the time value of money and financial risk except for the impact from change in discount rate which the Bank's subsidiary selects option to present in other comprehensive income.

4.19 Income tax expense

Income tax expense for the year comprise of current and deferred tax. Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to a business combination, or items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustments to tax payable in respect of previous years.

The Bank and its subsidiaries has adopted International Tax Reform-Pillar Two Model Rules-Amendments of TAS12 Income Taxes. The amendments provide a temporary mandatory exception from deferred tax accounting for the top-up tax, which is effective immediately, and accounts for a current tax when it is incurred.

The Bank and its subsidiaries operates in countries where the Pillar Two legislation has been enacted, including Vietnam (effective in 2024) and Thailand, Hong Kong and Singapore (effective 1 January 2025). Based on the assessment, the Group does not expect any material impact on the consolidated financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025.

4.20 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by the profit or loss attributable to equity holders of the Bank on ordinary shareholders of the Bank deduct with distribution of other equity instruments after income tax and dividing by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issued and held by outside party.

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4.21 Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies

1. Foreign currency transactions

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Bank, its foreign branches and its subsidiaries operate (the functional currency) at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated into the functional currency at the reference rates announced by the BOT on that date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rate at the date of the initial transaction except for the non-monetary assets and liabilities designated as hedged item of fair value hedge in foreign exchange risk that are translated into the functional currency using the reference rate announced by the BOT.

Exchange gains or losses on translation are recognized in profit or loss, exchange gains or losses on transaction are directly recognized in equity and other comprehensive income.

2. Foreign operations

Assets and liabilities of the Bank's foreign branches whose functional currency is not Thai Baht are translated into Thai Baht at the reference rates announced by the BOT on the reporting date. The statements of comprehensive income in foreign branches are translated into Thai Baht at the reference rates announced by the BOT at the transaction date.

Gains or losses on retranslation are recognized in other comprehensive income, and presented in the foreign currency translation reserve in equity.

4.22 Leases

Lease contract that the Bank and its subsidiaries act as a lessee and have the right to control the use of the specific assets for a specified period of time, a right-of-use asset and a lease liability will be recognized at the lease commencement date and will periodically recognize depreciation expense on straight line basis and recognized interest expense using EIR method over the lease term. Except for lease contract with short term lease and low-value assets lease contract, rental expense will be recognized on straight line basis over lease term.

Lease contract that the Bank and its subsidiaries act and lessor and substantially transfer all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset to lessee, this lease contract will be classified as finance lease. For finance lease, lease receivable will be recognized at the lease commencement date and interest income using EIR method will be periodically recognized over the lease term. Lease contract that does not substantially transfer all of

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the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset to lessee, this lease contract will be classified as operating lease and rental income will be recognized on accrual basis.

5 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty or a borrower may default on its contractual obligations and agreements. Such default may be caused by the counterparty's inability to pay due to financial encumbrances or their intention not to abide by the contractual agreements, resulting in a loss to the Bank and its subsidiaries.

The Bank and its subsidiaries determines the target of loan growth and its desirable credit portfolio composition that strives for the highest possible risk-adjusted return within acceptable risk levels, by taking into account economic outlook including under stress conditions, potential market opportunities, and the Bank and its subsidiaries' strategic direction. In assessing medium and large corporate customers' credit risk level, the Bank and its subsidiaries utilizes credit risk rating tools to enhance the quality of loans granted decisions. To manage medium business and large corporate business portfolios following the approval process, including portfolio allocation to each business sectors within acceptable risk framework, the Bank and its subsidiaries annually reviews customers' credits rating based on updated qualitative and quantitative factors. For retail portfolio, credit scoring has been adopted to assess customers' risk level resulting in the Bank and its subsidiaries' capability in determining risk-adjusted returns or interest rates. Moreover, the Bank and its subsidiaries has employed collection scoring to define risk-based collection strategies and optimize collection efficiency. In addition, there is conducted the stress tests to assess potential impacts from economic uncertainties to formulate appropriate credit policy and credit risk management.

In the credit approval process, the Bank and its subsidiaries considers the customer's ability to repay and the loan objectives as key factors in making credit decisions, and may obtain sufficient collateral or other securities, where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial losses from default. To maximize the effectiveness of the credit approval process, credit underwriting and approval functions are separated from the business units responsible for maintaining customer relationship. In addition, there is also setup the process for regularly customer credit reviewing and monitoring. For non-performing loans (NPL), the Bank and its subsidiaries has closely and continuously monitored, resolved and/or restructured them to retain maximum benefits.

The consideration of the customer's ability to repay loan depends on the impact of overall economic situation. In the 2025, Thai economy's recovery remain continued to ongoing challenges.

The Bank and its subsidiaries continue to provide consistent and equitable support to customers through both governmentendorsed programs and financial assistance programs developed by the Bank and each subsidiaries, in order to align with

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AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (UNAUDITED)

customers' repayment ability and/or cash flow estimation. For the loan staging and provisioning of affected debtor is reflected by the debtor's ability to repay loan. The Bank and its subsidiaries classify financial assets and estimate expected credit loss to higher stage when there is a confidence that a debtor can comply with the new contractual terms. The Bank and its subsidiaries also increase ECL through Management Overlay to readily cope with the uncertainty that may affect uneven Thailand's economic recovery and global economic slowdown, or other risks and debtors specific risk factors that have not yet incorporated into the models.

To manage non-performing loans (NPL), the Bank and its subsidiaries have set up the JK ASSET MANAGEMENT CO., LTD. (JK AMC) and ARUN ASSET MANAGEMENT CO., LTD. (ARUN AMC) to acquire or transfer NPL in order to efficiently facilitate the NPL management through strong ecosystem under a partnership model with asset management companies, as per the Bank of Thailand notification number SOR NOR SOR 3/2567 on guidelines for joint ventures to resolve NPL resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic of commercial banks. In the first half of year 2025, the Bank transferred the NPL's legal claim of Baht 9 billion while total transfers and sales of Baht 30 billion in 2024 and to these two joint venture asset management companies, more than 50% of which was sold to the joint venture companies, in both periods. Accordingly, it substantially transferred all the risks and rewards of the underlying portfolio to AMC, under joint management resulting in derecognition in consolidated financial statements.

Credit risk analysis

The Bank and its subsidiaries classified credit quality, from low risk to high risk, based on a range of credit rating for medium business and large corporate business lending and on credit scoring for retail lending to reflect borrowers' capacity to meet financial obligations where:

- Low-risk borrowers are those that have a good capacity to meet financial obligations. Demonstrated strong financial position and stable financial structure, and high capacity in profitability and liquidity management.
- Medium-risk borrowers are those that have a fairly acceptable capacity to meet financial obligations.

 Demonstrated reasonable financial position, and fair to sound capacity in profitability and liquidity management.
- High-risk borrowers are those that have uncertain capability to meet financial obligations. Demonstrated vulnerable financial position and limited capacity in profitability and liquidity management.
- Non-performing borrowers are those that fall into credit impaired primarily from more than 90 days overdue or other indications reflecting unlikely to pay.

Each stage contains varied risk of default, reflecting through aforementioned four credit quality classifications because they are assessed in relative to credit risk at initial recognition and at a facility level whereby exposures in stage 2 does not always contain higher risk than stage 1 exposures, especially once the exposures are acquired at different points in times.

These classifications also apply to government and corporate bond which mostly could be mapped to external credit rating. For government bond which is a major investment of the Bank and its subsidiaries, we considered it as low-risk financial assets as a result of "investment grade" investment policies. Corporate bond in non-investment grade can be in our investment portfolio only from rating migration which currently is less than 1% of total debt investments.

The following tables set out information about the credit quality as of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024 of loans to customers and accrued interest receivables.

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Consolidated								
	<u>30 June 2025</u>								
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3						
	(Performing)	(Under - performing)	(Non - performing)	<u>Total</u>					
Low	1,659,881	11,217	-	1,671,098					
Medium	400,379	42,177	-	442,556					
High	96,993	151,983	-	248,976					
Non - performing			89,828	89,828					
Total	2,157,253	205,377	89,828	2,452,458					
Less Allowance for expected credit loss	_(41,501)	(53,122)	(44,068)	(138,691)					
Carrying amount	2,115,752	<u>152,255</u>	<u>45,760</u>	2,313,767					

(Unit : Million Baht)

Consolidated

31 December 2024

(Restated)

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	(Performing)	(Under - performing)	(Non - performing)	<u>Total</u>
Low	1,747,471	14,082	-	1,761,553
Medium	388,009	67,234	-	455,243
High	57,865	134,385	-	192,250
Non - performing			91,309	91,309
Total	2,193,345	215,701	91,309	2,500,355
Less Allowance for expected credit loss	(37,862)	(49,712)	<u>(44,132)</u>	(131,706)
Carrying amount	2,155,483	<u>165,989</u>	<u>47,177</u>	2,368,649

(Unit: Million Baht)

The Bank

30 June 2025

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	(Performing)	(Under - performing)	(Non - performing)	<u>Total</u>
Low	1,608,064	6,318	-	1,614,382
Medium	386,539	38,493	-	425,032
High	84,174	139,709	-	223,883
Non - performing			82,813	82,813
Total	2,078,777	184,520	82,813	2,346,110
Less Allowance for expected credit loss	(38,774)	(50,130)	(40,078)	(128,982)
Carrying amount	2,040,003	134,390	42,735	2,217,128

(Unit : Million Baht)

The Bank

31 December 2024

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	(Performing)	(Under - performing)	(Non - performing)	<u>Total</u>
Low	1,708,440	9,502	-	1,717,942
Medium	363,309	63,838	-	427,147
High	41,732	120,566	-	162,298
Non - performing			84,343	84,343
Total	2,113,481	193,906	84,343	2,391,730
<u>Less</u> Allowance for expected credit loss	(34,872)	<u>(46,847)</u>	(40,350)	(122,069)
Carrying amount	2,078,609	<u>147,059</u>	_43,993	2,269,661

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (UNAUDITED)

Collateral

Collateral is used to mitigate credit exposure along the entire credit process especially for credit approval, ECL estimation and repossession upon default. Collateral of the Bank and its subsidiaries comprises both non-financial and financial assets. Non-financial collateral ranges from land, premises, machinery and vehicles whose values are appraised by the valuers approved by the SEC on a timely basis while financial collaterals cover bank deposits, receivables and securities. As at 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, for stage 3 facilities, the major collateral is land with premises which covers 82% and 83% of all collaterals of stage 3 facilities, respectively.

As at 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, loan-to-value ratio of total secured loan, which are commercial and mortgage loan, are approximately 72% and 76%, respectively.

Input, assumptions and techniques used for estimating impairment

ECL Inputs & Measurement

The key inputs used in ECL measurement are PD, LGD and EAD where 12-Month ECL estimate is the product of 12-month PD, LGD, and EAD discounted by an effective interest rate to the reporting date and lifetime ECL estimate is the product of lifetime PD, LGD, and EAD discounted to the reporting date in the similar manner.

The above risk parameters are modelled based on three macroeconomic scenarios of "Base", "Upside", and "Downside" expectations of the economic variables that highly correlates to our portfolio to provide unbiased probabilities-weighted ECL results whereby our key factors ranges from the growth of Thai GDP, export and hospitality sectors as well as household debt burden at the probability of 60%, 20% and 20%, respectively. These macro-scenarios are reflected in ECL calculation by incorporate into the estimation of these risk parameters such as considering the correlation of risk of default to the scenarios. These variables are closely and regularly monitored especially during the economic uncertainties including geopolitical conflicts and global economic slowdown.

Governance

To ensure integrity and transparency of ECL measurement process, the Bank and its subsidiaries establishes TFRS 9 Impairment Working Group. The Group is responsible for overseeing the total ECL process which includes justifying reasonable ECL inputs and outputs. The ECL inputs consist of risk parameters, macroeconomic scenarios, and their associated probability weights. The justification of ECL outputs includes post model adjustment and expert judgment when deemed appropriate. The Group consists of cross-functional senior management, department representatives, and credit experts.

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Market risk

Market risk is the risk arising from changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, equity prices, commodity prices, and credit spreads which affects the Bank's operation and financial performance consist of:

1. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk arising from changes in interest rates which may affect the value of the Bank's financial instruments, or may cause volatility in the Bank's earnings, capital, financial assets and liabilities, both in the current reporting period and in the future. The Bank has employed various tools to manage interest rate risk, such as interest rate gap, assessing net interest income sensitivity over the next 12 months and economic value sensitivity.

The Bank and its subsidiaries monitors interest rate risk in banking book activities on a regular basis. In addition, we prepare an interest rate risk gap report to monitor interest rate risk and assess net interest income sensitivity over the coming 12 months, based on an assumption of a 1.00 % change in interest rates on all types of assets and liabilities at their various re-pricing periods. The results of interest rate risk assessment are shown below:

(Unit: Million Baht)

+100 bps

	Cons	olidated*	The Bank			
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024	30 June 2025	31 December 2024		
THB	5,231	4,066	5,003	3,927		
Foreign Currencies	<u>(710)</u>	<u>(315)</u>	<u>(643)</u>	<u>(430)</u>		
Total Effect of Interest Rate Change	<u>4,521</u>	<u>3,751</u>	<u>4,360</u>	<u>3,497</u>		

^{*}Excluding insurance subsidiary

The average balances of the interest-bearing financial assets and liabilities of the Bank and its subsidiaries, calculated by using monthly average, and the average interest rates for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 and for the year ended 31 December 2024 are as follows:

(Unit : Million Baht)

		<u>Consolidated</u>						
		<u>30 June 2025</u> <u>31 December 2024</u>						
		Interest			Interest			
	Average	Income/	Average	Average	Income/	Average		
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Expense</u>	Rate (%)	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Expense</u>	Rate (%)		
Interest-bearing Financial Assets								
Interbank and money market items	579,868	6,244	2.15	597,676	13,495	2.26		
Investments	1,018,493	16,446	3.23	900,011	29,393	3.27		
Loans to customers	2,303,054	66,210	5.75	2,332,360	146,552	6.28		
Total	3,901,415	88,900	4.56	3,830,047	<u>189,440</u>	4.95		
Interest-bearing Financial Liabilities								
Deposits	2,720,662	8,593	0.63	2,698,219	18,624	0.69		
Interbank and money market items	214,604	1,915	1.78	213,941	4,295	2.01		
Debts issued and borrowings	67,152	2,076	6.18	72,363	4,752	6.57		
Total	3,002,418	12,584	0.84	2,984,523	27,671	0.93		

(Unit : Million Baht)

	The Bank							
		30 June 2025		<u>31</u>	31 <u>December 2024</u>			
		Interest			Interest			
	Average	Income/	Average	Average	Income/	Average		
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Expense</u>	Rate (%)	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Expense</u>	Rate (%)		
Interest-bearing Financial Assets								
Interbank and money market items	587,579	6,980	2.38	604,466	15,278	2.53		
Investments	451,100	6,802	3.02	381,245	9,881	2.59		
Loans to customers	2,203,630	60,741	5.51	2,205,405	<u>132,411</u>	6.00		
Total	3,242,309	<u>74,523</u>	4.60	3,191,116	<u>157,570</u>	4.94		
Interest-bearing Financial Liabilities								
Deposits	2,685,684	7,706	0.57	2,663,822	16,872	0.63		
Interbank and money market items	208,511	1,726	1.66	201,022	3,719	1.85		
Debts issued and borrowings	<u>57,130</u>	1,833	6.42	62,033	4,277	6.89		
Total	<u>2,951,325</u>	<u>11,265</u>	0.76	<u>2,926,877</u>	_24,868	0.85		

statements of financial position

(434,439)

539,210

(73,090)

479,487

720,740

(2,965)

1,228,943

Financial assets and liabilities, classified by maturity of interest repricing, as of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024 are shown below:

(Unit : Million Baht)

						\ -	,
			<u>C</u>	Consolidated			
			<u>3</u>	0 June 2025			
	Immediate	Within	Over 6 Months	Over 1 Year	Over	Non-interest	
	Repricing	6 Months	to 1 Year	to 5 Years	5 Years	Bearing	<u>Total</u>
Financial Assets							
Cash	-	-	-	-	-	36,041	36,041
Interbank and money market items	25,394	452,220	13,664	2,256	76	32,194	525,804
Financial assets measured at fair							
value through profit or loss	14,157	2,341	3,832	5,165	11,189	17,574	54,258
Investments	-	114,919	27,761	387,941	540,973	87,261	1,158,855
Loans to customers and accrued							
interest receivables	<u>1,604,188</u>	322,795	44,047	250,101	212,814	<u> 18,513</u>	2,452,458
Total Financial Assets	1,643,739	<u>892,275</u>	89,304	645,463	765,052	<u>191,583</u>	4,227,416
Financial Liabilities							
Deposits	2,052,675	287,475	159,184	71,389	-	149,132	2,719,855
Interbank and money market items	25,503	63,532	2,949	74,512	92	13,514	180,102
Liabilities payable on demand	-	-	-	-	-	31,899	31,899
Financial liabilities measured at fair							
value through profit or loss	-	87	231	72	-	-	390
Debts issued and borrowings		1,971	30	20,003	44,220	3	66,227
Total Financial Liabilities	2,078,178	<u>353,065</u>	162,394	<u>165,976</u>	44,312	194,548	2,998,473
Items recognized on the							

(Unit : Million Baht)

Consolidated

31 December 2024

(Restated)

	Immediate	Within	Over 6 Months	Over 1 Year	Over	Non-interest	
	Repricing	6 Months	to 1 Year	to 5 Years	5 Years	<u>Bearing</u>	<u>Total</u>
Financial Assets							
Cash	-	-	-	-	-	46,021	46,021
Interbank and money market items	30,758	476,578	4,297	3,119	-	8,293	523,045
Financial assets measured at fair							
value through profit or loss	12,912	865	1,181	15,529	11,692	18,909	61,088
Investments	-	153,733	29,438	292,586	495,607	89,761	1,061,125
Loans to customers and accrued							
interest receivables	1,645,882	331,795	49,774	254,092	202,112	16,700	2,500,355
Total Financial Assets	1,689,552	962,971	84,690	565,326	709,411	179,684	4,191,634
Financial Liabilities							
Deposits	2,028,475	378,065	96,571	63,898	-	151,666	2,718,675
Interbank and money market items	24,035	56,976	5,164	68,446	-	17,523	172,144
Liabilities payable on demand	-	-	-	-	-	30,459	30,459
Financial liabilities measured at fair							
value through profit or loss	-	117	-	8	-	-	125
Debts issued and borrowings	1	1,041	1,614	20,281	44,391	6	67,334
Total Financial Liabilities	2,052,511	436,199	103,349	152,633	44,391	199,654	2,988,737
Items recognized on the							
statements of financial position	(362,959)	526,772	(18,659)	412,693	665,020	(19,970)	1,202,897

(Unit : Million Baht)

The Bank

			<u>30</u>) June 2025			
	Immediate	Within	Over 6 Months	Over 1 Year	Over	Non-interest	
	Repricing	6 Months	to 1 Years	to 5 Years	5 Years	Bearing	<u>Total</u>
Financial Assets							
Cash	-	-	-	-	-	35,711	35,711
Interbank and money market items	18,757	451,666	19,140	13,203	-	28,899	531,665
Financial assets measured at fair							
value through profit or loss	1,223	2,217	3,422	5,028	2,084	10,564	24,538
Investments	-	80,560	8,565	253,895	139,439	5,546	488,005
Loans to customers and accrued							
interest receivables	<u>1,597,198</u>	256,297	13,474	229,981	230,960	18,200	2,346,110
Total Financial Assets	<u>1,617,178</u>	790,740	44,601	502,107	372,483	98,920	3,426,029
Financial Liabilities							
Deposits	2,049,732	257,400	154,411	70,770	-	153,606	2,685,919
Interbank and money market items	29,676	53,468	2,487	73,878	92	14,106	173,707
Liabilities payable on demand	-	-	-	-	-	31,954	31,954
Debts issued and borrowings		2,085		19,997	34,417	3	56,502
Total Financial Liabilities	2,079,408	312,953	156,898	<u>164,645</u>	34,509	199,669	2,948,082
Items recognized on the							
statements of financial position	(462,230)	477,787	(112,297)	337,462	337,974	(100,749)	477,947

(390,172)

450,567

(46,222)

263,591

320,504

(121,089)

477,179

statements of financial position

(Unit : Million Baht)

The Bank

	31 December 2024						
	Immediate	Within	Over 6 Months	Over 1 Year	Over	Non-interest	
	Repricing	6 Months	to 1 Years	to 5 Years	5 Years	<u>Bearing</u>	<u>Total</u>
Financial Assets							
Cash	-	-	-	-	-	45,676	45,676
Interbank and money market items	22,527	460,288	21,775	17,307	-	4,631	526,528
Financial assets measured at fair							
value through profit or loss	2,523	637	1,181	15,454	3,178	10,813	33,786
Investments	-	108,034	5,801	156,078	132,485	5,735	408,133
Loans to customers and accrued							
interest receivables	1,637,047	274,314	<u>19,192</u>	225,740	219,009	<u>16,428</u>	2,391,730
Total Financial Assets	<u>1,662,097</u>	843,273	47,949	414,579	354,672	83,283	3,405,853
Financial Liabilities							
Deposits	2,024,959	343,364	90,777	63,264	-	157,042	2,679,406
Interbank and money market items	27,310	48,799	1,273	67,450	-	16,865	161,697
Liabilities payable on demand	-	-	-	-	-	30,459	30,459
Debts issued and borrowings		543	2,121	20,274	34,168	6	57,112
Total Financial Liabilities	2,052,269	392,706	94,171	<u>150,988</u>	34,168	204,372	2,928,674
Items recognized on the							

2. Foreign exchange rate risk

Foreign exchange rate risk is the risk that occurs from changes in exchange rates which may affect the value of the Bank's financial instruments or may cause volatility in the Bank's earnings, capital, financial assets and liabilities, both in the current reporting period and in the future. Example of the tools adopted for managing foreign exchange rate risk are, for instance, open position and VaR.

Foreign currency positions in Baht equivalent, as of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024 were as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated
30 June 2025

				Currency			
	US Dollar	<u>Yen</u>	<u>Pound</u>	<u>Euro</u>	<u>Yuan</u>	<u>Others</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash	689	203	78	224	65	796	2,055
Interbank and money market items - net	73,353	286	124	2,495	18,351	12,699	107,308
Financial assets measured at fair value							
through profit or loss	6,506	-	67	15	683	26	7,297
Investments - net	134,156	31,580	4,197	47,870	19,221	31,391	268,415
Investments in subsidiaries and							
associates - net	326	-	-	-	-	65	391
Loans to customers and accrued interest							
receivables	57,241	907	140	5,262	51,539	32,937	148,026
Other assets	9,034	274	<u>67</u>	<u>955</u>	399	<u>1,176</u>	11,905
Total	281,305	33,250	<u>4,673</u>	56,821	90,258	79,090	545,397
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Deposits	84,740	1,905	487	2,627	22,223	30,620	142,602
Interbank and money market items	28,783	38	-	140	10,386	11,553	50,900
Liabilities payable on demand	19,505	253	41	567	1,059	379	21,804
Financial liabilities measured at fair value							
through profit or loss	370	-	-	-	-	-	370
Debts issued and borrowings	65,196	620	-	-	-	-	65,816
Other liabilities	11,391	2,469	200	460	1,082	<u>1,593</u>	<u>17,195</u>
Total	209,985	5,285	728	3,794	34,750	44,145	298,687
Foreign currency position of							
items recognized on the statements							
of financial position - net	71,320	27,965	<u>3,945</u>	53,027	55,508	34,945	246,710
items not recognized on the statements							
of financial position* - net	(27,436)	(28,116)	<u>199</u>	<u>(45,077)</u>	(59,020)	<u>(17,350)</u>	(176,800)

 $[\]ensuremath{^{\star}}$ Forward exchange contracts, cross currency swaps and FX options

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated

31 December 2024

(Restated)

				Currency			
	US Dollar	<u>Yen</u>	<u>Pound</u>	<u>Euro</u>	<u>Yuan</u>	<u>Others</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash	1,179	164	97	566	53	910	2,969
Interbank and money market items - net	85,840	16,218	216	618	15,685	16,779	135,356
Financial assets measured at fair value							
through profit or loss	5,868	-	64	14	-	25	5,971
Investments - net	108,824	5,192	3,172	33,848	21,701	25,607	198,344
Investments in subsidiaries and							
associates - net	320	-	-	-	-	65	385
Loans to customers and accrued interest							
receivables	61,634	954	129	3,984	59,221	37,279	163,201
Other assets	5,484	272	77	<u>791</u>	390	1,084	8,098
Total	269,149	22,800	<u>3,755</u>	39,821	97,050	81,749	514,324
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Deposits	65,948	1,637	463	5,380	25,744	31,420	130,592
Interbank and money market items	23,318	1	-	119	11,762	11,332	46,532
Liabilities payable on demand	18,466	349	78	1,089	801	426	21,209
Financial liabilities measured at fair value							
through profit or loss	47	-	-	-	-	-	47
Debts issued and borrowings	65,687	1,135	-	-	-	-	66,822
Other liabilities	<u>13,816</u>	3,311	391	547	<u>1,015</u>	1,625	20,705
Total	187,282	6,433	932	<u>7,135</u>	39,322	44,803	285,907
Foreign currency position of							
items recognized on the statements							
of financial position - net	<u>81,867</u>	<u>16,367</u>	<u>2,823</u>	32,686	<u>57,728</u>	<u>36,946</u>	228,417
items not recognized on the statements							
of financial position* - net	(35,907)	<u>(16,242)</u>	<u>139</u>	(28,630)	(67,508)	<u>(19,568)</u>	(167,716)

^{*} Forward exchange contracts, cross currency swaps and FX options

(Unit: Million Baht)

<u>The Bank</u> 30 June 2025

			(Currency			
	US Dollar	<u>Yen</u>	Pound	<u>Euro</u>	<u>Yuan</u>	<u>Others</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash	659	203	78	224	65	510	1,739
Interbank and money market items - net	100,448	2,525	111	2,492	5,331	5,479	116,386
Financial assets measured at fair value							
through profit or loss	1,845	-	-	-	-	-	1,845
Investments - net	80,813	21,732	-	26,381	3,543	1,201	133,670
Investments in subsidiaries and							
associates - net	18,473	-	-	-	12,635	1,769	32,877
Loans to customers and accrued interest							
receivables	53,102	907	140	5,262	4,292	10,317	74,020
Other assets	7,022	167	50	<u>355</u>	41	<u>175</u>	7,810
Total	262,362	25,534	_379	34,714	25,907	19,451	368,347
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Deposits	81,571	1,905	487	2,627	1,466	6,234	94,290
Interbank and money market items	29,218	38	-	140	1,195	6,868	37,459
Liabilities payable on demand	19,505	253	41	567	1,114	379	21,859
Debts issued and borrowings	55,879	620	-	-	-	-	56,499
Other liabilities	9,474	2,303	147	393	18	729	13,064
Total	195,647	5,119	675	3,727	3,793	14,210	223,171
Foreign currency position of							
items recognized on the statements							
of financial position - net	66,715	20,415	<u>(296)</u>	30,987	22,114	5,241	145,176
items not recognized on the statements							
of financial position* - net	(35,697)	(20,402)	_200	(30,719)	(24,619)	(16,439)	<u>(127,676)</u>

 $^{^{\}star}$ Forward exchange contracts, cross currency swaps and FX options

(Unit: Million Baht)

The Bank
31 December 2024

				Currency			
	US Dollar	<u>Yen</u>	Pound	<u>Euro</u>	<u>Yuan</u>	<u>Others</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Assets</u>							
Cash	1,157	164	97	566	53	603	2,640
Interbank and money market items - net	112,819	16,216	216	617	8,545	5,810	144,223
Financial assets measured at fair value							
through profit or loss	1,958	-	-	-	-	-	1,958
Investments - net	55,604	1,371	-	17,381	-	1,146	75,502
Investments in subsidiaries and							
associates - net	18,473	-	-	-	12,635	1,769	32,877
Loans to customers and accrued interest							
receivables	57,047	954	129	3,984	5,733	11,601	79,448
Other assets	3,736	238	56	<u>252</u>	5	<u>168</u>	4,455
Total	250,794	18,943	498	22,800	26,971	21,097	341,103
<u>Liabilities</u>							
Deposits	61,787	1,637	463	5,380	1,295	5,784	76,346
Interbank and money market items	22,905	1	-	119	758	6,590	30,373
Liabilities payable on demand	18,466	349	78	1,089	801	426	21,209
Debts issued and borrowings	55,971	1,135	-	-	-	-	57,106
Other liabilities	12,456	<u>3,275</u>	214	301	10	<u>769</u>	<u>17,025</u>
Total	<u>171,585</u>	6,397	<u>755</u>	6,889	2,864	<u>13,569</u>	202,059
Foreign currency position of							
items recognized on the statements							
of financial position - net	<u>79,209</u>	<u>12,546</u>	<u>(257)</u>	<u>15,911</u>	<u>24,107</u>	<u>7,528</u>	139,044
items not recognized on the statements							
of financial position* - net	(45,993)	(12,528)	<u>139</u>	(16,339)	(26,904)	(19,568)	(121,193)

 $^{^{\}star}$ Forward exchange contracts, cross currency swaps and FX options

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (UNAUDITED)

3. Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk arising from changes in the price of equities or common stocks that may affect the value of the Bank's financial instruments or may cause volatility in the Bank's earnings, capital, financial assets and liabilities, both in the current reporting period and in the future.

The Bank and/or its subsidiaries manages equity position mainly for supporting equity underwriting business and nondirectional equity trading business to serve customers' demand, as well as investing in equity securities, either directly or indirectly, under relevant applicable regulations.

4. Commodity price risk

Commodity price risk is the risk arising from changes in the price of commodities that may affect the value of the Bank's financial instruments, or may cause volatility in the Bank's earnings, capital, financial assets and liabilities, both in the current reporting period and in the future.

The Bank mainly focuses on managing risk arising from commodity trading business to serve customers' demand under back-to-back risk management and relevant applicable regulations.

5. Credit spread risk

Credit spread risk is the risk arising from changes in credit spreads which may affect the value of the Bank's financial instruments or may cause volatility in the Bank's earnings, capital, financial assets and liabilities, both in the current reporting period and in the future.

The Bank manages credit spread risk arising from bond underwriting, bond investment, and bond trading business mainly to serve customers' demand under relevant applicable regulations.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (UNAUDITED)

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Bank will be unable to meet its obligations as they fall due because of an inability to liquidate

assets or obtain sufficient funding in a timely manner at an appropriate cost which could result in losses.

The Bank manages its liquidity risk under the Bank of Thailand's liquidity reserve regulations and other applicable

regulations by sourcing for short-term and long-term funding, investing in highly liquid assets in both domestic and foreign

currencies, maintaining Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) in order to ensure that the Bank has sufficient liquidity to support

net cash outflows under liquidity stress scenario, and setting up various tools and limits for risk measurement, monitoring

and control, and reporting. The Bank also ensures that its liquidity position is suitable and sufficient for operations under

both normal and critical situations.

In accordance with the BOT's directive number SOR NOR SOR 2/2561, dated 25 January 2018, titled "The Disclosure of

Liquidity coverage ratio disclosure standards", requires KASIKORNBANK FINANCIAL CONGLOMERATE to disclose the

liquidity requirements, were as follows:

Location of disclosure Through the website under the investor relations section Date of disclosure

"https://www.kasikornbank.com/en/IR/FinanInfoReports/Pages/financial-reports.aspx"

Date of disclosure Within 4 months after the period end date as indicated in the notification

Information as of 31 December 2024

The disclosure for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 will be provided on or before 31 October 2025 on the Bank's

website as noted above.

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Financial assets and liabilities, classified by remaining contractual maturity analysis, as of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024 were as follows:

(Unit : Million Baht)

						,	,
			<u>(</u>	<u>Consolidated</u>			
			<u>3</u>	80 June 2025			
		Within	Over 6 Months	Over 1 Year	Over	No	
	At call	6 Months	to 1 Year	to 5 Years	5 Years	Maturity	<u>Total</u>
Financial Assets							
Cash	-	-	-	-	-	36,041	36,041
Interbank and money market items	56,671	446,453	18,113	2,834	1,733	-	525,804
Financial assets measured at							
fair value through profit or loss	975	2,343	3,919	6,258	12,177	28,586	54,258
Investments*	716	61,549	24,991	292,837	143,547	11,539	535,179
Loans to customers and accrued							
interest receivables	277,792	647,838	<u>161,599</u>	<u>544,323</u>	<u>820,906</u>		<u>2,452,458</u>
Total Financial Assets	336,154	<u>1,158,183</u>	208,622	<u>846,252</u>	978,363	76,166	3,603,740
Financial Liabilities							
Deposits	2,201,807	287,475	159,184	71,389	-	-	2,719,855
Interbank and money market items	39,017	63,213	16,823	61,049	-	-	180,102
Liabilities payable on demand	31,899	-	-	-	-	-	31,899
Financial liabilities measured at							
fair value through profit or loss	3	84	231	72	-	-	390
Debts issued and borrowings		1,972	31	20,004	33,467	10,753	66,227
Total Financial Liabilities	2,272,726	352,744	<u>176,269</u>	<u>152,514</u>	33,467	_10,753	<u>2,998,473</u>
Liquidity - net	(1,936,572)	805,439	_32,353	693,738	944,896	65,413	605,267
Liquidity - cumulative net	(1,936,572)	(1,131,133)	(1,098,780)	(405,042)	539,854	605,267	605,267

^{*}Investments of the life insurance subsidiary which are held primarily in relation to the insurance contract liabilities, are not presented in the table.

(Unit : Million Baht)

Consolidated

31 December 2024

(Restated)

		Within	Over 6 Months	S Over 1 Year	Over	No	
	At call	6 Months	to 1 Year	to 5 Years	5 Years	Maturity	<u>Total</u>
Financial Assets							
Cash	-	-	-	-	-	46,021	46,021
Interbank and money market items	38,232	467,711	11,277	4,019	1,806	-	523,045
Financial assets measured at							
fair value through profit or loss	127	798	1,182	18,102	12,405	28,474	61,088
Investments*	512	66,691	46,916	193,344	137,510	12,987	457,960
Loans to customers and accrued							
interest receivables	285,691	674,293	<u>175,104</u>	540,987	824,280		2,500,355
Total Financial Assets	324,562	1,209,493	234,479	756,452	976,001	87,482	3,588,469
Financial Liabilities							
Deposits	2,180,141	378,065	96,571	63,898	-	-	2,718,675
Interbank and money market items	41,558	56,873	5,164	68,549	-	-	172,144
Liabilities payable on demand	30,459	-	-	-	-	-	30,459
Financial liabilities measured at							
fair value through profit or loss	52	65	-	8	-	-	125
Debts issued and borrowings	1	1,045	1,616	20,281	_33,568	10,823	67,334
Total Financial Liabilities	2,252,211	436,048	103,351	<u>152,736</u>	33,568	10,823	2,988,737
Liquidity - net	(1,927,649)	773,445	131,128	603,716	942,433	76,659	599,732
Liquidity - cumulative net	(1,927,649)	(1,154,204)	(1,023,076)	(419,360)	523,073	599,732	599,732

^{*}Investments of the life insurance subsidiary which are held primarily in relation to the insurance contract liabilities, are not presented in the table.

(Unit : Million Baht)

The Bank	
30 June 2025	

				30 June 2023			
		Within	Over 6 Months	Over 1 Year	Over	No	
	At call	6 Months	to 1 Year	to 5 Years	5 Years	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Total</u>
Financial Assets							
Cash	-	-	-	-	-	35,711	35,711
Interbank and money market items	45,609	450,971	19,548	13,880	1,657	-	531,665
Financial assets measured at							
fair value through profit or loss	163	2,218	3,509	6,122	2,084	10,442	24,538
Investments	716	41,126	17,346	284,548	139,439	4,830	488,005
Loans to customers and accrued							
interest receivables	267,110	598,270	<u>127,040</u>	<u>517,917</u>	<u>835,773</u>		2,346,110
Total Financial Assets	313,598	1,092,585	<u>167,443</u>	822,467	978,953	50,983	3,426,029
Financial Liabilities							
Deposits	2,203,338	257,400	154,411	70,770	-	-	2,685,919
Interbank and money market items	43,783	53,149	16,361	60,414	-	-	173,707
Liabilities payable on demand	31,954	-	-	-	-	-	31,954
Debts issued and borrowings		2,086	1	_19,998	23,664	<u>10,753</u>	56,502
Total Financial Liabilities	2,279,075	312,635	<u>170,773</u>	<u>151,182</u>	23,664	<u>10,753</u>	2,948,082
Liquidity - net	(1,965,477)	779,950	(3,330)	671,285	955,289	40,230	477,947
Liquidity - cumulative net	(1,965,477)	(1,185,527)	(1,188,857)	(517,572)	437,717	477,947	477,947

(Unit : Million Baht)

The Bank

31 December 2024

		Within	Over 6 Months	Over 1 Year	Over	No	
	At call	6 Months	to 1 Year	to 5 Years	5 Years	Maturity	<u>Total</u>
Financial Assets							
Cash	-	-	-	-	-	45,676	45,676
Interbank and money market items	25,671	455,664	25,219	18,168	1,806	-	526,528
Financial assets measured at							
fair value through profit or loss	55	571	1,182	18,027	3,222	10,729	33,786
Investments	512	44,208	43,470	182,235	132,485	5,223	408,133
Loans to customers and accrued							
interest receivables	272,327	650,747	148,731	503,822	<u>816,103</u>		2,391,730
Total Financial Assets	298,565	<u>1,151,190</u>	218,602	722,252	<u>953,616</u>	61,628	3,405,853
Financial Liabilities							
Deposits	2,182,001	343,364	90,777	63,264	-	-	2,679,406
Interbank and money market items	44,176	48,696	1,273	67,552	-	-	161,697
Liabilities payable on demand	30,459	-	-	-	-	-	30,459
Debts issued and borrowings		547	2,123	20,275	23,344	10,823	57,112
Total Financial Liabilities	2,256,636	392,607	94,173	<u>151,091</u>	23,344	10,823	2,928,674
Liquidity - net	(1,958,071)	758,583	124,429	<u>571,161</u>	930,272	50,805	477,179
Liquidity - cumulative net	(1,958,071)	(1,199,488)	(1,075,059)	(503,898)	426,374	477,179	477,179

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (UNAUDITED)

Operational Risk Management

Operational risk is defined as the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed processes, people, operating and IT systems, or from external events/factors. Operational risk could result in direct or indirect impacts to the Bank, subsidiaries or customers including impacts on the Bank's earnings and capital funds.

The Bank's operational risk management has been implemented, through systematic and effective risk identification, assessment, monitoring, control, and reporting of operational risk level related to products, services, and processes continuously. All units of the Bank are required to report their operational risk exposures, loss data and to establish controls to mitigate the risks. Various operational risk management tools – such as Risk and Control Self-Assessment (RCSA), Key Risk Indicators (KRI), and other IT systems - have been employed to ensure that operational risks are monitored and managed within an acceptable level, to prevent and mitigate impacts to the Bank, subsidiaries or customers, achieve customers' trustworthiness towards the Bank's products and services, and comply with relevant laws and regulations.

Insurance Risk Management

Insurance risk is the risk arising from fluctuation of claim frequency, claim severity and time of claim occurrence that deviates from the pricing, insurance contract liabilities reserving, and underwriting.

Pricing risk refers to the risk that the prices charged by the subsidiary for insurance contracts will be ultimately inadequate to support the future obligations arising from those insurance contracts. This risk is applicable for newly launched products. Pricing risk may occur where setting price assumptions are not appropriate, or having risk that the contracts expose it to risks that were not anticipated in the design of pricing of those products, or selecting pricing model is not appropriate. These mentioned outcomes may result to the financial loss of the subsidiary. The subsidiary manages the risk through the product approval process where products are regularly reviewed against pricing, design and profitability tests agreed by the product development sub-committee.

Fulfilment cash flows reserving risk refers to the risk that future cash flows adjusted with risk adjustment for non-financial risk for its policyholder future obligations will be inadequate because the major risk factors such as mortality rate, morbidity rate, lapse and surrender rate, or related expense ratio, etc. deviates from the assumptions applied by the subsidiary. The subsidiary revisit and amend those assumptions regularly at least once a year.

Additionally, to ensure that the subsidiary holds adequate reserves for future obligations, the control process on the quality of the in force policy data and the actuarial models are taken into consideration. The subsidiary's internal audit department verifies the correctness and completeness of the in force policy data at least twice a year.

Concentration of insurance risk

Concentration of risk may arise where a particular event or a series of events could impact heavily upon the subsidiary company's insurance contract liabilities.

Most of the subsidiary company's contracts are life insurance non-par contract with guaranteed benefits. The amount of risk to which the subsidiary company is exposed depends on the level of guarantees inherent in the contracts and the current interest rate. The changes in interest rate will cause a change to the amount of the insurance contract liability, as a current risk-free rate that adjusted with an observable illiquidity characteristic is applied in measured most of the insurance contracts.

6 CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The capital funds and the ratios of capital to risk weighted assets (Capital Adequacy Ratio) of KASIKORNBANK FINANCIAL CONGLOMERATE and the Bank as at 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024 are set out below. The Bank has chosen to adopt the Standardized Approach in accordance with BOT requirements, which is in line with the requirements of Basel III.

(Unit : Million Baht)

KASIKORNBANK FINANCIAL

<u>CONGLOMERATE</u>

	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
		(Restated)
Tier 1 Capital		
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (CET1)		
Issued and paid-up share capital, premium on common shares	41,796	41,796
Legal reserve	3,050	3,050
Net profit after appropriation	458,071	462,677
Other comprehensive income	30,531	25,754
Capital adjustment items on CET1	(2,178)	(3,285)
Less Capital deduction items on CET1	(39,827)	<u>(41,082)</u>
Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (CET1)	491,443	488,910
Additional Tier 1 Capital		
Additional Tier 1 Capital instruments	27,317	27,317
Less Capital deduction items on Additional Tier 1	<u>(391)</u>	(405)
Total Additional Tier 1 Capital	26,926	26,912
Total Tier 1 Capital Base	<u>518,369</u>	515,822
Tier 2 Capital		
Tier 2 Capital instrument	24,508	24,508
General Provision	31,074	31,529
Less Capital deduction items on Tier 2	<u>(543)</u>	<u>(491)</u>
Total Tier 2 Capital Base	55,039	<u>55,546</u>
Total Capital Base	<u>573,408</u>	<u>571,368</u>
Total Risk-Weighted Assets	2,774,965	2,807,565

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (UNAUDITED)

(Unit : Percentage)

KASIKORNBANK FINANCIAL CONGLOMERATE

Minimum requirements including

Capital Adequacy Ratio	Buffer requirements*	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
			(Restated)
Tier 1 Capital ratio	9.50	18.68	18.37
Common Equity Tier 1 ratio	8.00	17.71	17.41
Tier 2 Capital ratio	-	1.98	1.98
Capital adequacy ratio	12.00	20.66	20.35

 $^{^{\}ast}$ Bank of Thailand (BOT) requires the Bank to maintain 2 capital buffers as follows:

- Conservation buffer: BOT requires the Bank to maintain an additional Common Equity Tier 1 at more than 2.50 percent.
- Domestic Systemically Important Banks Buffer (D-SIBs Buffer): BOT requires the D-SIBs to maintain an additional Common Equity Tier 1 at 1 percent of total risk weighted assets.

(Unit : Million Baht)

The Bank

	<u>i ne</u>	<u>e Bank</u>
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Tier 1 Capital		
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (CET1)		
Issued and paid-up share capital, premium on common shares	41,796	41,796
Legal reserve	3,050	3,050
Net profit after appropriation	400,610	403,553
Other comprehensive income	27,563	21,775
Capital adjustment items on CET1	(1,240)	(2,315)
Less Capital deduction items on CET1	<u>(30,637)</u>	<u>(31,187)</u>
Total Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (CET1)	441,142	436,672
Additional Tier 1 Capital		
Additional Tier 1 Capital instruments	27,317	27,317
Less Capital deduction items on Additional Tier 1	(391)	(405)
Total Additional Tier 1 Capital	26,926	26,912
Total Tier 1 Capital Base	<u>468,068</u>	463,584
Tier 2 Capital		
Tier 2 Capital instrument	24,508	24,508
General Provision	29,272	29,661
Total Tier 2 Capital Base	53,780	54,169
Total Capital Base	<u>521,848</u>	<u>517,753</u>
Total Risk-Weighted Assets	2,620,972	2,647,883

(Unit : Percentage)

The Bank

Minimum requirements including

Capital Adequacy Ratio	Buffer requirements*	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Tier 1 Capital ratio	9.50	17.86	17.51
Common Equity Tier 1 ratio	8.00	16.83	16.49
Tier 2 Capital ratio	-	2.05	2.04
Capital adequacy ratio	12.00	19.91	19.55

^{*} Bank of Thailand (BOT) requires the Bank to maintain 2 capital buffers as follows:

- Conservation buffer: BOT requires the Bank to maintain an additional Common Equity Tier 1 at more than 2.50 percent.
- Domestic Systemically Important Banks Buffer (D-SIBs Buffer): BOT requires the D-SIBs to maintain an additional Common Equity Tier 1 at 1 percent of total risk weighted assets.

As at 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, the Bank and KASIKORNBANK FINANCIAL CONGLOMERATE have no addon arising from Single Lending Limit.

In accordance with the BOT's directive number SOR NOR SOR 14/2562, dated 28 June 2019, titled "The Disclosure of Capital Requirements of Commercial Banks (No. 2)" and the BOT's directive number SOR NOR SOR 15/2562, dated 28 June 2019, titled "The Disclosure of Capital Requirements of Commercial Banks on Consolidated Basis (No. 2)", requires KASIKORNBANK FINANCIAL CONGLOMERATE to disclose the capital requirements, were as follows:

Location of disclosure	I hrough the website of the Bank under the investor relations section Date of disclosure
	$\verb "https://www.kasikornbank.com/en/IR/FinanInfoReports/Pages/financial-reports.aspx" $
Date of disclosure	Within 4 months after the period end date as indicated in the notification
Information as of	31 December 2024

The disclosure for the the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 will be provided on or before 31 October 2025 on the Bank's website as noted above.

7 CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Financial assets and financial liabilities is as follows:

(Unit : Million Baht)

<u>Consolidated</u>
30 June 2025

			<u>00 00110 E</u>	020		
	Financial	Financial	Investment in debt	Investment in equity		
	instrument	instrument	measured at fair	designated at fair	Financial	
	measured at fair	designated at fair	value through other	value through other	instrument	
	value through	value through	comprehensive	comprehensive	measured at	
	profit or loss	profit or loss	<u>income</u>	<u>income</u>	amortized cost	<u>Total</u>
Financial Assets						
Cash	-	-	-	-	36,041	36,041
Interbank and money						
market items - net	-	-	-	=	525,516	525,516
Financial assets measured						
at fair value through						
profit or loss	53,874	384	-	-	-	54,258
Derivative assets	48,230	-	-	-	3,072	51,302
Investments - net	-	-	940,452	86,545	131,734	1,158,731
Loans to customers and						
accrued interest						
receivables - net				-	<u>2,313,767</u>	<u>2,313,767</u>
Total	102,104	384	940,452	86,545	3,010,130	4,139,615
Financial Liabilities						
Deposits	-	-	-	-	2,719,855	2,719,855
Interbank and money						
market items	-	-	-	-	180,102	180,102
Liabilities payable on						
demand	-	-	-	-	31,899	31,899
Financial liabilities						
measured at fair value						
through profit or loss	3	387	-	-	-	390
Derivative liabilities	37,536	-	-	-	1,123	38,659
Debts issued and						
borrowings	<u>54,415</u>				<u>11,812</u>	66,227
Total	91,954	387			2,944,791	3,037,132

(Unit : Million Baht)

Consolidated

31 December 2024

(Restated)

	(Restated)					
	Financial Investment in debt Investment in equity					
	instrument	instrument	measured at fair	designated at fair	Financial	
	measured at fair	designated at fair	value through other	value through other	instrument	
	value through	value through	comprehensive	comprehensive	measured at	
	profit or loss	profit or loss	<u>income</u>	income	amortized cost	<u>Total</u>
Financial Assets						
Cash	-	-	-	-	46,021	46,021
Interbank and money						
market items - net	-	-	-	-	522,729	522,729
Financial assets measured						
at fair value through						
profit or loss	61,017	71	-	-	-	61,088
Derivative assets	48,302	-	-	-	4,815	53,117
Investments - net	-	-	845,966	89,249	125,405	1,060,620
Loans to customers and						
accrued interest						
receivables - net					<u>2,368,649</u>	2,368,649
Total	109,319	<u>71</u>	845,966	89,249	3,067,619	4,112,224
Financial Liabilities						
Deposits	-	-	-	-	2,718,675	2,718,675
Interbank and money						
market items	-	-	-	-	172,144	172,144
Liabilities payable on						
demand	-	-	-	-	30,459	30,459
Financial liabilities						
measured at fair value						
through profit or loss	52	73	-	-	-	125
Derivative liabilities	41,068	-	-	-	273	41,341
Debts issued and						
borrowings	54,441		<u> </u>		12,893	67,334
Total	95,561	<u>73</u>			2,934,444	3,030,078

Total

93,256

(Unit : Million Baht)

2,894,615

2,987,871

			The Bank	,	
			30 June 2025		
	Financial	Investment in debt	Investment in equity		
	instrument	measured at fair	designated at fair	Financial	
	measured at fair	value through other	value through other	instrument	
	value through	comprehensive	comprehensive	measured at	
	profit or loss	income	<u>income</u>	amortized cost	<u>Total</u>
Financial Assets					
Cash	-	-	-	35,711	35,711
Interbank and money market					
items - net	-	-	-	531,291	531,291
Financial assets measured at					
fair value through profit or loss	24,538	-	-	-	24,538
Derivative assets	42,000	-	-	3,026	45,026
Investments - net	-	378,476	4,830	104,593	487,899
Loans to customers and accrued					
interest receivables - net				<u>2,217,128</u>	<u>2,217,128</u>
Total	66,538	<u>378,476</u>	4,830	2,891,749	3,341,593
Financial Liabilities					
Deposits	-	-	-	2,685,919	2,685,919
Interbank and money market items	-	-	-	173,707	173,707
Liabilities payable on demand	-	-	-	31,954	31,954
Derivative liabilities	38,841	-	-	948	39,789
Debts issued and borrowings	<u>54,415</u>		_ _	2,087	56,502

41,765

54,441

96,206

Financial Assets

items - net

Derivative assets

Investments - net

Financial Liabilities

Derivative liabilities

Deposits

Interbank and money market

Financial assets measured at

fair value through profit or loss

Loans to customers and accrued interest receivables - net

Total

Liabilities payable on demand

Debts issued and borrowings

Total

Cash

(Unit: Million Baht)

The Bank

31 December 2024 Financial Investment in debt Investment in equity instrument measured at fair designated at fair Financial measured at fair value through other value through other instrument value through comprehensive comprehensive measured at profit or loss income income amortized cost Total 45,676 45,676 526,134 526,134 33,786 33,786 42,961 4,403 47,364 307,779 5,223 94,632 407,634 2,269,661 2,269,661 5,223 3,330,255 76,747 307,779 2,940,506 2,679,406 2,679,406 Interbank and money market items 161,697 161,697

30,459

2,671

2,874,506

273

30,459

42,038

57,112

2,970,712

8 SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OF CASH FLOWS

Significant non-cash items for the six - month period ended 30 June 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Consc	<u>olidated</u>	The Bank		
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	2024	
Change in foreign exchange for long-term debts issued					
and borrowings*	(2,933)	5,305	(2,533)	4,552	

^{*} The Bank and its subsidiaries manage its banking exposures through the use of derivatives

9 INTERBANK AND MONEY MARKET ITEMS - NET (ASSETS)

Interbank and money market items - net (assets) consisted of:

(Unit : Million Baht)

		<u>Cons</u>	<u>solidated</u>	The Bank		
		30 June 2025	31 December 2024	30 June 2025	31 December 2024	
1.	<u>Domestic</u>					
	The BOT and FIDF	319,248	310,658	319,248	310,658	
	Commercial banks	89,796	51,966	86,621	49,443	
	Specialised financial institutions	11,376	12,879	10,481	10,456	
	Other financial institutions	<u> 576</u>	14,472	<u>1,596</u>	14,441	
	Total	420,996	389,975	417,946	384,998	
	Add Accrued interest receivable and					
	undue interest income	139	224	129	211	
	<u>Less</u> Allowance for expected credit loss	(122)	<u>(77)</u>	<u>(87)</u>	(43)	
	Total domestic	<u>421,013</u>	390,122	417,988	<u>385,166</u>	
2.	<u>Foreign</u>					
	US Dollars	69,463	82,006	95,795	108,821	
	Chinese Yuan	18,356	15,554	5,107	8,109	
	Japanese Yen	286	16,218	2,541	16,217	
	Euro	2,496	618	2,492	617	
	Other currencies	13,350	<u>17,923</u>	5,797	<u>6,346</u>	
	Total	103,951	132,319	111,732	140,110	
	Add Accrued interest receivable and					
	undue interest income	718	527	1,858	1,209	
	<u>Less</u> Allowance for expected credit loss	(152)	(225)	(273)	(337)	
	Total foreign	104,517	<u>132,621</u>	<u>113,317</u>	140,982	
3.	Fair value hedge adjustments					
	Fair value hedge adjustments	(14)	(14)	(14)	(14)	
	Total fair value hedge adjustments	(14)	(14)	(14)	<u>(14)</u>	
	Total domestic foreign and fair value					
	hedge adjustments	525,516	522,729	<u>531,291</u>	<u>526,134</u>	

10 FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss consisted of;

10.1 Trading financial assets:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Cons	<u>olidated</u>	The Bank		
	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	
		(Restated)			
Government and state enterprise securities	8,487	14,734	8,487	14,733	
Private enterprise debt instruments	1,920	2,449	1,920	2,449	
Marketable equity securities - domestic	952	2,673	23	22	
Loans	3,689	<u>5,875</u>	3,689	<u>5,875</u>	
Total	<u>15,048</u>	<u>25,731</u>	<u>14,119</u>	23,079	

10.2 Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss:

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated

	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Private enterprise debt instruments	-	10
Foreign debt instruments	<u>384</u>	<u>61</u>
Total	<u>384</u>	<u>_71</u>

10.3 Financial assets - others:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Cons	solidated_	The Bank		
	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	
	2025	2024	<u>2025</u>	2024	
Private enterprise debt instruments	30,303	27,572	7,316	7,103	
Foreign debt instruments	3,631	2,245	-	-	
Marketable equity securities – domestic	219	296	219	296	
Others	4,673	<u>5,173</u>	2,884	3,308	
Total	<u>38,826</u>	<u>35,286</u>	<u>10,419</u>	<u>10,707</u>	
Total Financial assets measured at fair value					
through profit or loss	<u>54,258</u>	<u>61,088</u>	<u>24,538</u>	<u>33,786</u>	

11 DERIVATIVES

11.1 Trading derivatives

Fair value and notional amount classified by type of risks consisted of:

(Unit : Million Baht)

Consolidated

		<u>Fair v</u>	<u>alue</u>		Notional amount classified by maturity						
	<u>Assets</u>		<u>Lia</u>	<u>bilities</u>	<u>Up to</u>	o 1 year	Over 1 year		<u>Total</u>		
	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	
Type of risk	<u>2025</u>	2024	<u>2025</u>	2024	2025	2024	<u>2025</u>	2024	2025	2024	
Exchange rate	28,897	30,479	22,746	26,796	1,599,142	1,669,770	236,796	190,667	1,835,938	1,860,437	
Interest rate	9,362	7,538	9,368	7,134	334,066	197,956	605,170	552,609	939,236	750,565	
Others											
- Commodities	84	266	78	258	3,084	8,013	-	-	3,084	8,013	
- Equities	335	312	7	132	1,643	3,271	7,050	6,871	8,693	10,142	
- Debts	-	-	-	14	-	200	-	-	-	200	
- Others	(549)	(482)									
Total	38,129	38,113	32,199	34,334	1,937,935	1,879,210	849,016	750,147	2,786,951	2,629,357	

(Unit: Million Baht)

The Bank

		<u>Fair v</u>	<u>alue</u>		Notional amount classified by maturity						
	<u>Assets</u>		<u>Liabilities</u>		<u>Up to</u>	o 1 year	Over 1 year		<u>Total</u>		
	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	
Type of risk	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	2025	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	
Exchange rate	28,720	30,525	24,160	27,525	1,585,493	1,650,440	250,398	201,083	1,835,891	1,851,523	
Interest rate	9,362	7,538	9,368	7,134	334,066	197,956	605,170	552,609	939,236	750,565	
Others											
- Commodities	84	266	78	258	3,084	8,013	-	-	3,084	8,013	
- Equities	221	198	221	198	-	-	9,739	9,436	9,739	9,436	
- Debts	-	-	-	14	-	200	-	-	-	200	
- Others	(549)	(482)									
Total	37,838	38,045	33,827	35,129	1,922,643	1,856,609	865,307	763,128	2,787,950	2,619,737	

11.2 Hedging derivatives

11.2.1 Fair value hedge

Fair value hedge is used to manage the exposure of changes in fair value of fixed rate and/or foreign currency rate banking book instruments, mainly are interbank and money market items - net (assets), investments and borrowings where their carrying amount of assets and liabilities, attributable to the hedged risk as of 30 June 2025 are Baht 41,385 million and Baht 56,974 million, respectively. They are hedged by interest rate swap or FX swap as per table below which arose ineffectiveness which recognized loss in the profit or loss for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 of Baht 10 million.

Fair value and notional amount classified by type of risks consisted of

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated and The Bank

Fair value

	A	<u>ssets</u>	Lia	<u>bilities</u>	Notional Amount		
	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	
Type of risks	2025	<u>2024</u>	2025	<u>2024</u>	2025	<u>2024</u>	
Exchange rate	196	-	176	-	23,403	-	
Interest rate	839	<u>526</u>	3,926	<u>6,186</u>	<u>163,766</u>	<u>161,663</u>	
Total	<u>1,035</u>	<u>526</u>	<u>4,102</u>	<u>6,186</u>	<u>187,169</u>	<u>161,663</u>	

11.2.2 Cash flow hedge

Cash flow hedge is used to manage the variability in future cash flows on a floating rate and/or foreign currency rate banking book instruments, mainly are investments and borrowings which are hedged by interest rate swap, FX swap or cross currency interest rate swap with total fair value as per table below.

Cash flow hedge reserve is cumulative amount of effective portion of fair value of hedging instruments which is recognized in other reserves. Cash flow hedge balances for the consolidated financial statements as of 30 June 2025 has gain for Baht 5,656 million which comprises decrease in recognized fair value changes amounting to Baht 418 million and transferred to profit or loss amounting to Baht 522 million. Cash flow hedge balances for the Bank financial statements as of 30 June 2025 has gain for Baht 1,251 million which comprises decrease in recognized fair value changes amounting to Baht 789 million and transferred to profit or loss amounting to Baht 782 million while the ineffective portion that are recognized immediately in the profit or loss of the consolidated and the Bank for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 have gain of Baht 13 million and loss of Baht 57 million, respectively.

Fair value and notional amount classified by type of risks consisted of

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated

Fair value

	<u>Assets</u>		<u>Lia</u>	<u>bilities</u>	Notional Amount		
	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	
Type of risks	2025	<u>2024</u>	2025	2024	<u>2025</u>	2024	
Exchange rate	6,860	5,988	822	359	73,092	52,559	
Interest rate	2,118	3,600	413	187	114,288	113,843	
Others							
- Debts	88	<u>75</u>		2	483	1,030	
Total	9,066	9,663	<u>1,235</u>	<u>548</u>	<u>187,863</u>	<u>167,432</u>	

(Unit: Million Baht)

The Bank

Fair value

	As	<u>ssets</u>	<u>Lial</u>	<u> bilities</u>	Notional Amount		
	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	
Type of risks	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	2025	<u>2024</u>	2025	<u>2024</u>	
Exchange rate	1,009	790	499	263	28,365	13,220	
Interest rate	2,118	<u>3,600</u>	<u>413</u>	<u>187</u>	<u>114,288</u>	113,843	
Total	<u>3,127</u>	<u>4,390</u>	<u>912</u>	<u>450</u>	<u>142,653</u>	<u>127,063</u>	

11.2.3 Net Investment hedge

The Bank and its subsidiaries have designated net investment hedge to hedge the spot fluctuation of foreign currency assets and liabilities of oversea subsidiaries and oversea branches that have different functional currencies from Thai Baht, the bank's functional currency. The hedge relationship was closely monitored and promptly adjust a hedge position through a mixture of derivatives and financial liabilities which are foreign currencies to ensure highly effective for the total hedging period.

11.3 Dynamic Hedging derivatives

Carrying amount and notional amount classified by type of risks consisted of

(Unit : Million Baht)

Consolidated

		Carrying	<u>amount</u>		Notional amount classified by maturity						
	<u>Assets</u>		<u>Liabilities</u>		Up to 1 year		Over 1 year		<u>Total</u>		
	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	
Type of risks	2025	2024	<u>2025</u>	2024	<u>2025</u>	2024	<u>2025</u>	2024	<u>2025</u>	2024	
Exchange rate	3,072	4,815	1,123	273	128,796	156,039	14,473	15,060	143,269	171,099	
Interest rate					104,983	<u>155,375</u>	132,954	<u>151,836</u>	237,937	307,211	
Total	3,072	4,815	<u>1,123</u>	273	233,779	<u>311,414</u>	147,427	166,896	381,206	478,310	

(Unit: Million Baht)

The Bank

		Carrying	<u>amount</u>		Notional amount classified by maturity						
	<u>Assets</u>		<u>Liabilities</u>		Up to 1 year		Over 1 year		<u>Total</u>		
	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	
Type of risks	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	
Exchange rate	3,026	4,403	948	273	108,668	134,978	14,474	15,060	123,142	150,038	
Interest rate					104,983	<u>155,375</u>	132,954	<u>151,836</u>	237,937	307,211	
Total	3,026	<u>4,403</u>	948	<u>273</u>	213,651	290,353	147,428	<u>166,896</u>	361,079	457,249	

12 INVESTMENTS - NET

12.1 Type of investments

12.1 Type of investments				
Investments consisted of:				
			(Uni	it : Million Baht)
		<u>(</u>	Consolidated	<u>I</u>
		<u>At</u>	mortized Co	<u>st</u>
		30 June 202	<u>5</u> <u>31 D</u>	ecember 2024
				(Restated)
1. Investments in debt instruments measured at amortiz	red cost value			
1.1 Government and state enterprise securities		116,771		107,493
1.2 Private enterprise debt instruments		1,015		1,509
1.3 Foreign debt instruments		_14,072		<u>16,908</u>
Total		131,858		125,910
Less Allowance for expected credit loss		(124)		(505)
Total		<u>131,734</u>		<u>125,405</u>
			(Un	it : Million Baht)
		<u>C</u>	Consolidated	<u>[</u>
			Fair value	
		30 June 202		(Postated)
2. Investments in debt instruments measured at fair value	ua thraugh			(Restated)
 Investments in debt instruments measured at fair valuation of the comprehensive income 	<u>ue inrougn</u>			
2.1 Government and state enterprise securities		589,238		563,397
2.2 Private enterprise debt instruments		163,480		163,491
2.3 Foreign debt instruments		<u>187,734</u>		119,078
Total		940,452		845,966
Allowance for expected credit loss		(763)		(767)
			(Uni	t : Million Baht)
		Consolida		•
	Fai	r value		d income
	30 June	31 December	30 June	30 June
	<u>2025</u>	2024	2025	<u>2024</u>
		(Restated)		
3. Investments in equity instruments designated at		<u>,</u>		
fair value through other comprehensive income				
3.1 Marketable equity securities - domestic	34,984	40,972	1,269	1,349
3.2 Marketable equity securities - domestic	43,850	39,137	507	391
3.3 Others				
	<u>7,711</u>	9,140	<u>149</u>	<u>87</u>
Total	<u>86,545</u>	<u>89,249</u>	<u>1,925</u>	<u>1,827</u>
Total Investments - net	<u>1,158,731</u>	<u>1,060,620</u>		

(Unit : Million Baht)

Τ	he	Bar	١k

<u>Amortized</u>	<u>l Cost</u>

	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
1. Investments in debt instruments measured at amortized cost value		
1.1 Government and state enterprise securities	103,684	93,672
1.2 Private enterprise debt instruments	<u>1,015</u>	1,459
Total	104,699	95,131
Less Allowance for expected credit loss	(106)	(499)
Total	104,593	<u>94,632</u>
		(Unit : Million Baht)
	<u>The</u>	<u>Bank</u>
	<u>Fair</u>	<u>r value</u>

	20 1 0005	01 D 0001
	<u>30 June 2025</u>	31 December 2024
2. Investments in debt instruments measured at fair value through		
other comprehensive income		

2.1 Government and state enterprise securities	225,065	213,071
2.2 Private enterprise debt instruments	20,952	20,027
2.3 Foreign debt instruments	<u>132,459</u>	74,681
Total	<u>378,476</u>	307,779
Allowance for expected credit loss	(236)	(222)

(Unit : Million Baht)

The Bank

	<u>Fair value</u>		Dividend income	
	30 June	31 December	30 June	30 June
	2025	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	2024
3. Investments in equity instruments designated at				
fair value through other comprehensive income				
3.1 Marketable equity securities - domestic	3,112	3,573	127	185
3.2 Marketable equity securities - overseas	803	790	4	4
3.3 Others	915	<u>860</u>	<u>106</u>	_59
Total	4,830	<u>5,223</u>	<u>237</u>	<u>248</u>
Total Investments - net	<u>487,899</u>	407,634		

12.2 Derecognized investments

Derecognized investments in equities instrument designated at fair value through other comprehensive income mainly arising from sale during the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 and 2024 as following;

(Unit: Million Baht)

					(-	,
			Cons	<u>olidated</u>		
	Fair v	alue at				
	derecog	nized date	Dividen	<u>id income</u>	<u>Gain</u>	/(Loss)
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	<u>2024</u>
		(Restated)		(Restated)		(Restated)
Derecognized investments	22,799	22,996	82	84	(46)	641
					(Uni	t : Million Baht)
			<u>The</u>	<u>Bank</u>		
	Fair v	alue at				
	derecog	nized date	Dividen	<u>id income</u>	<u>Gain</u>	/(Loss)
	2025	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	2024	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Derecognized investments	596	-	7	-	(163)	-

12.3 Investments in other companies having a going concern uncertainty

Investments held by the Bank and its subsidiaries in companies whose ability to continue as a going concern is uncertain, or unlisted companies whose financial position and operating results are the same as companies which meet SET's criteria for delisting, were as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated and The Bank

		30 June	2025		31 December 2024		
			Allowance for			Allowance for	
	Cost Value	Fair Value	Expected Credit Loss	Cost Value	Fair Value	Expected Credit Loss	
- Equity Securities	11	-	-	11	-	-	
- Debt Securities	<u>783</u>	<u>200</u>	<u>(100)</u>	<u>512</u>		<u>(478)</u>	
Total	<u>794</u>	<u>200</u>	<u>(100)</u>	<u>523</u>		<u>(478)</u>	

12.4 Investments 10% or more held by the Bank and its subsidiaries

Investments held by the Bank and its subsidiaries that were 10% or more of those companies' shares and were not investments in subsidiaries and associated companies, classified by industry were as follows:

(Unit : Million Baht)

	<u>Con</u>	<u>solidated</u>	The Bank		
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024	30 June 2025	31 December 2024	
Agriculture and mining	5	5	-	-	
Property development and construction	2,044	1,395	-	-	
Infrastructure and services	174	230	115	145	
Financial services	2,438	1,896	-	-	
Technology	646	647	-	-	
Others	_609	528	_31	<u>51</u>	
Total	<u>5,916</u>	<u>4,701</u>	<u>146</u>	<u>196</u>	

13 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES – NET

13.1 Type of investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures

Investments in ordinary shares of subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures were as follows:

Consolidated

(Unit: Million Baht)

3,212

5,991

3,306

6,350

				Consolidated				
			% Sha	areholding				
	Country of	Type of	Direct a	and indirect	Cost	method	<u>Equit</u>	y method
Type of Business	<u>Operation</u>	<u>Share</u>	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December
			2025	2024	2025	<u>2024</u>	2025	2024
Service	Thai	Ordinary	30.00%	30.00%	15	15	566	560
Service	Thai	Ordinary	27.94%	27.94%	182	182	1,125	1,217
Service	Thai	Ordinary	22.17%	22.17%	118	118	42	47
Service	Thai	Ordinary	33.33%	33.33%	262	262	196	203
Life Insurance	Kingdom of	Ordinary	18.74%	18.74%	267	267	326	320
	Cambodia							
Service	Socialist	Ordinary	36.00%	36.00%	65	65	56	59
	Republic of							
	Vietnam							
Investment in	Thai	Ordinary	60.00%	60.00%	10	10	-	-
other company								
Stock Broker	Thai	Ordinary	53.05%	53.05%	171	171	147	150
Service	Thai	Ordinary	22.40%	22.40%	136	136	73	102
		Preferred	7.62%	7.62%				
		Stock						
Service	Thai	Ordinary	15.30%	15.30%	26	26	23	24
Service	Thai	Ordinary	15.30%	15.30%	13	13	12	12
Electric Vehicle	Thai	Ordinary	9.90%	9.90%	20	20	8	17
Service								
Battery Swap	Thai	Ordinary	9.90%	9.90%	20	20	20	20
Service Provider								
	Service Service Service Service Service Life Insurance Service Investment in other company Stock Broker Service Service Service Service Electric Vehicle Service Battery Swap	Service Thai Service Socialist Republic of Vietnam Investment in Thai other company Stock Broker Thai Service Thai Service Thai Service Thai Service Thai Service Thai Service Thai Service Thai Service Thai Service Thai Service Thai Service Thai Service Thai Service Thai Service Thai	Service Thai Ordinary Cambodia Service Socialist Ordinary Republic of Vietnam Investment in Thai Ordinary other company Stock Broker Thai Ordinary Service Thai Ordinary Preferred Stock Service Thai Ordinary	Type of Business Operation Share 30 June 2025 Service Thai Ordinary 27.94% Service Thai Ordinary 22.17% Service Thai Ordinary 33.33% Life Insurance Kingdom of Ordinary 33.33% Life Insurance Socialist Ordinary 36.00% Republic of Vietnam Investment in Thai Ordinary 60.00% other company Stock Broker Thai Ordinary 53.05% Service Thai Ordinary 7.62% Service Thai Ordinary 15.30% Service Thai Ordinary 9.90% Service Thai Ordinary 9.90%	Country of Type of Direct	Country of Type of Direct and indirect Cost	Type of Business Country of Country of Type of Direct → Indirect Country of Direct → Indirect Country of Country Type of Durect → Indirect Country of Direct → Indirect Country of Direct → Indirect Country of Durect → Indirect Country of Durect → Indirect Country of Durect → Indirect All December of Durect → Indirect 30 June of June of Durect → Indirect 30 June of Durect → Indirect 40 June of Indirect → Indirect Outs of Indirect 40 June of Indirect Outs of Indirect Outs o	Country of Type of Direct

Ordinary

Ordinary

50.00%

55.00%

50.00%

55.00%

6,600

5,200

6,600

5,000

Joint ventures

CO., LTD. 5)

KASIKORN LINE CO., LTD. 5)

JK ASSET MANAGEMENT

Lending service

Asset Management

Thai

Thai

(Unit : Million Baht)

Consolidated

	% Shareholding									
		Country of	Type of	Direct a	and indirect	Cost	method	Equity method		
	Type of Business	Operation	<u>Share</u>	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	
				2025	2024	2025	<u>2024</u>	2025	<u>2024</u>	
KASIKORN CARABAO	Lending service	Thai	Ordinary	50.00%	50.00%	325	170	282	129	
CO., LTD. ⁵⁾										
BENIX CO., LTD. 6)	Insurance Broker	Thai	Ordinary	12.24%	12.24%	11	11	9	10	
MUANGTHAI RUTNIN CO., LTD. 6)) Hospital	Thai	Ordinary	24.86%	24.86%	32	32	17	24	
T2P HOLDING CO., LTD. 5)	Investment in	Thai	Preferred	50.16%	50.16%	543	543	445	474	
	other companies		Stock							
ARUN ASSET MANAGEMENT	Asset Management	Thai	Ordinary	50.00%	50.00%	500	500	508	500	
CO., LTD. 7)										
Total Investments in Associated Co	ompanies and Joint					14,516	14,161	13,511	13,071	
Ventures										
Less Allowance for impairment						(10)	(10)			
Investments in Associated Companies and Joint Ventures - Net 14,506 14,151 13,511 13,071								13,071		

(Unit : Million Baht)

The	Bank	

% Shareholding

				/0 3110	arenolaling				
		Country of	Type of	Direct a	and indirect	Cost	t method	<u>Dividend</u>	d income
	Type of Business	<u>Operation</u>	<u>Share</u>	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	30 June
				<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	2025	2024	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
<u>Direct subsidiaries</u>									
KASIKORN ASSET	Fund	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	2,003	2,003	1,517	1,463
MANAGEMENT CO., LTD.	Management								
KASIKORN RESEARCH	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	10	10	-	-
CENTER CO., LTD.									
KASIKORN SECURITIES PCL	Securities Business	Thai	Ordinary	99.99%	99.99%	1,512	1,512	600	400
KASIKORN LEASING CO., LTD.	Auto Leasing	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	900	900	150	200
KASIKORN FACTORY &	Equipment Leasing	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	237	237	-	-
EQUIPMENT CO., LTD.									
KASIKORN TECHNOLOGY	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	5	5	-	-
GROUP SECRETARIAT									
CO., LTD. 1)									
KASIKORN LABS CO., LTD. 1)	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	5	5	-	-
KASIKORN SOFT CO., LTD. 1)	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	5	5	-	-
KASIKORN INFRA CO., LTD. 1)	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	5	5	-	-
KASIKORN X CO., LTD. 1)	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	3,472	3,472	-	-
MUANG THAI GROUP	Investment in other	Thai	Ordinary	51.00%	51.00%	7,575	7,575	515	339
HOLDING CO., LTD.	Companies								
("MTGH") ²⁾									
KASIKORNTHAI BANK SOLE	Commercial	Lao PDR	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	1,769	1,769	-	-
LIMITED	Banking								
KASIKORNBANK (CHINA)	Commercial	People's	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	14,802	14,802	-	-
CO., LTD.	Banking	Republic of							
		China							
K-SME VENTURE CAPITAL	Venture Capital	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	-	50	-	100
CO., LTD.									
BEACON VENTURE CAPITAL	Venture Capital	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	7,280	7,280	-	-
CO., LTD.									
KASIKORN VISION CO., LTD.	Investment in other	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	13,000	13,000	-	-
("KVision")	Companies								
KASIKORN VISION FINANCIAL	Investment in other	Republic of	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	16,307	16,307	-	-
COMPANY PTE. LTD.	Companies	Singapore							
("KVF")									
ORBIX HOLDINGS CO., LTD.	Investment in other	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	4,290	3,877	-	-
(Formerly: UNITA CAPITAL	Companies								
CO., LTD.)									

(Unit : Million Baht)

								(Unit : N	fillion Baht)
					The Bank				
				% Sha	areholding				
		Country of	Type of	Direct a	and indirect	Cost	: method	<u>Dividen</u>	d income
	Type of Business	<u>Operation</u>	Share	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	30 June
				2025	<u>2024</u>	2025	2024	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
KASIKORN INVESTURE	Investment in other	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	26,769	17,681	-	-
CO., LTD.	Companies								
KOP50 CO., LTD.	Investment in other	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	202	150	-	-
	Companies								
PHETHAI ASSET	Asset Management	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	1,350	1,350	-	-
MANAGEMENT CO., LTD.									
PROGRESS PLUS CO., LTD.	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	1	1	9	15
PROGRESS APPRAISAL	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	5	5	110	116
CO., LTD.									
PROGRESS GUNPAI SECURITY	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	21	21	31	15
GUARD CO., LTD.									
PROGRESS MANAGEMENT	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	6	6	2	10
CO., LTD.									
PROGRESS FACILITIES	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	5	5	6	8
MANAGEMENT CO., LTD.									
PROGRESS SERVICE	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	2	2	20	20
SECURITY GUARD									
CO., LTD.									
PROGRESS STORAGE	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	3	3	16	11
CO., LTD.									
PROGRESS H R CO., LTD.	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	1	1	25	30
PROGRESS SERVICE SUPPORT	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	4	4	24	25
CO., LTD.									
PROGRESS COLLECTION	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	5	5	20	10
CO., LTD.									
PROGRESS TRAINING	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	2	2	-	-
CO., LTD.									
Indirect subsidiaries									
Subsidiary of KASIKORN									
ASSET MANAGEMENT									
CO., LTD.									
KHAO KLA VENTURE	Venture Capital	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	_	_	_	_
CAPITAL	Management		C. G. Harry	. 5 5 . 5 5 7 6	. 55.5570				
MANAGEMENT	Management								
IVII II VI (OLIVILIA)									

CO., LTD.

(Unit : Million Baht)

					The Bank				
				% Sha	areholding				
		Country of	Type of	Direct a	and indirect	Cost	t method	<u>Dividen</u>	d income
	Type of Business	Operation	<u>Share</u>	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	30 June
				2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Subsidiaries of MUANG THAI									
GROUP HOLDING CO., LTD.									
MUANG THAI LIFE	Life Insurance	Thai	Ordinary	38.25%	38.25%	-	-	-	-
ASSURANCE PCL									
("MTL") ²⁾									
MUANG THAI BROKER	Insurance Broker	Thai	Ordinary	50.99%	50.99%	-	-	-	-
CO., LTD. 2)									
FUCHSIA VENTURE	Venture Capital	Thai	Ordinary	38.25%	38.25%	-	-	-	-
CAPITAL CO., LTD. 2)									
AI GEN CO., LTD. 2)	Service	Thai	Ordinary	47.70%	47.68%	-	-	-	-
Subsidiary of MUANG THAI LIFE									
ASSURANCE PCL									
MT INSURE BROKER	Insurance Broker	Thai	Ordinary	38.25%	38.25%	-	-	-	-
CO., LTD.									
Subsidiaries of KASIKORN X									
CO., LTD.									
BEACON INTERFACE	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	-	-	-	-
CO., LTD. 1)									
KASIKORN X VENTURE	Venture Capital	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	-	-	-	-
CAPITAL CO., LTD.									
Subsidiary of KASIKORN									
LEASING CO., LTD.									
PROGRESS MULTI	Insurance Broker	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	-	-	-	-
INSURANCE BROKER									
CO., LTD.									
Subsidiaries of KASIKORN									
VISION CO., LTD.									
KASIKORN VISION	Service	People's	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	-	-	-	-
INFORMATION		Republic of							
TECHNOLOGY		China							
CO., LTD.									
KBTG VIETNAM CO., LTD.	Service	Socialist	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	-	-	-	-
		Republic of							

Vietnam

(Unit : Million Baht)

								(Unit : N	/IIIIon Bant)
					The Bank				
				% Sha	areholding				
		Country of	Type of	Direct a	and indirect	Cost	t method	Dividen	d income
	Type of Business	<u>Operation</u>	Share	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	30 June
				2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
KASIKORN VISION	Service	Socialist	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	-	-	-	-
ANALYTICS CO., LTD.		Republic of							
		Vietnam							
KASIKORN VISION	Fund	People's	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	-	-	-	-
(SHANGHAI) PRIVATE	Management	Republic of							
FUND MANAGEMENT		China							
CO., LTD.									
Subsidiaries of ORBIX									
HOLDINGS CO., LTD.									
ORBIX CUSTODIAN	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	-	-	-	-
CO., LTD.									
ORBIX INVEST CO., LTD.	Digital Asset Fund	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	-	-	-	-
	Manager								
ORBIX TECHNOLOGY &	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	-	-	-	-
INNOVATION CO., LTD).								
ORBIX TRADE CO., LTD.	Service	Thai	Ordinary	99.59%	99.59%	-	-	-	-
KUBIX DIGITAL ASSET	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	-	-	-	-
CO., LTD.									
Subsidiary of KASIKORN									
VISION FINANCIAL									
COMPANY PTE. LTD.									
PT BANK MASPION	Commercial	Indonesia	Ordinary	84.55%	84.55%	-	-	-	-
INDONESIA TBK	Banking								
PT KASIKORN VISION	Service	Indonesia	Ordinary	99.99%	99.99%	-	-	-	-
FINANCIAL INDONESIA	A								
Subsidiaries of KASIKORN									
INVESTURE CO., LTD.									
NGERN HAI JAI CO., LTD.	Lending service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	-	-	-	-
KAPTURE ONE CO., LTD.	Service	Thai	Ordinary	70.00%	70.00%	-	-	-	-
KASIKORN GLOBAL	Payment service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	-	-	-	-
PAYMENT CO., LTD.	provider								
Subsidiary of KASIKORN SOFT									
CO., LTD.									
MARCO TECHNOLOGY	Service	Thai	Ordinary	75.00%	75.00%	-	-	-	-

CO., LTD.

(Unit: Million Baht)

					The Bank				
				% Sha	areholding				
		Country of	Type of	Direct a	and indirect	Cost	t method	Dividend	d income
	Type of Business	<u>Operation</u>	<u>Share</u>	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	30 June	30 June
				2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Subsidiary of KOP50 CO., LTD.									
KENERGYPLUS CO., LTD.	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	-	-	-	-
KCLIMATE 1.5 CO., LTD.	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	100.00%	-	-	-	-
CREATIVE CLIMATE	Service	Thai	Ordinary	100.00%	-	-	-	-	-
RESEARCH CENTER									
CO., LTD.									
Associated companies									
PROCESSING CENTER	Service	Thai	Ordinary	30.00%	30.00%	15	15	13	12
CO., LTD.									
NATIONAL ITMX CO., LTD.	Service	Thai	Ordinary	27.94%	27.94%	182	182	282	471
BCI (THAILAND) CO., LTD.	Service	Thai	Ordinary	22.17%	22.17%	118	118	-	-
THAI PAYMENT NETWORK	Service	Thai	Ordinary	33.33%	33.33%	262	262		
CO., LTD.									
Total						102,130	92,627	3,340	3,245
Less Allowance for impairment						(1,350)	(1,350)	-	-
Fair value hedge adjustments						(1,652)	(582)		
Investments in Subsidiaries and	Associated Compan	ies - Net				99,128	90,695	3,340	3,245

¹⁾ Companies under Kasikorn Business-Technology Group.

The Bank holds 51% of total issued shares of MTGH and MTGH holds 99.99% of total shares issued by MUANG THAI BROKER CO., LTD. and holds 93.53% (Year 2024 93.49%) of total shares issued by AI GEN CO., LTD. and holds 75% of total shares issued by MTL and FUCHSIA VENTURE CAPITAL CO., LTD.

 $^{^{\}mbox{\scriptsize 3})}$ The Bank holds shares indirectly through MTL.

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny 4)}}$ The Bank holds shares indirectly through BEACON VENTURE CAPITAL CO., LTD.

 $^{^{\}rm 5)}$ $\,$ The Bank holds shares indirectly through KASIKORN INVESTURE CO., LTD.

⁶⁾ The Bank holds shares indirectly through FUCHSIA VENTURE CAPITAL CO., LTD.

⁷⁾ The Bank holds shares indirectly through KASIKORN VISION CO., LTD.

⁸⁾ The Bank holds shares indirectly through KENERGYPLUS CO., LTD.

KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (UNAUDITED)

The accounting for investments in associated companies and joint ventures using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements is based on financial information obtained from unaudited or unreviewed financial statements.

CREATIVE CLIMATE RESEARCH CENTER CO., LTD. (Indirect subsidiary)

In January 2025, KOP50 CO., LTD., a subsidiary of the Bank, established new subsidiary company under the name CREATIVE CLIMATE RESEARCH CENTER CO., LTD. of which 100% of shares are held by KOP50 CO., LTD. The company has Baht 4 million of authorized share capital which Baht 1 million has been paid-up.

KOP50 CO., LTD.

In January to March 2025, the company increased its authorized share capital by Baht 111 million resulting in total authorized share capital of Baht 261 million and additionally partially paid-up share capital by Baht 52 million resulting in total paid-up share capital of Baht 202 million.

KASIKORN INVESTURE CO.,LTD

In March to June 2025, the company additionally paid-up share capital by Baht 68 million, increased its authorized share capital by Baht 9,020 million resulting in total paid-up share capital of Baht 26,769 million of the Baht 27,119 million authorized share capital.

In March 2025, the company also increased its investment in KASIKORN CARABAO CO., LTD. by Baht 85 million resulting in total investment of Baht 280 million from authorized share capital of Baht 800 million which paid-up share capital of Baht 560 million.

In June 2025, the company also increased its investment in JK ASSET MANAGEMENT CO., LTD. by Baht 200 million resulting in total investment of Baht 5,200 million from authorized share capital of Baht 10,400 million and fully paid-up share capital.

ORBIX CUSTODIAN CO., LTD. (Indirect subsidiary)

In March to June 2025, the company increased its authorized share capital by Baht 1,600 million, and additionally paid-up share capital by Baht 475 million to totaling paid-up share capital of Baht 735 million of total authorized share capital of Baht 1,860 million.

KENERGYPLUS CO., LTD. (Indirect subsidiary)

In March 2025, the company increased its authorized share capital by Baht 80 million, and additionally paid-up share capital by Baht 25 million to totaling paid-up share capital of Baht 135 million of total authorized share capital of Baht 190 million.

KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (UNAUDITED)

KCLIAMATE 1.5 CO., LTD., (Indirect subsidiary)

In April 2025, the company increased its authorized share capital by Baht 26 million resulting in total authorized share capital of Baht 51 million and fully paid-up share capital.

ORBIX INVEST CO., LTD. (Indirect subsidiary)

In May 2025, the company increased its authorized share capital by Baht 38 million resulting in total authorized share capital of Baht 289 million and fully paid-up share capital.

ORBIX HOLDINGS CO., LTD.

In June 2025, the company increased its authorized share capital by Baht 1,538 million, and additionally paid-up share capital by Baht 413 million to totaling paid-up share capital of Baht 4,290 million of total authorized share capital of Baht 5,683 million.

13.2 Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries

The proportion of shareholding of non-controlling interests in subsidiaries that are material to the Bank is summarized as follows:

	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
MUANG THAI GROUP HOLDING CO., LTD.	49.00%	49.00%
MUANG THAI LIFE ASSURANCE PCL	61.75%	61.75%
MUANG THAI BROKER CO., LTD.	49.01%	49.01%
MT INSURE BROKER CO., LTD.	61.75%	61.75%
FUCHSIA VENTURE CAPITAL CO., LTD.	61.75%	61.75%
AI GEN CO., LTD.	52.30%	52.32%
PT BANK MASPION INDONESIA TBK	15.45%	15.45%
MARCO TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	25.00%	25.00%
KAPTURE ONE CO., LTD.	30.00%	30.00%

13.3 Financial positions, results of operations and cash flows of the Bank's subsidiaries and associated companies

13.3.1 The summarized financial information of subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Bank is set out below:

					(Unit : Mil	lion Baht)		
		Stat	ements of F	inancial Positio	n			
		30 June 2025		31 [December 2024	<u> </u>		
					(Restated)			
			(Una	udited)				
	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total	Total		
	<u>Assets</u>	<u>Liabilities</u>	<u>Equity</u>	<u>Assets</u>	<u>Liabilities</u>	<u>Equity</u>		
Companies in MTGH Group*	700,146	569,358	130,788	677,271	553,107	124,164		
					(Unit : Mi	llion Baht)		
	State	ements of Profit	t or Loss an	d Other Compre	ehensive Incom	ne		
	For the Three-Month Period Ended 30 June							
	-	2025			2024			
					(Restated)			
	-		(Unau	udited)				
	Operating			Operating				
	Income - net	Expenses***	Net Profit	Income - net	Expenses***	Net Profit		
Companies in MTGH Group*	5,748**	1,626	4,122	4,483**	1,396	3,087		
					(Unit : Mi	llion Baht)		
	State	ements of Profit	t or Loss an	d Other Compre	ehensive Incom	ne		
		For the S	Six-Month P	eriod Ended 30	June			
		2025			2024			
					(Restated)			
			(Unau	udited)				
	Operating			Operating				
	Income - net	Expenses***	Net Profit	Income - net	Expenses***	Net Profit		
Companies in MTGH Group*	9,608**	3,099	6,509	7,549**	2,658	4,891		

^{*} The majority is contributed by Muang Thai Life Assurance PCL.

^{**} Including dividend income among the group for 2025 and 2024 amounting to Baht 1,250 million and Baht 851 million, respectively.

^{***} Expenses comprise total other operating expenses, expected credit loss, impairment loss and income tax expense.

(Unit: Million Baht) Statements of Cash Flows For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2025 (Unaudited) Net Cash by Net Cash by Net Cash by Operating Activities Investing Activities Financing Activities Companies in MTGH Group* 1,645 22 (1,667)(Unit: Million Baht) Statements of Cash Flows For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2024 (Unaudited) Net Cash by Net Cash by Net Cash by Operating Activities Investing Activities Financing Activities Companies in MTGH Group* (1,708)(164)1,872 * The majority is contributed by Muang Thai Life Assurance PCL. 13.3.2 The summarized financial information of the immaterial associated companies is set out below: (Unit: Million Baht) Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income For the Three-Month Period Ended 30 June 2025 2024 (Unaudited) Total Total Net Profit Comprehensive Income Net Profit Comprehensive Income **Associated Companies** 292 262 599 606 (Unit: Million Baht) Statements of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2025 2024 (Unaudited) Total Total Net Profit Comprehensive Income Net Profit Comprehensive Income **Associated Companies** 552 524 1,180 1,147

KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (UNAUDITED)

13.3.3 Disclosure of Statements of Cash Flows of Asset Management Company ("AMC")

PHETHAI ASSET MANAGEMENT CO., LTD.

Statements of Cash Flows

For the Six-Month Periods Ended 30 June 2025 and 2024

(Unit: Million Baht) 2025 2024 CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (Loss) Profit before income tax expense (1) 4 Adjustments for Gain on sale of property foreclosed (1) Reversal of expected credit loss (1) Interest income - net (1) Proceeds from interest 1 Income tax paid (1) (Loss) Profit from operating before changes in operating assets and liabilities (2) 2 Decrease in operating assets Loans to customers 4 Properties foreclosed 3 7 Other assets 8 Increase (Decrease) in operating liabilities Other liabilities (1) Net cash provided by operating activities 8 15 Net increase in cash 8 15 Cash at the beginning of the period/year 36 23 Cash at the end of the period/year 44 38

13.4 Interest in unconsolidated structured entities arising in the normal course of business

The Bank and its subsidiaries transact with unconsolidated structured entities, through involvement in establishment process, acting as the trustee, as well as providing source of funds. These entities may take the form of funds, trusts and REITs.

The provision of funds is in the form of loans which are disbursed under normal business terms. These loans are managed in the same way as all other loans and receivables. The outstanding loans to these structured entities as of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024 amounted to Baht 13,694 million and Baht 13,761 million, respectively.

14 LOANS TO CUSTOMERS AND ACCRUED INTEREST RECEIVABLES - NET

Loans to customers and accrued interest receivables - net consisted of:

14.1 Classified by Type of Loans

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Cons	<u>solidated</u>	The Bank		
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024	30 June 2025	31 December 2024	
		(Restated)			
Overdrafts	273,803	281,895	270,861	278,380	
Loans	1,280,009	1,286,004	1,331,944	1,329,722	
Bills	592,532	618,369	592,109	625,983	
Hire purchase receivables	134,096	136,148	-	-	
Finance lease receivables	20,551	20,068	-	-	
Others	132,991	141,211	132,996	141,217	
Total loans to customers	2,433,982	2,483,695	2,327,910	2,375,302	
Add Accrued interest receivables and undue					
interest income	<u>18,476</u>	16,660	18,200	16,428	
Total loans to customers and accrued					
interest receivables	2,452,458	2,500,355	2,346,110	2,391,730	
<u>Less</u> Allowance for expected credit loss	(138,691)	(131,706)	(128,982)	<u>(122,069)</u>	
Total loans to customers and accrued					
interest receivables – net	<u>2,313,767</u>	2,368,649	<u>2,217,128</u>	<u>2,269,661</u>	

14.2 Classified by Residency of Borrowers

(Unit	:	Million	Baht)

	<u>Con</u>	solidated	The Bank			
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024	30 June 2025	31 December 2024		
		(Restated)				
Domestic	2,310,459	2,344,549	2,278,687	2,320,220		
Foreign	123,523	139,146	49,223	55,082		
Total	2,433,982	<u>2,483,695</u>	2,327,910	2,375,302		

14.3 Classified by Type of Business

(Unit : Million Baht)

	<u>Con</u>	<u>solidated</u>	The Bank		
	30 June 2025	30 June 2025 31 December 2024		31 December 2024	
		(Restated)			
Agriculture and mining	40,531	38,961	28,914	27,244	
Manufacturing and commerce	1,003,328	1,035,371	907,014	935,070	
Property development and construction	227,198	224,022	212,150	207,961	
Infrastructure and services	344,128	347,307	265,787	266,678	
Housing loans	374,114	370,462	373,919	370,204	
Others	444,683	467,572	540,126	<u>568,145</u>	
Total	<u>2,433,982</u>	<u>2,483,695</u>	2,327,910	<u>2,375,302</u>	

14.4 Classified by account status

(Unit : Million Baht)

Loans and Accrued Interest Receivables

	Cons	<u>solidated</u>	The Bank		
	30 June 2025 31 December 2024		30 June 2025	31 December 2024	
		(Restated)			
Stage 1 Performing	2,157,253	2,193,345	2,078,777	2,113,481	
Stage 2 Under-performing	205,377	215,701	184,520	193,906	
Stage 3 Non-performing	89,828	91,309	82,813	84,343	
Total	<u>2,452,458</u>	<u>2,500,355</u>	2,346,110	<u>2,391,730</u>	

KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (UNAUDITED)

14.5 Non-performing loans (NPL)

The Bank and its subsidiaries showed non-performing loans (including financial institutions) to comply with BOT's regulations, summarized as follows:

Non-performing loans (NPL gross) are defined as Stage 3 Non-performing loan accounts in accordance with the BOT's directive number SOR NOR SOR 23/2561, dated 31 October 2018, regarding the "Classification and provision criteria of financial institution".

(Unit : Million Baht)

	Consolidated		<u>The</u>	<u>Bank</u>
	30 June 31 December		30 June	31 December
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
		(Restated)		
Non-performing loans	90,929	93,009	83,953	86,092
Total loans used for NPL gross ratio calculation	2,856,275	2,905,656	2,730,683	2,770,284
Ratio of total loans (%)	3.18	3.20	3.07	3.11

As at 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, Phethai Asset Management Co., Ltd. has non-performing loans (NPL gross) amounting to Baht 36 million and Baht 41 million, respectively.

14.6 Loans to listed companies that meet SET's criteria for delisting

Loans to listed companies that meet SET's criteria for delisting were as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

31 December 2024

Consolidated and The Bank

	Loans and					
	accrued		Allowance for	Loans and		Allowance for
	interest	Collateral	expected	accrued interest	Collateral	expected
	<u>receivables</u>	<u>value</u>	credit loss	<u>receivables</u>	<u>value</u>	credit loss
Listed companies which meet SET's						
criteria for delisting	1,833	1,833	698	1,828	1,828	628

30 June 2025

14.7 Hire Purchase and Finance Lease Receivables

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated

Portion due

	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Gross receivables from hire purchase and finance leases	173,146	175,409
Up to 1 year	50,586	50,579
Over 1 - 5 Years	113,756	115,176
Over 5 Years	8,804	9,654
<u>Less</u> Unearned interest income	<u>(18,499)</u>	<u>(19,193)</u>
Present value of minimum lease payments	154,647	156,216
Allowance for expected credit loss	(6,955)	(6,633)
Total hire purchase and finance lease receivables - net	147,692	149,583

15 MODIFIED LOANS

The Bank and its subsidiaries engaged in modification contracts with the debtor. During the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 and 2024, there were loans before modification amounting to Baht 15,405 million and Baht 6,800 million, respectively and incurred losses amounting to Baht 278 million and Baht 137 million, respectively.

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 and 2024, customers with current carrying amount of Baht 2,680 million and Baht 1,185 million, respectively that have performed per new terms and conditions are moved from lifetime ECL to 12-month ECL.

16 ALLOWANCE FOR EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS

The movements in the allowance for expected credit loss of loans to customers and accrued interest receivables during the period/year were as follows:

(Unit : Million Baht)

Consolidated

30 June 2025

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	(Performing)	(Under - performing)	O .	<u>Total</u>
Balance at the beginning of the period	37,862	49,712	44,132	131,706
Stage transfer	4,592	(6,121)	1,529	-
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	(3,808)	14,037	8,764	18,993
New financial assets originated or purchased	11,737	104	25	11,866
Financial assets that have been derecognized	(8,882)	(4,610)	(7,645)	(21,137)
Write-offs			<u>(2,737)</u>	(2,737)
Balance at the end of the period	41,501	<u>53,122</u>	<u>44,068</u>	<u>138,691</u>

(Unit : Million Baht)

Consolidated

31 December 2024

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	O .	O .	O .	
	(Performing)	(Under - performing)	(Non - performing)	<u>Total</u>
Balance at the beginning of the year	45,546	43,822	44,508	133,876
Stage transfer	1,510	(9,687)	8,177	-
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	(14,313)	23,703	26,813	36,203
New financial assets originated or purchased	23,176	624	508	24,308
Financial assets that have been derecognized	(14,026)	(8,521)	(19,624)	(42,171)
Transfer out	(4,031)	(229)	(478)	(4,738)
Write-offs		-	(15,772)	(15,772)
Balance at the end of the year	37,862	49,712	<u>44,132</u>	<u>131,706</u>

(Unit: Million Baht)

The Bank

30 June 2025

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	(Performing)	(Under - performing)	(Non - performing)	<u>Total</u>
Balance at the beginning of the period	34,872	46,847	40,350	122,069
Stage transfer	4,566	(5,775)	1,209	-
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	(3,351)	13,208	7,748	17,605
New financial assets originated or purchased	11,185	56	10	11,251
Financial assets that have been derecognized	(8,498)	(4,206)	(7,216)	(19,920)
Write-offs			(2,023)	(2,023)
Balance at the end of the period	<u>38,774</u>	<u>50,130</u>	40,078	<u>128,982</u>

(Unit : Million Baht)

The Bank

31 December 2024

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
	(Performing)	(Under - performing)	(Non - performing)	<u>Total</u>
Balance at the beginning of the year	42,495	42,004	41,545	126,044
Stage transfer	1,755	(9,589)	7,834	-
Net remeasurement of loss allowance	(13,993)	22,429	25,098	33,534
New financial assets originated or purchased	21,727	101	312	22,140
Financial assets that have been derecognized	(13,081)	(7,869)	(18,800)	(39,750)
Transfer out	(4,031)	(229)	(478)	(4,738)
Write-offs			<u>(15,161)</u>	<u>(15,161)</u>
Balance at the end of the year	34,872	<u>46,847</u>	40,350	<u>122,069</u>

17 PROPERTIES FORECLOSED - NET

Properties foreclosed consisted of:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	<u>Consolidated</u> 30 June 2025				
	Beginning	30 0	<u>une 2025</u>		Ending
Types of Properties Foreclosed	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Addition</u>	<u>Disposal</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Balance</u>
1. Assets acquired from debt repayment					
1.1 Immovable assets	58,694	5,832	(3,181)	(35)	61,310*
1.2 Movable assets	429	<u>1,118</u>	(1,129)		418
Total	59,123	6,950	(4,310)	(35)	61,728
2. Others	130	<u>62</u>	(87)		<u> 105</u>
Total properties foreclosed	59,253	7,012	(4,397)	(35)	61,833
Less Allowances for impairment	(4,533)	<u>(730)</u>	<u>786</u>	1	(4,476)
Total properties foreclosed - net	<u>54,720</u>	<u>6,282</u>	(3,611)	(34)	<u>57,357</u>

^{*} Including Properties foreclosed transferred under the Bank of Thailand's supportive measure for debt settlement through collateral assets transfers with buy-back options (Asset Warehousing).

As of 30 June 2025, the value of immovable assets acquired from debt repayment was appraised by external appraisers and internal appraisers in the amount of Baht 25,983 million and Baht 35,327 million, respectively.

Consolidated

(Unit : Million Baht)

	31 December 2024					
	Beginning				Ending	
Types of Properties Foreclosed	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Addition</u>	<u>Disposal</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Balance</u>	
1. Assets acquired from debt repayment						
1.1 Immovable assets	58,652	11,638	(11,559)	(37)	58,694**	
1.2 Movable assets	330	2,738	(2,638)	_(1)	429	
Total	58,982	14,376	(14,197)	(38)	59,123	
2. Others	101	48	(19)		130	
Total properties foreclosed	59,083	14,424	(14,216)	(38)	59,253	
Less Allowances for impairment	(4,330)	(1,086)	<u>882</u>	1	<u>(4,533)</u>	
Total properties foreclosed - net	<u>54,753</u>	<u>13,338</u>	(13,334)	<u>(37)</u>	<u>54,720</u>	

^{**} Including Properties foreclosed transferred under the Bank of Thailand's supportive measure for debt settlement through collateral assets transfers with buy-back options (Asset Warehousing).

As of 31 December 2024, the value of immovable assets acquired from debt repayment was appraised by external appraisers and internal appraisers in the amount of Baht 25,858 million and Baht 32,836 million, respectively.

KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (UNAUDITED)

(Unit: Million Baht)

The Bank 30 June 2025

	Beginning			Ending
Types of Properties Foreclosed	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Addition</u>	<u>Disposal</u>	<u>Balance</u>
1. Assets acquired from debt repayment				
1.1 Immovable assets	57,934	5,092	(3,170)	59,856*
2. Others	<u> 130</u>	<u>62</u>	<u>(87)</u>	105
Total properties foreclosed	58,064	5,154	(3,257)	59,961
Less Allowances for impairment	<u>(4,145)</u>	<u>(251)</u>	<u>131</u>	(4,265)
Total properties foreclosed - net	53,919	<u>4,903</u>	(3,126)	<u>55,696</u>

^{*} Including Properties foreclosed transferred under the Bank of Thailand's supportive measure for debt settlement through collateral assets transfers with buy-back options (Asset Warehousing).

As of 30 June 2025, the value of immovable assets acquired from debt repayment was appraised by external appraisers and internal appraisers in the amount of Baht 24,529 million and Baht 35,327 million, respectively.

(Unit: Million Baht)

The Bank

(11,222)

11,335

	31 December 2024										
	Beginning			Ending							
Types of Properties Foreclosed	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Addition</u>	<u>Disposal</u>	<u>Balance</u>							
1. Assets acquired from debt repayment											
1.1 Immovable assets	57,822	11,591	(11,479)	57,934**							
2. Others	<u> 101</u>	48	(19)	130							
Total properties foreclosed	57,923	11,639	(11,498)	58,064							
Less Allowances for impairment	<u>(4,117)</u>	(304)	<u>276</u>	<u>(4,145)</u>							

^{**} Including Properties foreclosed transferred under the Bank of Thailand's supportive measure for debt settlement through collateral assets transfers with buy-back options (Asset Warehousing).

53,806

As of 31 December 2024, the value of immovable assets acquired from debt repayment was appraised by external appraisers and internal appraisers in the amount of Baht 25,098 million and Baht 32,836 million, respectively.

(Loss) gain on sale of properties foreclosed were as follow:

Total properties foreclosed - net

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Conso	<u>lidated</u>	<u>The Bank</u>			
	30 June 2025	30 June 2024	30 June 2025	30 June 2024		
(Loss) gain on sale of properties foreclosed	(230)	(316)	89	191		

18 PREMISES AND EQUIPMENT - NET

Changes in premises and equipment are summarized as follows:

(Unit : Million Baht)

Consolidated 30 June 2025

		C	Change of Cost				Change of A	<u>Impai</u>	rment Allov	Book Value					
	Beginning	Additions/	Disposal/		Ending	Beginning		Disposal/		Ending	Beginning		Ending	Beginning	Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	Transfer in	Transfer out	<u>Others</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>	Depreciation	Transfer out	<u>Others</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Land															
Cost	4,249	-	(25)	(21)	4,203	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,249	4,203
Appraisal increase*	22,104	1,647	(20)	(12)	23,719	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,104	23,719
Appraisal decrease*	(78)	18	-	-	(60)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(78)	(60)
Building															
Cost	24,341	106	(74)	(68)	24,305	10,612	238	(46)	(2)	10,802	6	-	6	13,723	13,497
Appraisal increase*	14,489	1,528	(29)	(2)	15,986	7,585	727	(16)	-	8,296	-	-	-	6,904	7,690
Appraisal decrease*	(225)	(18)	-	-	(243)	(165)	(7)	2	-	(170)	-	-	-	(60)	(73)
Right-of-use building	3,490	221	(225)	(2)	3,484	1,198	386	(182)	(7)	1,395	-	-	-	2,292	2,089
Equipment															
Cost	38,464	654	(879)	(25)	38,214	29,317	1,495	(754)	(16)	30,042	123	(121)	2	9,024	8,170
Right-of-use															
equipment	2,113	174	(243)	-	2,044	960	198	(233)	-	925	-	-	-	1,153	1,119
Others	120	34	<u>(87)</u>	(1)	66									120	66
Total	109,067	4,364	(1,582)	(131)	<u>111,718</u>	49,507	3,037	(1,229)	(25)	<u>51,290</u>	<u>129</u>	(121)	8	59,431	60,420

^{*} Appraisal of land and building in year 2025 for bank

(Unit: Million Baht)

<u>Consolidated</u>
31 December 2024

	-		Change of Cost	t		Change of Accumulated Depreciation						rment Allov	Book Value		
	Beginning	Additions/	Disposal/		Ending	Beginning		Disposal/		Ending	Beginning		Ending	Beginning	Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	Transfer in	Transfer out	<u>Others</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>	Depreciation	Transfer out	<u>Others</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Land															
Cost	4,283	-	(14)	(20)	4,249	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,283	4,249
Appraisal increase*	22,163	(35)	(13)	(11)	22,104	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,163	22,104
Appraisal decrease*	(78)	-	-	-	(78)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(78)	(78)
Building															
Cost	24,515	168	(245)	(97)	24,341	10,142	512	(42)	-	10,612	26	(20)	6	14,347	13,723
Appraisal increase*	14,521	38	(66)	(4)	14,489	7,312	317	(44)	-	7,585	-	-	-	7,209	6,904
Appraisal decrease*	(225)	-	-	-	(225)	(161)	(4)	-	-	(165)	-	-	-	(64)	(60)
Right-of-use building	2,429	1,744	(650)	(33)	3,490	1,023	797	(612)	(10)	1,198	-	-	-	1,406	2,292
Equipment															
Cost	38,696	2,559	(2,775)	(16)	38,464	28,911	3,148	(2,726)	(16)	29,317	134	(11)	123	9,651	9,024
Right-of-use															
equipment	2,041	763	(691)	-	2,113	1,187	415	(642)	-	960	-	-	-	854	1,153
Others	<u> 175</u>	146	_(198)	(3)	120									<u>175</u>	120
Total	108,520	5,383	(4,652)	(184)	109,067	48,414	<u>5,185</u>	(4,066)	(26)	49,507	<u>160</u>	<u>(31)</u>	129	59,946	<u>59,431</u>

^{*} Appraisal of land and building in year 2024 for its subsidiary

As of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, premises and equipment with original costs of Baht 20,994 million and Baht 20,046 million, respectively, were fully depreciated but still in use.

(Unit : Million Baht)

<u>The Bank</u> 30 June 2025

		Cl	nange of Cost				Change of Acc	<u>cumulated Dep</u>	reciation	Impa	airment Allov	Book Value			
	Beginning	Additions/	Disposal/		Ending	Beginning		Disposal/		Ending	Beginning		Ending	Beginning	Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	Transfer in	Transfer out	<u>Others</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Depreciation</u>	Transfer out	<u>Others</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Land															
Cost	3,151	-	(21)	-	3,130	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,151	3,130
Appraisal increase*	17,112	1,647	(19)	-	18,740	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,112	18,740
Appraisal decrease*	(68)	17	-	-	(51)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(68)	(51)
Building															
Cost	18,013	89	(54)	-	18,048	8,932	196	(37)	-	9,091	-	-	-	9,081	8,957
Appraisal increase*	10,724	1,529	(22)	-	12,231	6,338	657	(15)	-	6,980	-	-	-	4,386	5,251
Appraisal decrease*	(111)	(17)	-	-	(128)	(159)	(6)	2	-	(163)	-	-	-	48	35
Right-of-use building	3,046	175	(198)	(19)	3,004	996	342	(173)	(7)	1,158	-	-	-	2,050	1,846
Equipment															
Cost	31,602	554	(674)	(5)	31,477	23,772	1,289	(576)	(3)	24,482	123	(121)	2	7,707	6,993
Right-of-use															
equipment	1,818	173	(229)	-	1,762	799	182	(225)	-	756	-	-	-	1,019	1,006
Others	69	32	(76)		25									69	<u>25</u>
Total	85,356	4,199	(1,293)	(24)	88,238	40,678	2,660	(1,024)	(10)	42,304	<u>123</u>	(121)	2	44,555	45,932

^{*} Appraisal of land and building in year 2025 for bank

(Unit: Million Baht)

The Bank
31 December 2024

		Cl	nange of Cost				Change of Acc	umulated Dep	oreciation	Impa	airment Allov	Book Value			
	Beginning	Additions/	Disposal/		Ending	Beginning		Disposal/		Ending	Beginning		Ending	Beginning	Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	Transfer in	Transfer out	<u>Others</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Depreciation</u>	Transfer out	<u>Others</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Land															
Cost	3,164	-	(13)	-	3,151	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,164	3,151
Appraisal increase	17,122	-	(10)	-	17,112	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,122	17,112
Appraisal decrease	(68)	-	-	-	(68)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(68)	(68)
Building															
Cost	17,914	141	(42)	-	18,013	8,566	394	(28)	-	8,932	21	(21)	-	9,327	9,081
Appraisal increase	10,770	-	(46)	-	10,724	6,153	217	(32)	-	6,338	-	-	-	4,617	4,386
Appraisal decrease	(111)	-	-	-	(111)	(156)	(3)	-	-	(159)	-	-	-	45	48
Right-of-use building	1,948	1,568	(470)	-	3,046	756	675	(435)	-	996	-	-	-	1,192	2,050
Equipment															
Cost	32,076	2,114	(2,587)	(1)	31,602	23,651	2,684	(2,562)	(1)	23,772	134	(11)	123	8,291	7,707
Right-of-use															
equipment	1,749	700	(631)	-	1,818	1,041	340	(582)	-	799	-	-	-	708	1,019
Others	84	60	(74)	_(1)	69									84	69
Total	84,648	4,583	(3,873)	_(2)	85,356	40,011	4,307	(3,639)	_(1)	40,678	<u>155</u>	(32)	123	44,482	44,555

As of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, premises and equipment with original costs of Baht 15,539 million and Baht 14,640 million, respectively, were fully depreciated but still in use.

The fair values of premises are determined by using market comparison approach and replacement cost approach based on highest and best use assumption. The fair values are appraised by independent appraisers who are qualified as professionals and have appropriate experience. The fair values of premises as of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024 are categorized as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

19 GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS - NET

Changes in goodwill and other intangible assets are summarized as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated

30 June 2025

		С	hange of Cost	t		Ch	nange of Accu	lmp	airment Allo	Book Value					
	Beginning	Additions/	Disposal/	Disposal/		Beginning	ing Disposal/			Ending	Beginning		Ending	Beginning	Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	Transfer in	Transfer out	<u>Others</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>	Amortisation	Transfer out	<u>Others</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Increase</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Application software*	55,983	7,315	(4,967)	(68)	58,263	32,997	2,102	(667)	(26)	34,406	409	81	490	22,577	23,367
Business purchased	270	-	-	-	270	270	-	-	-	270	-	-	-	-	-
Goodwill	5,693	-	-	-	5,693	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,693	5,693
Others	2,408	11		(38)	2,381	209	49			258				2,199	2,123
Total	64,354	<u>7,326</u>	(4,967)	(106)	<u>66,607</u>	<u>33,476</u>	<u>2,151</u>	_(667)	(26)	<u>34,934</u>	409	<u>81</u>	<u>490</u>	<u>30,469</u>	<u>31,183</u>

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated

31 December 2024

		Change of Cost				Change of Accumulated Amortisation				Impairment Allowance			Book Value		
	Beginning	Additions/	Disposal/		Ending	Beginning		Disposal/		Ending	Beginning		Ending	Beginning	Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	Transfer in	Transfer out	<u>Others</u>	Balance	<u>Balance</u>	Amortisation	Transfer out	<u>Others</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Balance</u>	Balance	Balance
Application software*	53,000	9,087	(5,962)	(142)	55,983	31,147	3,657	(1,786)	(21)	32,997	1,414	(1,005)	409	20,439	22,577
Business purchased	270	-	-	-	270	270	-	-	-	270	-	-	-	-	-
Goodwill	5,693	-	-	-	5,693	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,693	5,693
Others	2,398	96		(86)	2,408	<u> 125</u>	84			209				_2,273	2,199
Total	61,361	9,183	(5,962)	(228)	64,354	31,542	3,741	(1,786)	(21)	33,476	1,414	(1,005)	409	28,405	30,469

^{*} As of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, the computer program under development amounting to Baht 3,428 million and Baht 5,065 million, respectively.

As of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, intangible assets with original costs of Baht 16,251 million and Baht 14,829 million, respectively, were fully amortized but still in use.

(Unit: Million Baht)

<u>The Bank</u> <u>30 June 2025</u>

		Ch	nange of Cost			(Change of Accu	umulated Amo	rtisation		Impa	irment Allov	vance	Book \	√alue
	Beginning	Additions/	Disposal/		Ending	Beginning		Disposal/		Ending	Beginning		Ending	Beginning	Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	Transfer in	Transfer out	<u>Other</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>	Amortisation	Transfer out	<u>Other</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Increase</u>	Balance	Balance	<u>Balance</u>
Application software*	47,796	5,703	(3,721)	(38)	49,740	29,738	1,779	(567)	(10)	30,940	366	82	448	17,692	18,352
Others	<u>853</u>			_(1)	852	6	2			8				847	844
Total	48,649	5,703	(3,721)	(39)	50,592	29,744	<u>1,781</u>	(567)	(10)	30,948	366	82	448	18,539	<u> 19,196</u>

(Unit: Million Baht)

The Bank
31 December 2024

		Change of Cost			Change of Accumulated Amortisation					Impairment Allowance			Book Value		
	Beginning	Additions/	Disposal/		Ending	Beginning		Disposal/		Ending	Beginning		Ending	Beginning	Ending
	<u>Balance</u>	Transfer in	Transfer out	<u>Other</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>	Amortisation	Transfer out	<u>Other</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Application software*	46,102	7,070	(5,362)	(14)	47,796	28,356	3,166	(1,780)	(4)	29,738	1,390	(1,024)	366	16,356	17,692
Others	829	26		(2)	<u>853</u>	2	4			6				827	847
Total	46,931	7,096	(5,362)	(16)	48,649	28,358	3,170	(1,780)	(4)	29,744	1,390	(1,024)	366	17,183	18,539

^{*} As of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, the computer program under development amounting to Baht 2,188 million and Baht 3,020 million, respectively.

As of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, intangible assets with original costs of Baht 14,537 million and Baht 13,621 million, respectively, were fully amortized but still in use.

20 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

(Unit	: 1	Milli	ion l	Baht)
-------	-----	-------	-------	-------

				(OTILL : WIIIIIOTT Darit)
	Consc	<u>olidated</u>	The	<u>Bank</u>
	30 June 2025	<u>30 June 2025</u> <u>31 December 2024</u>		31 December 2024
		(Restated)		
Deferred tax assets	7,493	8,916	5,252	6,698
Deferred tax liabilities	<u>(5,172)</u>	<u>(5,257)</u>		
Net	2,321	<u>3,659</u>	<u>5,252</u>	<u>6,698</u>

Movements in total deferred tax assets and liabilities during the period/year were as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

				(Offic	. Willion Bant)
			<u>Consolidated</u>		
		Ch	arged / credited to:		
	As of		Other		As of
	1 January	Profit or loss	comprehensive		30 June
	<u>2025</u>	(Note 47)	income (Note 47)	<u>Others</u>	<u>2025</u>
	(Restated)				
Deferred tax assets					
Financial assets measured at fair					
value through profit or loss	14	6	-	-	20
Derivative	29	22	-	-	51
Investments	46	(322)	298	-	22
Investments in subsidiaries,					
associates and joint ventures	267	-	-	-	267
Loans and accrued interest					
receivables - net	3,932	14	-	8	3,954
Properties foreclosed	1,057	31	2	-	1,090
Premises and equipment	41	-	-	-	41
Provisions	9,430	(388)	379	1	9,422
Insurance contract liabilities	5,693	-	5,661	-	11,354
Others	2,497	(203)	(52)	9	2,251
Total	23,006	(840)	6,288	<u>_18</u>	28,472
Deferred tax liabilities					
Financial assets measured at fair					
value through profit or loss	650	137	-	-	787
Derivative	2,534	(327)	(97)	40	2,150
Investments	9,110	(236)	7,590	(752)	15,712
Premises and equipment	5,616	(10)	521	-	6,127
Others	1,437	(62)			<u>1,375</u>
Total	<u>19,347</u>	<u>(498)</u>	8,014	<u>(712)</u>	<u>26,151</u>
Net	3,659	_(342)	(1,726)	_730	<u>2,321</u>

(Unit : Million Baht)

Consolidated

		Ch	arged / credited to:		
	As of		Other		As of
	1 January	Profit or loss	comprehensive		31 December
	<u>2024</u>	(Note 47)	income (Note 47)	<u>Others</u>	<u>2024</u>
	(Restated)				(Restated)
Deferred tax assets					
Financial assets measured at fair					
value through profit or loss	447	(433)	-	-	14
Derivative	16	13	-	-	29
Investments	1,170	(234)	(894)	4	46
Investments in subsidiaries,					
associates and joint ventures	269	(2)	-	-	267
Loans and accrued interest					
receivables - net	3,716	28	-	188	3,932
Properties foreclosed	984	76	(3)	-	1,057
Premises and equipment	41	-	-	-	41
Provisions	8,493	470	416	51	9,430
Insurance contract liabilities	2,358	(941)	4,276	-	5,693
Others	2,048	226	52	<u>171</u>	2,497
Total	<u>19,542</u>	<u>(797)</u>	<u>3,847</u>	<u>414</u>	<u>23,006</u>
Deferred tax liabilities					
Financial assets measured at fair					
value through profit or loss	38	612	-	-	650
Derivative	2,143	(194)	183	402	2,534
Investments	1,941	425	6,711	33	9,110
Premises and equipment	5,466	146	5	(1)	5,616
Others	<u> 1,670</u>	(223)	_	<u>(10)</u>	1,437
Total	<u>11,258</u>	<u>766</u>	6,899	<u>424</u>	<u>19,347</u>
Net	8,284	(1,563)	(3,052)	<u>(10)</u>	3,659

(Unit : Million Baht)

The Bank

		Charged	/ credited to:	
			Other	
	As of		comprehensive	As of
	1 January	Profit or loss	income	30 June
	<u>2025</u>	(Note 47)	(Note 47)	2025
Deferred tax assets				
Investments	33	(312)	279	-
Investments in subsidiaries,				
associates and joint ventures	267	-	-	267
Loans and accrued interest receivables - net	1,870	(2)	-	1,868
Properties foreclosed	818	24	2	844
Provisions	8,739	(365)	378	8,752
Others	919	<u>(251)</u>	13	681
Total	<u>12,646</u>	<u>(906)</u>	<u>672</u>	<u>12,412</u>
Deferred tax liabilities				
Financial assets measured at fair value				
through profit or loss	447	(30)	-	417
Derivative	1,310	(403)	(268)	639
Investments	-	(234)	1,644	1,410
Premises and equipment	4,191	<u>(19)</u>	522	4,694
Total	<u>5,948</u>	<u>(686)</u>	<u>1,898</u>	<u>7,160</u>
Net	6,698	(220)	(1,226)	5,252

(Unit : Million Baht)

The Bank

		Charged	/ credited to:	
			Other	
	As of		comprehensive	As of
	1 January	Profit or loss	income	31 December
	<u>2024</u>	(Note 47)	(Note 47)	<u>2024</u>
Deferred tax assets				
Financial assets measured at fair value				
through profit or loss	447	(447)	-	-
Investments	922	(23)	(866)	33
Investments in subsidiaries,				
associates and joint ventures	267	-	-	267
Loans and accrued interest receivables - net	2,190	(320)	-	1,870
Properties foreclosed	815	6	(3)	818
Provisions	7,881	446	412	8,739
Others	881	28	10	919
Total	<u>13,403</u>	(310)	<u>(447)</u>	<u>12,646</u>
Deferred tax liabilities				
Financial assets measured at fair value				
through profit or loss	-	447	-	447
Derivative	1,589	(192)	(87)	1,310
Premises and equipment	4,035	161	(5)	4,191
Total	5,624	<u>416</u>	<u>(92)</u>	<u>5,948</u>
Net	7,779	(726)	(355)	6,698

21 DEPOSITS

Deposits were classified as follows:

21.1 Classified by Type of Deposits

(Unit: Million Baht)

	<u>Con</u> :	<u>solidated</u>	<u>Th</u>	<u>e Bank</u>
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Current	159,161	163,328	155,371	159,066
Savings	2,042,646	2,016,813	2,047,967	2,022,935
Fixed	518,048	538,534	482,581	497,405
Total	<u>2,719,855</u>	<u>2,718,675</u>	<u>2,685,919</u>	<u>2,679,406</u>

21.2 Classified by Currencies and Residency of Depositors

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated

		30 June 2025		<u>31</u>	December 2	024
	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>Foreign</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>Foreign</u>	<u>Total</u>
Baht	2,426,951	150,302	2,577,253	2,430,901	157,182	2,588,083
US Dollars	73,232	11,508	84,740	53,249	12,699	65,948
Other currencies	13,910	43,952	57,862	8,548	56,096	64,644
Total	<u>2,514,093</u>	205,762	<u>2,719,855</u>	2,492,698	225,977	<u>2,718,675</u>

(Unit : Million Baht)

The Bank

		30 June 2025		31 December 2024				
	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>Foreign</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>Foreign</u>	<u>Total</u>		
Baht	2,442,423	149,206	2,591,629	2,447,076	155,984	2,603,060		
US Dollars	70,475	11,096	81,571	53,249	8,538	61,787		
Other currencies	7,030	5,689	12,719	8,547	6,012	14,559		
Total	<u>2,519,928</u>	<u>165,991</u>	2,685,919	2,508,872	<u>170,534</u>	<u>2,679,406</u>		

22 INTERBANK AND MONEY MARKET ITEMS (LIABILITIES)

Interbank and money market items (liabilities) consisted of:

(Unit: Million Baht)

		Cons	<u>solidated</u>	The Bank		
		30 June 2025	31 December 2024	30 June 2025	31 December 2024	
1.	<u>Domestic</u>					
	The BOT and FIDF	51,771	53,386	51,771	53,386	
	Commercial banks	28,718	48,558	28,718	48,552	
	Specialised financial institutions	37,117	6,841	37,114	6,837	
	Other financial institutions	14,356	17,565	21,012	22,305	
	Total domestic	<u>131,962</u>	126,350	<u>138,615</u>	<u>131,080</u>	
2.	<u>Foreign</u>					
	US Dollars	27,251	21,619	26,776	21,205	
	Chinese Yuan	9,476	11,762	1,195	758	
	Japanese Yen	38	1	38	1	
	Euro	140	119	140	119	
	Other currencies	11,235	12,293	6,943	<u>8,534</u>	
	Total foreign	48,140	45,794	35,092	30,617	
	Total domestic and foreign	<u>180,102</u>	<u>172,144</u>	<u>173,707</u>	<u>161,697</u>	

23 FINANCIAL LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

23.1 Trading financial liabilities consisted of:

(Unit : Million Baht)

Consolidated

<u>30 June 2025</u> <u>31 December 2024</u>

Liabilities to deliver security 3 52

23.2 Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss consisted of:

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated

<u>30 June 2025</u> <u>31 December 2024</u>

Debts issued 387 73

23.2.1 The effects of changes in that liability's all risk in profit or loss consisted of:

(Unit : Million Baht)

Consolidated

<u>30 June 2025</u> <u>31 December 2024</u>

The difference between the carrying amount and the

amount would be contractually required to pay at

maturity (3)

24 DEBTS ISSUED AND BORROWINGS

Debts issued and borrowings consisted of:

(Unit : Million Baht)

			<u>30</u>	June 2025				31 Dec	ember 2024		
	Currency	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>Foreign</u>	<u>Total</u>	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>Foreign</u>	<u>Total</u>
Tier II Subordinated Notes 1/2019*	US Dollar	2031	3.343%	-	23,664	23,664	2031	3.343%	-	23,344	23,344
Unsubordinated and unsecured	US Dollar	2025-2028	5.34%-5.46%	-	20,976	20,976	2025-2028	5.34%-5.46%	-	21,296	21,296
debentures											
Unsubordinated and unsecured	Yen	2025	0.86%	-	620	620	2025	0.66%-0.86%	-	1,135	1,135
debentures											
Subordinated Instruments intended	US Dollar	No fixed	4.00%	-	10,753	10,753	No fixed	4.00%	-	10,823	10,823
to qualify as Tier 1 Capital of		redemption					redemption				
KASIKORNBANK PCL		date					date				
		(Perpetual)					(Perpetual)				
Subordinated Instruments of	US Dollar	2037	3.552%	-	9,803	9,803	2037	3.552%	-	10,224	10,224
Muang Thai Life Assurance PCL											
Debt issued and borrowings with	Baht	2025-2026	-2.24%	402	-	402	2025	7.40%	498	-	498
embedded derivative that are not											
designated at fair value through											
profit or loss											
Others	Baht	2026-2028	0.00%-3.00%	9		9	2026-2028	0.00%-3.00%	14		14
Total				411	65,816	66,227			512	66,822	67,334

Consolidated

(Unit : Million Baht)

						The Bank					
			30	June 2025			31 December 2024				
	Currency	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>Foreign</u>	<u>Total</u>	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>Foreign</u>	<u>Total</u>
Tier II Subordinated Notes 1/2019*	US Dollar	2031	3.343%	-	23,664	23,664	2031	3.343%	-	23,344	23,344
Unsubordinated and	US Dollar	2025-2028	5.34%-5.46%	-	21,462	21,462	2025-2028	5.34%-5.46%	-	21,804	21,804
unsecured debentures											
Unsubordinated and	Yen	2025	0.86%	-	620	620	2025	0.66%-0.86%	-	1,135	1,135
unsecured debentures											
Subordinated Instruments intended	US Dollar	No fixed	4.00%	-	10,753	10,753	No fixed	4.00%	-	10,823	10,823
to qualify as Tier 1 Capital of		redemption					redemption				
KASIKORNBANK PCL		date					date				
		(Perpetual)					(Perpetual)				
Others	Baht	2026	0.00%	3		3	2026	0.00%	6		6
Total				3	56,499	56,502			6	57,106	57,112

^{*} Qualified as Tier 2 Capital in accordance with Basel III.

25 PROVISION

Provision consisted of:

			(Ur	nit : Million Baht)	
	Cons	<u>olidated</u>	The Bank		
	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	
Allowance for expected credit loss of loan commitment					
and financial guarantee contract	6,656	6,430	6,490	6,214	
Employee retirement benefit	32,325	29,422	29,057	26,329	
Other	1,493	<u> 1,666</u>	1,493	<u> 1,665</u>	
Total	<u>40,474</u>	<u>37,518</u>	<u>37,040</u>	<u>34,208</u>	

Employee retirement benefits are as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Cons	solidated	The Bank		
	30 June 31 December		30 June	31 December	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	
Balance at the beginning of the period/year	29,422	26,641	26,329	23,780	
Current service cost	1,011	1,783	865	1,492	
Interest cost	342	747	303	670	
Actuarial loss from updated assumptions					
- Financial assumptions	1,895	1,693	1,888	1,753	
- Demographic assumptions	-	77	-	-	
- Experience adjustment	-	350	-	305	
Benefits paid	(362)	(1,864)	(328)	(1,671)	
Other	17	<u>(5)</u>			
Balance at the end of the period/year	32,325	<u>29,422</u>	29,057	<u>26,329</u>	

Actuarial loss from updated assumptions recognized in other comprehensive income as of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024 consisted of:

				(Unit : Million Baht)
	<u>Cons</u>	<u>solidated</u>	<u>The</u>	<u>e Bank</u>
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Balance at the end of the period/year	(9,455)	(7,560)	(9,305)	(7,417)

Principal actuarial assumption used by actuary consisted of:

	<u>Consolidated and The Bank</u>				
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024			
Discount rate	1.45% - 7.13%	1.45% - 7.13%			
Average salary increase	1% - 10%	1% - 10%			
Average turnover	0% - 30%	0% - 30%			
Normal retirement age	50 years - 60 years	50 years - 60 years			

A sensitivity analysis for each significant actuarial assumption consisted of:

(Unit : Million Baht)

	Cons	solidated	The Bank		
	30 June	30 June 31 December		31 December	
	2025	<u>2024</u>	2025	2024	
Effect on defined benefit obligations					
+1% on discount rate	(2,909)	(2,784)	(2,632)	(2,570)	
-1% on discount rate	3,461	3,429	3,122	3,055	
+1% on average salary increase	3,818	3,476	3,460	3,105	
-1% on average salary increase	(3,262)	(2,885)	(2,964)	(2,668)	

26 INSURANCE CONTRACT LIABILITIES

Reconciliation of balances for remaining coverage and incurred claims during the period/year were as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	<u>Consolidated</u>							
	<u>:</u>	30 June 2025		<u>31</u>	December 20	24		
					(Restated)			
	Remaining	Incurred		Remaining	Incurred			
	<u>Coverage</u>	<u>Claims</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Coverage</u>	<u>Claims</u>	<u>Total</u>		
Balance at the beginning of the								
period/year	521,348	3,515	524,863	505,383	3,091	508,474		
Insurance revenue	(14,760)	-	(14,760)	(26,412)	-	(26,412)		
Insurance service expenses	(1,699)	8,944	7,245	(5,538)	19,076	13,538		
Insurance finance expenses								
- Recognized in profit or loss	8,082	1	8,083	16,227	2	16,229		
- Recognized in other comprehensive								
income	28,302	2	28,304	21,377	1	21,378		
Investment component	(38,555)	38,555	-	(58,245)	58,245	-		
Cash flows	31,395	<u>(47,754)</u>	(16,359)	68,556	(76,900)	(8,344)		
Balance at the end of the period/year	534,113	3,263	537,376	521,348	3,515	524,863		

Remark: During the six-month period ended 30 June 2025, losses and reversals of losses on onerous contracts amounting to Baht 209 million.

The measurement component were as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Consolidated			
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024		
		(Restated)		
Present values of future cash flows	453,301	446,567		
Risk adjustment	15,826	13,557		
Contractual service margin	68,249	64,739		
Total	<u>537,376</u>	<u>524,863</u>		

27 LEASE LIABILITIES

Lease liabilities consisted of:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Cons	<u>olidated</u>	The Bank	
	30 June 31 December		30 June	31 December
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Within 1 year	960	1,008	847	900
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	1,449	1,571	1,253	1,364
Later than 5 years	998	<u>1,012</u>	969	979
Total undiscounted lease liabilities	<u>3,407</u>	<u>3,591</u>	<u>3,069</u>	<u>3,243</u>
Lease liabilities include in the statement of financial position	2,840	3,079	2,538	2,755

28 ADVANCES RECEIVED FROM ELECTRONIC TRANSACTIONS

The BOT Notification No. SOR NOR CHOR 7/2561, dated 16 April 2018, regarding the "Regulations on Service Business Relating to Electronic Money (e–Money) Services" requires the Bank to disclose advances received from e–Money Services. As of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, the Bank had advances received from e-Money Services, presented as other liabilities, amounting to Baht 8,161 million and Baht 8,007 million, respectively.

The BOT Notification No. SOR NOR CHOR 2/2562, dated 20 December 2019, regarding the "Regulations on Service Business Relating to Electronic Fund Transfer" requires the Bank to disclose advances received from electronic fund transfer transactions. As of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, the Bank had those advances received from electronic fund transfer transactions, presented as liabilities amounting to Baht 745 million and Baht 699 million, respectively.

The bank has kept advance received from electronic transactions which is a part of cash in the statements of financial position as of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024 in the amount of Baht 9,502 million and Baht 9,327 million, respectively.

29 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

29.1 Financial assets, financial liabilities, and derivatives measured at fair value

The fair value hierarchy of financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024 are as follows:

(Unit : Million Baht)

	<u>Consolidated</u>							
	30 June 2025				31 December 2024			
					(Restated)			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
Financial Assets								
Financial assets								
measured at fair value								
through profit or loss	15,149	34,430	4,679	54,258	15,069	39,226	6,793	61,088
Derivative assets								
- Exchange rate	-	35,951	-	35,951	-	36,467	-	36,467
- Interest rate	-	11,772	-	11,772	-	11,182	-	11,182
- Others	-	507	-	507	-	653	-	653
Investments measured at								
fair value through other								
comprehensive income	80,555	943,244	<u>3,198</u>	1,026,997	<u>75,971</u>	<u>855,800</u>	3,444	935,215
Total Financial Assets	95,704	<u>1,025,904</u>	<u>7,877</u>	<u>1,129,485</u>	<u>91,040</u>	943,328	<u>10,237</u>	<u>1,044,605</u>
Financial Liabilities								
Financial liabilities								
measured at fair value								
through profit or loss	3	387	_	390	52	73	_	125
Derivative liabilities	Ü	001		000	02	70		120
- Exchange rate	_	23,744	_	23,744	_	27,155	-	27,155
- Interest rate	_	13,707	_	13,707	_	13,507	-	13,507
- Others	_	85	_	85	1	405	_	406
Debts issued and		00		00	!	400		700
borrowings	_	<u>54,415</u>	_	54,415	_	<u>54,441</u>	_	54,441
Total Financial Liabilities	3	92,338		92,341	53	95,581		95,634
. Sta Inditional Elabilition		02,000		02,071		00,001		00,00

(Unit: Million Baht)

	The Bank								
		<u>30 Jur</u>	ne 2025			31 Decer	mber 2024		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>	
Financial Assets									
Financial assets measured									
at fair value through									
profit or loss	7,535	13,314	3,689	24,538	7,399	20,512	5,875	33,786	
Derivative assets									
- Exchange rate	-	29,923	-	29,923	-	31,315	-	31,315	
- Interest rate	-	11,772	-	11,772	-	11,182	-	11,182	
- Others	-	305	-	305	-	464	-	464	
Investments measured at									
fair value through other									
comprehensive income	6,594	376,570	142	383,306	11,224	301,658	_120	313,002	
Total Financial Assets	<u>14,129</u>	431,884	<u>3,831</u>	449,844	<u>18,623</u>	<u>365,131</u>	<u>5,995</u>	<u>389,749</u>	
Financial Liabilities									
Derivative liabilities									
- Exchange rate	-	24,835	-	24,835	-	27,788	-	27,788	
- Interest rate	-	13,707	-	13,707	-	13,507	-	13,507	
- Others	-	299	-	299	-	470	-	470	
Debts issued and									
borrowings		54,415		54,415		54,441		54,441	
Total Financial Liabilities		93,256		93,256		96,206		96,206	

During the six-month period ended 30 June 2025, due to changes in market conditions, there were transfers of financial assets measured at fair value of the Bank's subsidiaries from level 1 to level 2 amounting to Baht 5 million and from level 2 to level 1 amounting to Baht 2,378 million.

As of 30 June 2025, level 3 of loans classified as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss amounting to Baht 3,689 million due to unquoted market price. The Bank measures value of loans by using estimated cash flow of assets.

As of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, the Bank's subsidiaries held customers' digital assets as an agent, for the purpose of facilitating transactions or managing digital assets for customers amounting to Baht 2,268 million and Baht 2,625 million, respectively.

29.2 Financial assets, financial liabilities and derivatives not measured at fair value

Fair value hierarchy of financial instruments which are not measured at fair value and for which there is a significant difference with carrying value as of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024 are as follows:

(Unit : Million Baht)

	<u>Consolidated</u>							
		<u>30 Jun</u>	e 2025			31 December 2024		
						(Restated)		
	Carrying		Fair Value		Carrying		Fair Value	
	<u>Amount</u>	Level 1	Level 2	<u>Total</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Level 1	Level 2	<u>Total</u>
Financial Assets								
Derivative assets (Dynamic								
hedge)								
- Exchange rate	3,072	-	2,642	2,642	4,815	-	4,476	4,476
- Interest rate	-	-	2,649	2,649	-	-	1,979	1,979
Investments in debt instruments								
measured at amortized cost	<u>131,734</u>	4,088	132,943	<u>137,031</u>	<u>125,405</u>	4,310	123,664	<u>127,974</u>
Total Financial Assets	<u>134,806</u>	<u>4,088</u>	<u>138,234</u>	<u>142,322</u>	<u>130,220</u>	<u>4,310</u>	<u>130,119</u>	<u>134,429</u>
Financial Liabilities								
Derivative liabilities (Dynamic								
hedge)								
- Exchange rate	1,123	-	1,415	1,415	273	-	602	602
- Interest rate	-	-	1,889	1,889	-	-	2,667	2,667
Debts issued and borrowings	11,812		11,809	11,809	12,893		12,886	_12,886
Total Financial Liabilities	12,935		<u> 15,113</u>	<u> 15,113</u>	<u>13,166</u>		<u>16,155</u>	<u>16,155</u>

(Unit: Million Baht)

The Bank

	<u>30</u>) June 202	<u>e 2025</u> <u>31</u>		December 2024	
	Carrying	Fair '	<u>Value</u>	Carrying	Fair '	<u>Value</u>
	<u>Amount</u>	Level 2	<u>Total</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Level 2	<u>Total</u>
Financial Assets						
Derivative assets (Dynamic hedge)						
- Exchange rate	3,026	2,596	2,596	4,403	4,064	4,064
- Interest rate	-	2,649	2,649	-	1,979	1,979
Investments in debt instruments						
measured at amortized cost	104,593	<u>109,890</u>	<u>109,890</u>	94,632	97,201	97,201
Total Financial Assets	<u>107,619</u>	<u>115,135</u>	<u>115,135</u>	99,035	<u>103,244</u>	<u>103,244</u>
<u>Financial Liabilities</u>						
Derivative liabilities (Dynamic hedge)						
- Exchange rate	948	1,239	1,239	273	602	602
- Interest rate	-	1,889	1,889	-	2,667	2,667
Debts issued and borrowings	2,087	2,084	2,084	2,671	2,664	2,664
Total Financial Liabilities	<u>3,035</u>	5,212	5,212	2,944	5,933	5,933

The following methods and assumptions are used by the Bank in estimating fair values of above financial assets and liabilities as disclosed herein:

Investments in government debt securities and state enterprises debt securities guaranteed by the government, classified as Investment at amortized cost, are stated at fair value based on the Thai Bond Market Association Government Bond Yield Curve as of the reporting date. State enterprises debt securities not guaranteed by the government and private debt instruments are stated at fair value based on bid prices from the Thai Bond Market Association as of the reporting date. If not available, the Government Bond Yield Curve for the same period is used, adjusted by an appropriate risk premium.

Investments in marketable foreign bonds classified as amortized cost are stated at fair value based on bid prices from Bloomberg. If not available, indicative price from custodian is used.

The fair values of debts issued and borrowings are the market value or the present value of cash flows with discounting rates that reflect current interest rate risk and the Bank's credit risk.

The fair values of loans to customers approximates carrying value including accrued interest receivables and allowance for expected credit loss, as loans are at market rates of interest and the majority of fixed rate loans are short term. Furthermore, the allowance for expected credit loss is predominately determined on an expected loss basis.

The carrying amount of the following financial assets: cash, interbank and money market items – net, and other assets which core item is accrued interest receivables and that of the following financial liabilities: deposits, interbank and money market items, liabilities on demand, and other liabilities which core item is accrued interest payables are a reasonable approximation of fair value because they are mostly short term in nature, referent to floating interest rates index.

30 OFFSETTING OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities are as follows:

(Unit : Million Baht)

Consolidated

30 June 2025

		Gross		Amounts r	not offset in			
		amounts	Net amounts	statement of fir	nancial position			
		offset in	presented in					
		statement of	statement		Financial			
	Gross	financial	of financial	Financial	collateral	Net	Item in statement of	
	<u>amounts</u>	<u>position</u>	position	instruments	<u>received</u>	<u>amount</u>	financial position	<u>Note</u>
Financial Assets								
							Interbank and	
							money market	
Reverse repurchase							items – net	
agreements	380,193	-	380,193	-	380,193	-	(assets)	9
Derivative assets	41,253	-	41,253	13,075	16,203	11,975	Derivative assets	11
Securities borrowing	9	-	9	-	9	-	Other assets - net	-
Securities business								
receivables	1,900	<u>264</u>	1,636		<u>1,636</u>		Other assets - net	-
Total	<u>423,355</u>	<u>264</u>	423,091	<u>13,075</u>	398,041	<u>11,975</u>		
Financial Liabilities								
							Interbank and	
Repurchase							money market	
agreements	37,300	-	37,300	-	37,300	-	items (liabilities)	22
							Derivative	
Derivative liabilities	22,041	-	22,041	7,422	2,399	12,220	liabilities	11
Securities lending	268	-	268	-	231	37	Other liabilities	-
Securities business								
payables	2,171	<u>310</u>	1,861			<u>1,861</u>	Other liabilities	-
Total	61,780	<u>310</u>	61,470	<u>7,422</u>	39,930	<u>14,118</u>		

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated

31 December 2024

		Gross		Amounts r	not offset in			
		amounts	Net amounts	statement of fin	nancial position			
		offset in	presented in					
		statement of	statement		Financial			
	Gross	financial	of financial	Financial	collateral	Net	Item in statement of	
	<u>amounts</u>	position	position	instruments	received	<u>amount</u>	financial position	<u>Note</u>
Financial Assets								
							Interbank and	
							money market	
Reverse repurchase							items – net	
agreements	372,303	-	372,303	-	370,612	1,691	(assets)	9
Derivative assets	36,392	-	36,392	12,372	11,015	13,005	Derivative assets	11
Securities borrowing	100	-	100	-	52	48	Other assets - net	-
Securities business								
receivables	1,366	<u>160</u>	1,206		1,206		Other assets - net	-
Total	<u>410,161</u>	<u>160</u>	<u>410,001</u>	<u>12,372</u>	<u>382,885</u>	<u>14,744</u>		
Financial Liabilities								
							Interbank and	
Repurchase							money market	
agreements	31,260	-	31,260	-	31,260	-	items (liabilities)	22
							Derivative	
Derivative liabilities	22,873	-	22,873	12,861	2,150	7,862	liabilities	11
Securities lending	3	-	3	-	3	-	Other liabilities	-
Securities business								
payables	1,293	<u>186</u>	1,107			1,107	Other liabilities	-
Total	55,429	<u>186</u>	55,243	<u>12,861</u>	33,413	8,969		

(Unit : Million Baht)

The Bank

30 June 2025

		Gross		Amounts r	not offset in			
		amounts	Net amounts	statement of fir	nancial position			
		offset in	presented in					
		statement of	statement		Financial			
	Gross	financial	of financial	Financial	collateral	Net	Item in statement of	
	<u>amounts</u>	position	position	<u>instruments</u>	<u>received</u>	<u>amount</u>	financial position	<u>Note</u>
Financial Assets								
							Interbank and	
							money market	
Reverse repurchase							items – net	
agreements	380,193	-	380,193	-	380,193	-	(assets)	9
Derivative assets	35,297		35,297	<u>12,758</u>	10,564	<u>11,975</u>	Derivative assets	11
Total	<u>415,490</u>		<u>415,490</u>	<u>12,758</u>	<u>390,757</u>	<u>11,975</u>		
Financial Liabilities								
							Interbank and	
Repurchase							money market	
agreements	37,300	-	37,300	-	37,300	-	items (liabilities)	22
Derivative liabilities	23,387		23,387	7,781	3,393	<u>12,213</u>	Derivative liabilities	11
Total	60,687		60,687	<u>7,781</u>	40,693	<u>12,213</u>		

(Unit: Million Baht)

The Bank

31 December 2024

		Gross		Amounts n	not offset in			
		amounts	Net amounts	statement of fir	nancial position			
		offset in	presented in					
		statement of	statement		Financial			
	Gross	financial	of financial	Financial	collateral	Net	Item in statement of	
	<u>amounts</u>	position	<u>position</u>	<u>instruments</u>	<u>received</u>	<u>amount</u>	financial position	<u>Note</u>
Financial Assets								
							Interbank and	
							money market	
Reverse repurchase							items – net	
agreements	370,610	-	370,610	-	370,610	-	(assets)	9
Derivative assets	31,100		31,100	12,274	6,195	12,631	Derivative assets	11
Total	<u>401,710</u>		<u>401,710</u>	<u>12,274</u>	<u>376,805</u>	<u>12,631</u>		
Financial Liabilities								
							Interbank and	
Repurchase							money market	
agreements	31,260	-	31,260	-	31,260	-	items (liabilities)	22
Derivative liabilities	23,806		23,806	<u>12,968</u>	2,975	<u>7,863</u>	Derivative liabilities	11
Total	55,066	<u>-</u>	55,066	12,968	34,235	7,863		

31 OTHER EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

On 14 October 2020, the Bank issued subordinated financial instruments without a representative of the noteholders which intended to qualify as Additional Tier 1 capital pursuant to requirements of the Bank of Thailand and capable of loss absorption subject to the prescribed terms and conditions, in the amount of USD 500 million or Baht 15,580 Million. The expenses related to issuance of other equity instruments, net of income tax amounting to Baht 31 million, is presented as deduction from the proceeds from issuance of other equity instruments under shareholders' equity. The instruments have no fixed redemption date, provided that the Bank may redeem on the First Call Date, 14 October 2025 and every Distribution Payment Date thereafter, subject to the Bank of Thailand's approval. Distribution rate is fixed at 5.275 percent per annum, payable semi-annually, which resets every 5 years.

During the six-month period ended 30 June 2025, the Bank paid out distribution of other equity instruments net of income tax amounting to Baht 358 million, presented as distribution of other equity instruments in the statements of changes in equity.

32 LEGAL RESERVE

Section 116 of the Public Companies Act B.E. 2535 requires that the Bank shall allocate not less than 5 percent of its annual net profit, less any accumulated losses brought forward (if any), to a reserve account ("legal reserve"), until this account reaches an amount not less than 10 percent of the registered authorized capital. In addition, the Civil and Commercial Code of Thailand require that subsidiaries shall allocate not less than 5 percent of their annual net profit each time a dividend is declared, to a reserve account ("legal reserve") until the reserve reaches 10 percent of authorized share capital. The legal reserve is not available for dividend distribution.

33 DIVIDEND PAYMENTS

On 7 May 2025, the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the Bank No. 1/2025 approved to pay a special dividend from the operating results of 2024 at the rate of Baht 2.50 per share, totaling Baht 5,923 million, which was paid on 6 June 2025. The total dividend payment from the operating results of 2024 at the rate of Baht 12.00 per share, totaling Baht 28,432 million. The interim dividend was paid on 27 September 2024 and the remaining dividend, as approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders, was paid on 9 May 2025.

On 9 April 2025, the General Meeting of Shareholders of the Bank approved to pay a dividend from the operating results of 2024 at the rate of Baht 9.50 per share, totaling Baht 22,509 million. The interim dividend was paid at the rate of Baht 1.50 per share, totaling Baht 3,554 million, on 27 September 2024 and the remaining dividend was paid at the rate of Baht 8.00 per share, totaling Baht 18,955 million, on 9 May 2025.

On 11 April 2024, the General Meeting of Shareholders of the Bank approved to pay a dividend from the operating results of 2023 at the rate of Baht 6.50 per share, totaling Baht 15,401 million. The interim dividend was paid at the rate of Baht 0.50 per share, totaling Baht 1,185 million, on 29 September 2023 and the remaining dividend was paid at the rate of Baht 6.00 per share, totaling Baht 14,216 million, on 10 May 2024.

34 ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL AND UNDER RESTRICTION

The Bank and its subsidiaries has pledged deposits, government securities and foreign debt instruments as collateral for repurchase agreements, collateral for government agencies and pledged with the registrar as life assurance policy reserve. The carrying amount of the consolidated financial statements as of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024 amounting to Baht 252,226 million and Baht 196,102 million, respectively. The carrying amount of the financial statements of the Bank as of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024 amounting to Baht 36,775 million and Baht 28,394 million, respectively.

35 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

Contingent liabilities and commitments consisted of:

(Unit: Million Baht)

<u>Consolidated</u>		<u>The</u>	<u>e Bank</u>	
30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	
<u>2025</u>	2024	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	
909	1,905	909	1,905	
11,920	14,823	14,805	17,472	
70,559	45,096	70,559	45,096	
30,827	28,914	30,724	28,562	
258,511	260,040	259,815	261,444	
388,067	389,908	382,858	384,205	
57,345	68,359	<u>56,605</u>	69,591	
<u>818,138</u>	809,045	816,275	808,275	
	30 June 2025 909 11,920 70,559 30,827 258,511 388,067 _57,345	30 June 31 December 2025 2024 909 1,905 11,920 14,823 70,559 45,096 30,827 28,914 258,511 260,040 388,067 389,908 57,345 68,359	30 June 31 December 30 June 2025 2024 2025 909 1,905 909 11,920 14,823 14,805 70,559 45,096 70,559 30,827 28,914 30,724 258,511 260,040 259,815 388,067 389,908 382,858 57,345 68,359 56,605	

^{*}Including items contracted but not provided.

Under normal business operations, the Bank is a defendant in various litigations. These include cases of wrongful acts brought against the Bank, with total claims amounting to Baht 3,794 million and Baht 3,801 million as of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, respectively. The Management believes that any liability resulting from these litigations will not be material to the Bank's financial position or the results of its operations.

36 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Relationships between the Bank and related persons or entities consisted of subsidiaries, associated companies, joint ventures, key management personnel⁽¹⁾, any parties related to key management personnel and the entities of which key management personnel and any parties related have control and significant influence.

Transactions occurring between the Bank and related persons or entities are fairly charged at market price as normal business or the price as stipulated in the agreement.

Related party transactions and balances are as follows:

36.1 Assets, liabilities and contingencies between the Bank and related persons or entities as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Cons	solidated	The Bank		
	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December	
	<u>2025</u>	2024	2025	<u>2024</u>	
Interbank and Money Market Items (Assets)					
Subsidiaries	-	-	39,774	47,071	
Loans (Including financial institutions)					
Subsidiaries					
- KASIKORN LEASING CO., LTD.	-	-	108,588	111,583	
- Others	-	-	33,514	41,307	
Associated companies and joint ventures	20,111	17,766	20,111	17,766	
Related persons and other related entities	34,699	27,374	34,694	27,368	
Other Assets					
Subsidiaries	-	-	10,362	2,963	
Associated companies and joint ventures	2,432	128	2,432	128	
Related persons and other related entities	5	4	5	4	
Interbank and Money Market Items (Liabilities)					
Subsidiaries	-	-	545	557	
Deposits (Including financial institutions)					
Subsidiaries	-	-	27,985	26,894	
Associated companies and joint ventures	2,984	3,595	2,984	3,595	
Related persons and other related entities	57,070	51,351	56,987	51,270	

⁽¹⁾ Key management means director, management who holds the title of at least First Senior Vice President including Department Head-Financial Accounting Management Department and Department Head-Financial Planning Department.

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Cons	<u>olidated</u>	The	e Bank
	30 June	31 December	30 June	31 December
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	2025	2024
Other Liabilities				
Subsidiaries	-	-	17,014	10,334
Associated companies and joint ventures	114	134	114	134
Related persons and other related entities	37	43	37	43
Contingencies				
Subsidiaries	-	-	5,835	6,782
Associated companies and joint ventures	1,673	1,787	1,673	1,787
Related persons and other related entities	20,027	19,871	20,027	19,871
Derivatives (notional amount)				
Subsidiaries	-	-	22,447	19,256
Other related entities	9,605	9,470	9,605	9,470

Certain subsidiaries and associated companies have entered into 1-3 years building lease and service agreements with the Bank. As of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, the remaining tenures amounting to Baht 168 million and Baht 209 million, respectively.

The Bank has entered into a 1 year Information Technology service agreement with Kasikorn Business-Technology Group and BEACON INTERFACE COMPANY LIMITED. As of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, the Bank has commitment to pay total service fees amounting to Baht 1,314 million and Baht 2,367 million, respectively.

The Bank has entered into the 10-year term Bancassurance Agreement with Muang Thai Life Assurance PCL ("MTL"), which come into effect from January 1, 2022. The Bank derive the Exclusivity fee of Baht 12,700 million for distribution of life insurance products of MTL in an exclusive manner via distribution channels of the Bank and its subsidiaries and also derive other performance bonus as stipulated in the agreement. As of 30 June 2025, the Bank has deferred income from Bancassurance Agreement amounting to Baht 8,255 million.

The Bank has entered into 1-9 years service agreements with associated company and other related entities. As of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, the Bank has commitment to pay total service fees amounting to Baht 782 million and Baht 870 million, respectively.

36.2 Revenue and expenses between the Bank and related persons or entities is summarized as follows:

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	<u>Consolidated</u>		The Bank	
	For the Six-m	onth Period	For the Six-m	nonth Period
	Ended 3	<u> 10 June</u>	Ended 3	30 June
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Interest income				
Subsidiaries	-	-	2,927	3,315
Associated companies and joint ventures	491	446	491	446
Related persons and other related entities	510	549	510	549
Other income				
Subsidiaries	-	-	8,142	7,783
Associated companies and joint ventures	411	583	411	583
Interest expenses				
Subsidiaries	-	-	113	164
Associated companies and joint ventures	3	10	3	10
Related persons and other related entities	387	424	387	424
Other expenses				
Subsidiaries	-	-	4,938	4,982
Associated companies and joint ventures	554	631	554	631
Other related entities	640	502	640	502

36.3 Key management personnel⁽¹⁾ compensation

(Unit : Million Baht)

	Conso	<u>lidated</u>	The Bank		
	For the Three	-month Period	For the Three	-month Period	
	Ended	30 June	Ended	30 June	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	
Short-term employee benefits	906	798	487	401	
Post-employment benefits	42	38	32	28	
Other benefits	<u>15</u>		<u> 15</u>		
Total	<u>963</u>	<u>836</u>	<u>534</u>	<u>429</u>	

(Unit : Million Baht)

	Consc	<u>olidated</u>	The Bank		
	For the Six-	month Period	For the Six-r	month Period	
	<u>Ended</u>	30 June	<u>Ended</u>	30 June	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	2024	
Short-term employee benefits	2,033	1,846	1,060	967	
Post-employment benefits	84	84	63	58	
Other benefits	29		29		
Total	<u>2,146</u>	<u>1,930</u>	<u>1,152</u>	<u>1,025</u>	

⁽¹⁾ Key management means director, management who holds the title of at least First Senior Vice President including Department Head-Financial Accounting Management Department and Department Head-Financial Planning Department.

37 BENEFITS OF DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

The Bank and its subsidiaries have not paid other benefits to directors and executives except for the benefits that are normally paid such as directors' fee, directors' bonus, executives' salary and bonus.

38 AGREEMENTS

38.1 Lease agreements

The Bank and its subsidiaries have entered into building lease agreements for offices and branches and vehicle lease agreements. There were expenses and total cash outflow relating to leases for the period/year which are summarized as follows:

(Unit : Million Baht)

	Cons	<u>olidated</u>	The Bank		
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024	30 June 2025	31 December 2024	
Interest expense on lease liabilities	55	79	50	70	
Expenses relating to short-term leases					
and low-value assets	324	712	257	590	
Total cash outflow for leases	998	1,886	833	1,641	

38.2 Service Agreement

The Bank and its subsidiaries entered into an Information Technology Service, under which the service agreement will be provided until 31 December 2030, The Bank and its subsidiaries were committed to pay total service fees, which are summarized as follows:

(Unit : Million Baht)

	<u>Cons</u>	<u>olidated</u>	The Bank		
	30 June 2025 31 December 202		30 June 2025	31 December 2024	
Contracted but not provided for	700	870	1,732	2,988	

KASIKORNBANK PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

AND FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025 (UNAUDITED)

39 SEGMENT INFORMATION

39.1 Information about reportable segments

The Bank and its subsidiaries has identified 4 main business groups for management reporting purposes. The business groups offer different customers, different products and services, and the groups' performance is measured based on segment operating profit before expected credit loss and income tax expense.

Corporate Business

The Bank and its subsidiaries's Corporate Business Customers include registered companies and certain private individual business customers, government agencies, state enterprises, and financial institutions etc. The Bank and its subsidiaries provide a variety of financial products and services to these customers such as Long Term Loans, Working Capital, Letter of Indemnity, Trade Finance Solutions, Syndicated Loans, Cash Management Solutions, and Value Chain Solutions.

Retail Business

The Bank and its subsidiaries's Retail Business comprises individual customers who use the Bank and its subsidiaries's products and services such as Deposit Account, Debit Card, Credit Card, Personal Loan, Housing Loan, Investment Product and Financial Advisory Services, and Transactional Banking Services.

Treasury and Capital Markets Business and World Business Group

The Treasury and Capital Markets Business and World Business Group comprises the Bank and its subsidiaries's treasury and capital markets business with activities mainly including funding, centralized risk management, investing in liquid assets, financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss, investment measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and foreign currency exchange services. It also supervises the Bank and its subsidiaries' financial business in overseas countries.

Muang Thai Group Holding Business

Muang Thai Group Holding Business includes a group of companies that operates insurance and brokerage businesses.

Others represent other items which are not directly attributable to the main business groups.

Interest income - net

Non-interest income

Expected credit loss

expense

Total operating income - net

Total other operating expenses

Operating profit before income tax

Operating profit before expected credit loss and income tax expense

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated

For the Three-Month Period Ended 30 June 2025

Treasury

and Capital Muang Markets Business Thai Group Corporate Retail and World Holding Business Business Group **Business Others** Elimination <u>Total</u> 13,905 11,713 4,953 4,443 (293)(66)34,655 6,227 6,191 <u>1,305</u> 6,322 (6,101) 13,944 ___ 20,132 17,904 4,953 5,748 (6,167)48,599 6,029 7,651 8,840 <u>1,711</u> 950 4,372 (2,721)20,803 12,481 9,064 3,242 4,798 1,657 (3,446)27,796

(Unit: Million Baht)

10,050

17,746

Consolidated

For the Three-Month Period Ended 30 June 2024

(Restated)

Treasury

and Capital Muang

Markets Business Thai Group

	Corporate	Retail	and World	Holding			
	<u>Business</u>	Business	Business Group	<u>Business</u>	<u>Others</u>	Elimination	<u>Total</u>
Interest income - net	15,837	11,365	5,866	4,252	(146)	(46)	37,128
Non-interest income	6,209	6,076	<u> 782</u>	231	<u>5,619</u>	(5,557)	<u>13,360</u>
Total operating income - net	22,046	17,441	6,648	4,483	5,473	(5,603)	50,488
Total other operating expenses	8,212	8,451	<u>2,103</u>	862	4,235	(2,704)	21,159
Operating profit before expected credit							
loss and income tax expense	13,834	8,990	4,545	3,621	1,238	(2,899)	29,329
Expected credit loss							<u>11,672</u>
Operating profit before income tax							
expense							<u>17,657</u>

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated

For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2025

Treasury

and Capital Muang

	Markets Business Thai Group						
	Corporate	Retail	and World	Holding			
	<u>Business</u>	<u>Business</u>	Business Group	<u>Business</u>	<u>Others</u>	Elimination	<u>Total</u>
Interest income - net	28,173	22,733	10,745	8,888	(336)	(123)	70,080
Non-interest income	12,747	12,290	1,042	_720	<u>10,477</u>	(9,654)	27,622
Total operating income - net	40,920	35,023	11,787	9,608	10,141	(9,777)	97,702
Total other operating expenses	<u>14,825</u>	<u>17,500</u>	3,391	<u>1,813</u>	8,701	(5,375)	<u>40,855</u>
Operating profit before expected credit							
loss and income tax expense	26,095	17,523	8,396	7,795	1,440	(4,402)	56,847
Expected credit loss							<u>19,868</u>
Operating profit before income tax							
expense							<u>36,979</u>

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated

For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2024

(Restated)

Treasury

and Capital Muang

Markets Business Thai Group

	Corporate	Retail	and World	Holding			
	Business	Business	Business Group	<u>Business</u>	<u>Others</u>	Elimination	<u>Total</u>
Interest income - net	31,869	23,182	12,337	8,870	(871)	(73)	75,314
Non-interest income	12,252	<u>12,153</u>	_1,034	(1,321)	<u>10,374</u>	<u>(9,279)</u>	25,213
Total operating income - net	44,121	35,335	13,371	7,549	9,503	(9,352)	100,527
Total other operating expenses	<u>16,109</u>	<u>17,233</u>	4,117	1,737	7,152	(5,138)	41,210
Operating profit before expected credit							
loss and income tax expense	28,012	18,102	9,254	5,812	2,351	(4,214)	59,317
Expected credit loss							23,357
Operating profit before income tax							
expense							35,960

(Unit: Million Baht)

Conso	lida	itec

30 June 2025

			Treasury and					
			Capital Markets	Muang Thai				
			Business and	Group				
	Corporate	Retail	World	Holding				
	<u>Business</u>	<u>Business</u>	Business Group	<u>Business</u>	<u>Others</u>	Elimination	<u>Total</u>	
Reportable segment - Loans ⁽¹⁾	1,631,996	694,069	89,519	3,233	157,032	(141,867)	2,433,982	
Unallocated assets							<u>1,940,826</u>	
Total assets							<u>4,374,808</u>	
Deposits and bills of exchange ⁽²⁾	993,734	1,684,666	62,847	-	-	(21,392)	2,719,855	

(Unit : Million Baht)

Consolidated

31 December 2024

(Restated)

Treasury and

			Capital Markets	Muang Thai			
			Business and	Group			
	Corporate	Retail	World	Holding			
	<u>Business</u>	<u>Business</u>	Business Group	<u>Business</u>	<u>Others</u>	Elimination	<u>Total</u>
Reportable segment - Loans ⁽¹⁾	1,668,973	687,520	101,785	3,634	174,714	(152,931)	2,483,695
Unallocated assets							<u>1,857,259</u>
Total assets							4,340,954
Deposits and bills of exchange ⁽²⁾	984,486	1,687,278	68,881	-	-	(21,970)	2,718,675

⁽¹⁾ Loans = Loans to customers

⁽²⁾ Excluding bills of exchange with embedded derivative

39.2 Information about geographical areas

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated

For the Three-N	Month Period Ende	ed 30 June 2025
<u>Domestic</u>	<u>Overseas</u>	<u>Total</u>
47 242	1 358	48 600

	·		
Total operating income - net	47,242	1,358	48,600
Total other operating expenses	19,724	1,080	20,804
Operating profit before income tax expense	17,410	336	17,746
Income tax expense	3,486	(4)	3,482

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated

For the Three-Month Period Ended 30 June 2024

(Restated)

	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>Overseas</u>	<u>Total</u>
Total operating income - net	48,560	1,928	50,488
Total other operating expenses	19,878	1,281	21,159
Operating profit before income tax expense	17,130	527	17,657
Income tax expense	3,372	5	3,377

(Unit : Million Baht)

Consolidated

For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2025

	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>Overseas</u>	<u>Total</u>
Total operating income - net	94,800	2,902	97,702
Total other operating expenses	38,659	2,196	40,855
Operating profit before income tax expense	36,251	728	36,979
Income tax expense	7,387	72	7,459

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated

For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2024

	(Restated)		
	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>Overseas</u>	<u>Total</u>
Total operating income - net	96,763	3,764	100,527
Total other operating expenses	38,647	2,563	41,210
Operating profit before income tax expense	35,113	847	35,960
Income tax expense	6,885	29	6,914

(Unit : Million Baht)

Consolidated

30 June 2025

	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>Overseas</u>	<u>Total</u>
Non - current assets ⁽¹⁾	150,233	6,934	157,167

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated

31 December 2024

	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>Overseas</u>	<u>Total</u>
Non - current assets ⁽¹⁾	146,002	6,829	152,831

⁽¹⁾ Non - current assets include investments in associates and joint ventures - net, properties foreclosed – net, premises and equipment – net, goodwill and other intangible assets – net, leasehold – net and investment property.

40 INTEREST INCOME

Interest income consisted of:

(Unit	:	Million	Baht)
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	Conso	<u>olidated</u>	<u>The</u>	<u>Bank</u>
	For the Three	e-Month Period	For the Three-Month Perio	
	<u>Ended</u>	30 June	Ended	30 June
	2025	2024	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
		(Restated)		
Interbank and money market items	2,980	3,232	3,336	3,773
Investments and trading transactions	477	157	473	99
Investments in debt securities	7,813	6,944	3,004	2,339
Loans to customers	30,662	35,136	30,033	33,810
Hire purchase and financial lease	2,006	1,957		
Total	<u>43,938</u>	<u>47,426</u>	<u>36,846</u>	<u>40,021</u>

(Unit : Million Baht)

	Consc	<u>olidated</u>	<u>The</u>	Bank
	For the Six-I	Month Period	For the Six-	Month Period
	Ended	30 June	<u>Ended</u>	30 June
	2025	2024	<u>2025</u>	2024
		(Restated)		
Interbank and money market items	6,244	6,618	6,980	7,656
Investments and trading transactions	1,077	320	1,063	210
Investments in debt securities	15,369	14,076	5,739	4,488
Loans to customers	62,163	70,770	60,741	68,055
Hire purchase and financial lease	4,047	3,941		
Total	<u>88,900</u>	<u>95,725</u>	<u>74,523</u>	80,409

41 INTEREST EXPENSES

Interest expenses consisted of:

			(Un	it : Million Baht)
	Conso	<u>lidated</u>	The E	<u>Bank</u>
	For the Three	-Month Period	For the Three-	Month Period
	Ended	30 June	Ended 3	<u> 0 June</u>
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Deposits	4,179	4,658	3,757	4,235
Interbank and money market items	963	1,232	881	1,056
Contributions to Financial Institutions Development				
Fund and Deposit Protection Agency	3,112	3,115	3,091	3,088
Debts issued				
- Subordinated debentures	400	421	399	428
- Others	601	839	500	721
Borrowings	13	11	-	1
Others	<u> 15</u>	22		
Total	9,283	<u>10,298</u>	<u>8,628</u>	<u>9,529</u>
			(Un	it : Million Baht)

Consolidated The Bank For the Six-Month Period For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June Ended 30 June 2025 2024 2025 2024 Deposits 8,593 9,220 7,706 8,373 Interbank and money market items 1,915 2,462 1,726 2,098 Contributions to Financial Institutions Development Fund and Deposit Protection Agency 6,204 6,214 6,160 6,161 Debts issued - Subordinated debentures 817 838 817 853 - Others 1,620 1,016 1,226 1,379 Borrowings 12 2 33 Others 32 45 Total 18,820 20,411 17,425 18,866

42 FEES AND SERVICE INCOME - NET

Fees and service income

Fees and service expenses

Fees and service income - net

Others

Fees and service income - net consisted of:

Acceptances, aval and guarantees

Total Fees and service income

Card Business & Electronic

		,	
<u>Consolidated</u>		The I	Bank
For the Three	e-Month Period	For the Three-	-Month Period
Ended	30 June	Ended :	30 June
<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
	(Restated)		
902	1,054	895	1,040
6,106	5,647	6,105	5,640
6,072	5,942	4,961	5,072
13,080	12,643	11,961	11,752

4,729

7,232

4,527

8,116

(Unit: Million Baht)

4,288

<u>7,464</u>

(Unit: Million Baht)

			(Onit: Willion Barre)			
	<u>Consolidated</u>		The Bank			
	For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June 2025 2024		For the Six-	Month Period		
			Ended	30 June		
			<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>		
		(Restated)				
Fees and service income						
Acceptances, aval and guarantees	1,966	2,121	1,954	2,099		
Card Business & Electronic	12,453	11,509	12,452	11,498		
Others	<u>12,160</u>	<u>11,968</u>	<u>10,071</u>	<u>10,025</u>		
Total Fees and service income	26,579	25,598	24,477	23,622		
Fees and service expenses	9,930	9,142	9,691	8,647		
Fees and service income - net	<u>16,649</u>	<u>16,456</u>	<u>14,786</u>	<u>14,975</u>		

4,864

8,216

43 GAIN ON FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

Gain on financial instrument measured at fair value through profit or loss consisted of:

		0 1			
				(Unit	: Million Baht)
		Conso	<u>lidated</u>	The E	<u>Bank</u>
		For the Three-	-Month Period	For the Three-Month Period	
		Ended 30 June		Ended 3	<u>80 June</u>
		<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
			(Restated)		
1	. Gain (loss) on trading and foreign exchange				
	transactions				
	- Foreign currencies and foreign currency				
	related derivatives	2,861	3,409	3,273	2,915
	- Interest rate related derivatives	(323)	562	(323)	562
	- Debt instruments	173	(99)	165	(107)
	- Equity instruments	(172)	(264)	1	-
	- Financial liabilities	1	1	-	-
	- Loans	(80)	-	(80)	-
	- Others	134	230	<u>(45)</u>	23
	Total	2,594	3,839	2,991	3,393
2.	Gain (loss) on financial instrument designated				
	at fair value through profit or loss				
	2.1 Change in fair value - net				
	- Investment (Debt instrument only)	10	(66)	-	-
	- Others	(10)	<u>66</u>		
	Total				
	2.2 Gain on derecognition and interest income				
	and interest expense which is not				
	included in 2.1	2	5		
	Total	2	5		
3.	Gain (loss) from hedge accounting	468	(138)	43	(161)
4.	Others	510	(515)	(64)	(421)
	-	0.574	0.404	0.070	0.044

<u>3,574</u>

3,191

2,970

2,811

Total

(Unit: Million Baht) Consolidated The Bank For the Six-Month Period For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June Ended 30 June 2025 2024 2025 <u>2024</u> (Restated) 1. Gain (loss) on trading and foreign exchange transactions - Foreign currencies and foreign currency related derivatives 7,956 6,967 5,208 8,150 - Interest rate related derivatives (559)551 (559)551 376 - Debt instruments 385 (21)(8)- Equity instruments (443)(482)- Financial liabilities 2 2 - Loans (92)(92)- Others 20 487 482 (36)Total 7,736 8,695 6,657 5,758 2. Gain (loss) on financial instrument designated at fair value through profit or loss 2.1 Change in fair value - net - Investment (Debt instrument only) 2 (68)- Others (2) 68 Total 2.2 Gain on derecognition and interest income and interest expense which is not included in 2.1 3 ____9 Total 3 9 3. Gain (loss) from hedge accounting (620)(1,911)(399)37 4. Others 605 (206)(564)(390)Total 6,052 <u>5,231</u> 7,724 6,403

44 GAIN (LOSS) ON INVESTMENTS

Total gain (loss) on investments

Gain (loss) on investments presented in the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income consisted of:

(Unit : Million Baht)

			(0)	ilit . Million bant)	
	<u>Consolidated</u>		The Bank		
	For the Three-Month Period		For the Three-	-Month Period	
	Ended 30 June		Ended 3	30 June	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	
Gain (loss) from derecognition					
Investments in debt instruments at fair					
value through other comprehensive					
income	_319	<u>(12)</u>	294	(15)	
Total gain (loss) on investments	<u>319</u>	<u>(12)</u>	<u>294</u>	<u>(15)</u>	
			(U	nit : Million Baht)	
	Consc	<u>olidated</u>	The I	<u>Bank</u>	
	For the Six-Month Period For the Six-Month		-Month Period		
	<u>Ended</u>	30 June	Ended 3	30 June	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	
Gain (loss) from derecognition					
Investments in debt instruments at fair					
value through other comprehensive					
income	530	(70)	500	(80)	
Investments in subsidiaries and					
associated company			13		
	500	(70)	F.10	(0.0)	

_530

_(70)

<u>513</u>

_(80)

45 INSURANCE SERVICE RESULT

Insurance service result consisted of:

(Unit : Million Baht)

Consolidated

	For the Three-Month	For the Three-Month
	Period Ended 30 June 2025	Period Ended 30 June 2024
Insurance revenue	8,172	7,316
Insurance service expenses	<u>(4,205)</u>	(3,522)
Total	_3,967	3,794

(Unit : Million Baht)

Consolidated

	For the Six-Month	For the Six-Month
	Period Ended 30 June 2025	Period Ended 30 June 2024
Insurance revenue	16,525	14,656
Insurance service expenses	(9,441)	(8,249)
Total	<u>7,084</u>	6,407

46 EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS

Expected credit loss consisted of:

			(Un	nit : Million Baht)	
	<u>Consoli</u>	<u>idated</u>	The B		
	For the Three-		For the Three-Month Period		
	Ended 30 June		Ended 30 June		
	<u>2025</u> <u>2024</u>		<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	
		(Restated)			
Interbank and money market items	(10)	7	(71)	(25)	
Investments	(377)	(25)	(376)	(34)	
Loans to customers and accrued interest					
receivables	10,443	11,329	10,063	10,889	
Loan commitments and financial guarantees	306	124	328	66	
Others	(312)	237	<u>(313)</u>	237	
Total	<u>10,050</u>	<u>11,672</u>	<u>9,631</u>	<u>11,133</u>	
			(Un	nit : Million Baht)	
	<u>Consoli</u>	datad	The B	lank	
	CONSON	<u>idated</u>	1110 B	<u>barik</u>	
	For the Six-M		For the Six-M		
		Ionth Period		onth Period	
	For the Six-M	Ionth Period	For the Six-M	onth Period	
	For the Six-M Ended 3	Ionth Period 3 <u>0 June</u>	For the Six-M Ended 3	onth Period <u>0 June</u>	
Interbank and money market items	For the Six-M Ended 3	lonth Period 30 June 2024	For the Six-M Ended 3	onth Period <u>0 June</u>	
Interbank and money market items Investments	For the Six-M Ended 3 2025	lonth Period 30 June 2024 (Restated)	For the Six-M Ended 3 2025	onth Period <u>0 June</u> <u>2024</u>	
•	For the Six-M Ended 3 2025	lonth Period 30 June 2024 (Restated) (5)	For the Six-M <u>Ended 3</u> <u>2025</u> (19)	onth Period <u>0 June</u> <u>2024</u> 27	
Investments	For the Six-M Ended 3 2025	lonth Period 30 June 2024 (Restated) (5)	For the Six-M <u>Ended 3</u> <u>2025</u> (19)	onth Period <u>0 June</u> <u>2024</u> 27	
Investments Loans to customers and accrued interest	For the Six-M <u>Ended 3</u> 2025 37 (424)	lonth Period 30 June 2024 (Restated) (5) (132)	For the Six-M <u>Ended 3</u> 2025 (19) (395)	onth Period <u>0 June</u> <u>2024</u> 27 (133)	
Investments Loans to customers and accrued interest receivables	For the Six-M Ended 3 2025 37 (424) 20,192	2024 (Restated) (5) (132)	For the Six-M Ended 3 2025 (19) (395)	onth Period <u>0 June</u> <u>2024</u> 27 (133) 21,148	

47 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

47.1 Income tax recognized in profit or loss consisted of:

(Unit	:	Million	Baht)

	<u>Consolidated</u>		The Bank			
	For the Three	For the Three-Month Period		Month Period		
	Ended	Ended 30 June		<u> 30 June</u>		
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2025</u> <u>2024</u>		<u>025</u> <u>2024</u> <u>2025</u>		<u>2024</u>
		(Restated)				
Current period	3,695	3,442	2,754	3,138		
Movements in temporary differences	<u>(213)</u>	<u>(65)</u>	<u>(283)</u>	<u>(594)</u>		
Total income tax expense	<u>3,482</u>	<u>3,377</u>	<u>2,471</u>	<u>2,544</u>		
			(Uni	t : Million Baht)		
	Conso	lidatod	Tho F	Rank		

	Conso	<u>lidated</u>	The Bank		
	For the Six-N	Month Period	For the Six-Month Period		
	Ended :	30 June	Ended 30 June		
	<u>2025</u> <u>2024</u>		<u>2025</u>	2024	
		(Restated)			
Current period	7,117	5,813	5,201	5,278	
Movements in temporary differences	<u>342</u>	<u>1,101</u>	_220	<u>45</u>	
Total income tax expense	<u>7,459</u>	<u>6,914</u>	<u>5,421</u>	<u>5,323</u>	

47.2 Income tax recognized in other comprehensive income for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 and 2024 consisted of:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Consolidated		The B	<u>ank</u>		
	<u>2025</u> <u>2024</u>		<u>2025</u>	2024		
	(Restated)					
Income taxes relating to components of other						
comprehensive income						
Movements in temporary differences	(1,726)	(267)	(1,226)	(203)		
Other movements which recognized in other						
comprehensive income	127	<u>(259)</u>	127	<u>(259)</u>		
Total	<u>(1,599)</u>	<u>(526)</u>	<u>(1,099)</u>	<u>(462)</u>		

47.3 Reconciliation of effective tax rates consisted of:

(Unit: Million Baht)

2024

Consolidated

For the Three-Month Period Ended 30 June

2025

(Restated) Rate (%) Rate (%) <u>Amount</u> <u>Amount</u> Operating profit before income tax expense 17,657 <u>17,746</u> Income tax using the expected average tax rate* 20.00 3,549 20.01 3,533 Tax effect of income and expenses that are not taxable income or not deductible in determining taxable profit, net (67) (156)19.62 Total _3,482 19.13 _3,377

(Unit: Million Baht)

The Bank

For the Three-Month Period Ended 30 June

	<u>2025</u>		<u>20</u>	24
	Rate (%)	<u>Amount</u>	Rate (%)	<u>Amount</u>
Operating profit before income tax expense		<u>14,982</u>		<u>15,417</u>
Income tax using the expected tax rate	20.00	2,996	20.00	3,083
Tax effect of income and expenses that are not taxable				
income or not deductible in determining taxable profit, net		(525)		(539)
Total	16.49	<u>2,471</u>	16.50	2,544

^{*} Expected average tax rate corresponds to the weighted average tax rates by operating profit before income tax expense in those countries where the Bank operates.

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated

For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June

<u>2025</u> <u>2024</u>

(Restated)

	<u>Rate (%)</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Rate (%)</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Operating profit before income tax expense		<u>36,979</u>		<u>35,960</u>
Income tax using the expected average tax rate*	20.02	7,403	20.01	7,196
Tax effect of income and expenses that are not taxable				
income or not deductible in determining taxable profit, net		56		(282)
Total	20.17	<u>7,459</u>	19.23	6,914

(Unit: Million Baht)

The Bank

For the Six-Month Period Ended 30 June

	<u>2025</u>		<u>2024</u>	
	Rate (%)	<u>Amount</u>	Rate (%)	<u>Amount</u>
Operating profit before income tax expense		30,777		30,749
Income tax using the expected tax rate	20.00	6,155	20.00	6,150
Tax effect of income and expenses that are not taxable				
income or not deductible in determining taxable profit, net		(734)		(827)
Total	17.61	<u>5,421</u>	17.31	_5,323

^{*} Expected average tax rate corresponds to the weighted average tax rates by operating profit before income tax expense in those countries where the Bank operates.

48 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

In August 2025, KASIKORN VISION ANALYTICS CO., LTD., in which the Bank indirectly hold 100% shares through KASIKORN VISION CO., LTD. has already registered the dissolution. The dissolution of the company doesn't have any impact on the Bank operations and financial position.

On 28 August 2025, the Board of Directors Meeting of the Bank approved to pay an interim dividend from the first six-month operating results of 2025 at the rate of Baht 2.00 per share, totaling Baht 4,739 million, which will be paid on 26 September 2025.